HISTORY

OF

Jack Connor,

Now Conyers.

VOLUME II.

But not to treat my Subject as in Jest,

(Yet may not Truth in laughing Guise be drest?

As Masters fondly sooth the Boys to read,

With Cakes and Sweetmeats) let us now proceed

With graver Air, our serious Theme pursue,

And yet preserve our Moral full in View.

FRANCIS'S HORACE.

DUBLIN:

Printed for ABRAHAM BRADLEY, at the Two Bibles, Dome-freet. M,D,CCLII.



H

fac

He p

w fur ood P faid his W ithou fornitately HIS ere i ar punt ords ffent ind. lices bund within

THE

HISTORY

OF

Jack Connor, now Conyers.

CHAP. I.

He parted frowning from me, as if Ruin

SHAKESPEARE.

when Mr. Song froid enter'd, and with Pleafure told Conyers, he had provided him a
mod Place.— 'My Lord Bishop of ————,
said he, wants just such an one as you to transcribe
his Works, and keep some Accounts.'—Conyers,
ithout Hesitation, accepted the Offer, and next
sorning was presented to the Bishop, and immeately enter'd on his Office.

His Lordship was a great Writer; but his Works ere intended for the Use of Posterity, having nemphissish'd but a Thanksgiving Sermon, and one is the 30th of January by Order of the House of ords. His Tracts were very voluminous, but all sential, and of the utmost Consequence to Mandel His Treatise on the Use and Abuse of Surices and Lawn Sleeves was filled with the propundest Erudition.——His Discourse on Pews, which so, and Mats, in Churches, was extreamly well

well handled; but the Postscript on the Crime of fleeping in those Places, was so artfully worded that you selt an Example in yourself. —— His Letter to the Inhabitants of the Parish of—clearly demonstrated the Absurdity of a Steeple with out Bells.—His Apology and Vindication of Murder Adultery, and Fornication, proving, mathematically that the Nature and Name of these Crimes were entirely chang'd by Circumstance, Time, and Place was a most learned and elaborate Performance but his favourite Work was his History and Doctrine of Tythes which he demonstrated to be an Essential of True Religion.

Hrs Lordship, at different Times, was so good as fully to explain these Subjects to Conyers, who in three Months had transcrib'd the Treatise of Surplices, and had just began the last mention'd Work. He had full Employment, but was no extreamly pleas'd with the Nature of it, for his Taste was so vitiated, that he found no Charme

in what he did not understand.

The Bishop kept a plentiful Table, where his Clergy were welcome, except the poorer Sort, to whom he made ample Amends for the Distinction by small Presents and large Promises. He was a Man of Virtue, and religiously kept his Word when his Memory, which was none of the best sail'd him not. So weak was he in that Quarter that he remember'd and forgot his Promise to a poor Curate ten different Times, and as often was an gry with himself. On these Occasions he used to say, Well, God help me! I find I am grown old my Faculties can't last for ever; — The Lordgave and the Lord taketh away. — Sometimes is deed his Memory was very sharp, for if one, of ten of his Clergy, were sick, he never fail'd a daily Euquiry after their Health; and when any died, he never

f. Jac He liv Prosp

ever

ear (

He di

s Gillermir dependend m

emen Servi

nd le Accor

Thu 7 Whi

Yet, K And

H

Mr ound r areful rs and o atte

faid I my T and

unco

pplaud Lord p JACK CONNOR, now CONYERS. 209

rime o

rorded

- Hi

e with Iurder

aticall

Wer

Place

ance

1 Doc

an E/

900g

, who

ife or

tion'd

or his

harms

re his

nction

was a

N ord

e belt

a pool

as an

fed to

old

gave

es in

e, 0

daily

ed, he

nevel

JACK did not much approve of his Situation. He liv'd well, but he plainly saw he had no great prospect of a future Fortune, and look'd on himself a Gil Blas when with the Archbishop, which demin'd him to be soon convinc'd of what he had to be seen on. He had thoughts of Writing a modest and moving Letter to his Lordship; but then he member'd, That a Verse may catch him, who seemon flies; so resolv'd to write a Stanza or two, and leave it on my Lord's Desk next Morning. Accordingly he sat down and wrote,

The' ev'ry Virtue fills my Heart,
The' Modesty o're-spreads my Face,
What are their Worth, except some Art
Can raise these Virtues into Place?

Net, tho' I can't myself commend,
Kind Fate may still relieve my Want,
And, as dull Sermons always End,
Heaven of it's gracious Mercy grant!

Mr Lord mounted to his Study as usual, and bund the Scroll, which he carefully read, and as arefully put into his Pocket——Family Prayrs and Breakfast being ended, Jack was ordered attend him.— 'Good-morrow Mr. Conyers, said his Lordship, I am extreamly concern'd that my Understanding did not discover your Worth and Genius before this Morning. They are so uncommon, they ought to be rewarded.'— Jack pplauded himself for his lucky Thought, but my ord proceeded—'I have a Paper in my Hand,

JA

pray

Tohi

Con

Lor

Lew

give

vinc

ing:

him

Wo

mpte

e Ro

bun

d foo

tory.

'T

Con

have

vou '

Feter

Mem

may

worth

be no

Peter

the A

Confte

on which you will permit my making a few Re marks. I believe it is intended for Poetry which at the best, is an idle unprofitable Study I shall not speak of the Rhyme, but of the Sub ' ject .- Your first Line is false, for as you was Prudence, you cannot have every Virtue.-Your second is not Fact, for I never saw you Blush in my Life. Oh-I ask your Pardon you blush now indeed .- As to the Worth vour Virtues and Modesty, I am afraid you wi find it of little or no Value, and your Art m be extraordinary if you think to impose on me. But it feems you want a Place .- I shall foon pu vou into the High-road to preferment,--You Second Stanza is most admirable. -- You can · Praise yourself, poor Gentleman! altho' you to ' us of your Virtue and Modesty .- This indeed the Height of Modesty !-- Then like a true He then, you believe in Fate. -- If so pray Mr. 3d take care of your Fate. - Here you complain bit terly of Want. Can any Man be faid to was who has three good Meals a Day ?-- Now come the best of all .-- You are one of those fine Gen tlemen who can't play the Fool but they mu bring in the Church. You abuse Sermons .-Who make Sermons but the Clergy?--and the ' Clergy make the Church. These Matters, M " John, ought to be held in Reverence by all Med " much more by fuch as you.'-- ' I most humb beseech your Lordship, said Jack, to-........................ 'Pr Sir spare me, faid my Lord, for I have but aft Words more to fay .-- You were fo good as give me a Bit of Petry, and in Return, perm me to give you a Bit of Profe. -- He then m his Bell, and giving him a Paper proceeded. Here is Mr John Conyers, some of my or

Composition, and to shew you it is of some Value

ď

ew Ro

Poetry

Study

ne Sub

u wan

le . -

w yo

Pardon

orth o

OU W

rt mu

me.

oon pi

-- You

a can

ou te

deedi

e Hea

. Joh

ain bit

o wan

come

e Gen

y mu

25.

and th

rs, M

Men

t a fet

perm n run

Value pra

pray take these ten Guineas to it.—So now Mr. John Conyers you are a Free Man, and have my Consent to get what Place you please.'—My Lord's Gentleman then enter'd the Chamber.—Lewis, faid my Lord, here is Mr. John, who has given me such a Lecture on his Modesty, that convinces me he is the most impudent Fellow breathing: So, bid the Porter open the Door and let him out. Such Modesty ought to be seen in the World.'—Jack was extreamly mortify'd, and atmpted to speak, but Lewis shoulder'd him out of a Room. Finding he could have no Remedy, bundled up his little Effects, quitted the House, a soon visited Mr. Sangfroid, to whom he told his tory.

'This Accident, faid his Friend, gives me little Concern, for I believe his Lordship would never have provided for you as you deserve, but, if you will wear a Livery, I can get you into Sir Peter Shallow's Service To-morrow. He is a Member of Parliament, and perhaps, in Time, may procure you an Employment.'-- 'It is worth the Trial, faid Conyers, and a Livery shall be no Objection.'—Next Day Jack attended Sir Peter, and receiv'd the Badge of Office, but, by the Advice of his Friend, he took the Name of Constant.

CHAP

CHAP. II.

There, Affectation, with a sickly Mein, Shows in her Cheeks the Roses of Eighteen. Practis'd to lisp, and hang the Head aside, Faints into Airs and languishes with Pride. On the rich Quilt finks with becoming Woe. Wrapt in a Gown, for Sickness, and for Show. The Fair-ones feel such Maladies as thefe, When each new Night-dress gives a new Disease POPE's Rape of the Lock

CIR PETER SHALLOW was a Gentleman of large Fortune, but more remarkable for hi easy, quiet Temper, than strong Judgment. H Lady had somewhat of the opposite Character, and as her Understanding inform'd her, Sir Peter ha but a small Share, she took the accustom'd Privi lege of, fometimes, imposing on it, and indeed his great Fonduess gave her frequent Opportunities. Her Ladyship had a very delicate Constitution, an was afflicted with the Spleen and Vapours to such Degree, that the has fometimes been filent forth Minutes, then has burst out into Lamentations an Tears, then into violent Laughter, and end in Swoon .-- Doctor Nostrum constantly attended; one Evening when he had finish'd above, Sir Jul got him to taste some Cape Wine, and give som Account of her Ladyship's Disorder .- ' Sir Ju faid the Doctor, who was a dry Joker, here is a Service to you. -- Upon my Word very go Wine-- very good Wine indeed, Sir. you were saying something of that there Disorder Why -- to be fure, your Hypochondriac · Hysteric Disorders are troublesome, -troublesome, and tedious, but seem, I may to be more so to the Husbband or Wife, or

I M T tha tre to

tel

out Phy tien Ma

Wr the

1

of t

con the Dos it h fayir Pher

they dern them fophy

Femi Figur term' cendi

ferve, of the

Thusin fucl

Eyes Effect

mains

it .-- W

· tendan

tendants, than to the Patient and Physician. I I think I have had these Disorders, in a peculiar Manner, under my Care, for these Thirty or Thirty-two Years last past; and It hink I may say, that I understand them; that is, I know how to treat them properly.-- There is no certain Rule to go by, for, -- for as a skilful Mariner must find out the Trim of his Ship; fo I fay a skilful Physician must find out the Temper of his Patient.—If I prescribe a China Jarr, when the Malady is fix'd on a Japan Cabinet, I shall do Wrong, - be all out, and perchance may double

the Disorder upon me.'

of

ow.

Difeale

e Lock

man o

for hi

t. Hi

er, and

ter ha

d Privi

leed hi

ities.

on, an

fuch

forte

ons an

nd in

ed; b

ir Joh

ve for

Sir Jo

re is m

ry go

But order.

iac a

-- 10 ay fa

or endan

'Lown Doctor, faid Sir Peter, I am no Judge of these Matters, but for my Blood, I cannot conceive what Jarrs or Cabinets have to do in the Affair.'- 'O Lord, Sir Peter, cry'd the Doctor -- but here's my best Respects .-- In Truth, it has a charming Flavour! -- but, as you were faying, -- or -- as I was faying .-- To explain this Phenomenon, I shall not call in the Ancients, for they were ignorant, very ignorant of fundry modern Ailments, but account, that is, reason upon them, on the Principles of the modern Philofophy .-- Hem-hem- The Disorder is of the Feminine Gender.—When it attacks a Masculine Figure, it then becomes of the doubtful .-- It is term'd, by Pre-eminence, Vapour, from its afcending Quality; for it rises (you'll please to observe, Sir) in the Heart by the too quick Vibration of the Blood, and mounts directly to the Brain, --Thus--when an Object is placed before a Lady in such a Point of Light, that the Rays of her Eyes center, and form a Focus upon it, the Effect is surprizing .-- The Object indeed renains found and entire, but her Heart burns for it .-- When the Heart Strings are untuned, no

JA

nter

Plais

reat

ente

eiz'd

sext

So

er her

nd he

lusba

ree

me i

e Pa

ores

e ma

ext I

v ver

ting b

ockin

for 1

Pete

t refe

ich I

asand

ions,

and dy ful

s'd

Tia the

eat Kli

uld ha

bTree

s, wh

-B -Sir

oful bu

Wonder that the Voice is all Discord .-Diamond Solitair ____ AGilt Chariot ___ Dresden China -- An Indian Skreenand the like, cause such a Fluttering of the ani mal Spirits, and raise such a longing for possession them, that clearly demonstrates Sir Isaac's Do trine of Attraction and Vision. Contrar Principles will fometimes produce the fam dreadful Effects ---- When a Lady delights the innocent Amusement of Play, and he what they call, an ill Run, it undoubtedly will over-heat the Blood, and four the Temper -- but I fay-- when she is not in a Condition to discharge such honourable Debts, the whole Ma is on a Ferment, and frequently produces Con fequences very fare to the Repose of the Fami · 1v. . Would to Heaven, faid Sir Peter, it was the Case of my dear Creature, I then could for apply the Remedy.'---- Why truly, Sir Peter reply'd the Doctor, two or three hundred Guine make wonderful Alterations. I would advis you, Sir Peter, to see how my Prescriptions wil operate for a Day or two. ____ If the Diford don't take a Turn in that Time, why, apply your's.—But, here's my good Lady's bet ter Health.—I profess it is a most delicion Cordial!-- It warms my Heart? -- I fat cy, Doctor, faid Sir Peter, this Wine would very proper for my dear Girl. It would raile her Spirits.' - Raile her Spirits or cry'd the Doctor, why, it is their being too high that causes the Diforder .- Besides - Besides -d dulciferous Fluids are bad. - Acid is her profe Regimen, and the it is true, there is an Actor in all Sweets; it is not of the right Sort-In right genuine Sour is the furest Remedy ... 1 has order'd the Juice of the Grab Apple to be take internal

JACK CONNER, now CONYERS. 215

e ani

Teffin

Doc

ntran

fam

ghts it

y wil

mper ion to

e Mal

Gon Con

Fami

it wa

d foor

Peter

advil ns wil

iford

appl

's bet

licion

I far

would b

Spirit

oo hig

S-A

Prok

10

1-hat

e take

ernall

aternally, and the fungous Matter to be apply'd. Plaister-ways, to the Shoulder and Back, with reat Success .- I was once sent for to a rich Carenter's in Southwark, whose Wife was suddenly iz'd with the Vapours .- The poor Woman was sextreamly ill, as any Lady of the First Quality. So Sir, -- as I was faying, -- I was going to orerher the Apples, but the Season not affording any. nd her Case being very desperate, I directed her usband to take a slender Twig of that there ree of about three Foot long, and apply the me in so smart a Manner to the Shoulders, that e Part might be thoroughly warm'd, and the ores so open'd, as at once to draw, and suffer emalignant Effluvia to evaporate with Ease. ext Morning, Sir, I visited my Patient, but, to y very great Surprize, I found her chearfully ting by the Kitchen Fire, darning her Hulband's ockings.—The Fellow was an ungrateful Dog for he never employ'd me fince, -I shall not, Peter, take up more of your Time at present, refer you to a small Folio on that Subject, ich I have now ready for the Press.—This one assand no more. — Amongst a Variety of Obserions, one is pretty general. - In all the Pracand Experience I have had, I never knew a dy subject to Spleen or Vapours, who was s'd with a furly, ill natur'd Husband.—In ha the Disorder is unknown, otherwise the eat Klincofky, and the celebrated Baronivifky, uld have taken some Notice of it; but you wently meet with the Use and Efficacy of the bTree, and find it in most of their Prescrips, which, perhaps, is given by way of Preven-

.- But my Hour is come for a Confultation,

-Sir Peter, your most obedient and most

oful humble Servant.

Poor

The HISTORY of 216

Poor Sir Peter was greatly edified by the Do tor's learned Differtation, but had not Judgmen enough to take his Advice; for, with the Impa tience of a Lover, he flew to my Lady's Apart ment, and finding her fomewhat composed, the extremely feeble, he ventur'd to mention, 'The perhaps the might want fome little Necessaries h was unacquainted of, and intreated her Au ceptance of Three Hundred Guineas.'--threw the Money on the Table; but it was after nishing to observe, how quickly the Remedy on rated.—Her Face glow'd, a Vermillion spread in Cheeks, the smil'd Heavenly, and, at last, mo tenderly embracing her dear Sir Peter, the funk in to his Arms, and every Simptom of the Mala vanish'd.

CHAP. III.

For as a Pythagorean Soul Runs thro' all Beafts, and Fish and Fowl, And has a Smack of ev'ry one; So Love does, and has ever done; And therefore, tho' 'tis ne'er fo fond, Takes Strangely to the Vagabond: 'Tis but an Ague that's reverst, Whose hot-Fit takes the Patient first; That after burns with Cold as much As Ice in Greenland does the Touch.

HE Servants had perswaded Jack to be Member, and pay Quarteridge to a Socientempt of Footmen, which they call'd a Parliament. T Convocation regulated diverse weighty Matters, indic'd I rais'd a Fund for the Maintenance of their Breth out of Place. The Members took the Title their respective Masters, and spoke and acts s of S

ar tur he ny, rted Тн ir (

y ne Was uld Mar bd-h

rcing

ano

ed in dy S mesti y, a Neft

arms t he fectio thoug ppine

WITH fack ry Civ Conv

that h a m nt and

from Butler

to his F Mrs. ar their Characters, that it might be term'd a turnalia. Jack was but too punctual a Visitor. he improv'd not in his Manners by fuch Comny, he thought, at least, that he was well dirted.

THE Constitution of this motly Synod, with ir Conduct and Resolutions, must be postpon'd another Chapter, that the Chain of this History

y not be broken.

Doc.

men

mpa-

Apart

, tho

ries h

r Au

__H

s afto

dy ope

ad he

, mo

ink i

Malad

1,

Was our Hero entitled to an Estate, his Age uld permit him to enjoy it .- His Complexion, Manner, his Voice, but above all, his generous d-humour'd Disposition, could not escape the rcing Eyes of Mrs. Susanna Pinup. This Lady ed in the humble Station of Waiting-Woman to dy Shallow. From her Knowledge of fundry meltick Secrets, the had great Power in the Fay, and, as the Servants phrase it, had feather'd Neft. Her great Sagacity not only discover'd arms in the Person of Mr. John Constant, but the had Money likewise. The Union of such fections, merited her tenderest Regard, to which. thought, if her own were added, the System of ppiness would be compleat.

WITH these Views Mrs. Pinup began to notice fack in a particular Manner. She shew'd him ry Civility; the honour'd him frequently with Conversation, and was so intimate and graci-, that he often drank Tea in her Chamber. DIBM th a manifest Partiality drew on her the Resentnt and fcandalous Tongues of the other Servants; to be from her exalted Seat, the look'd down with tempt on the vulgar Wretches.—Mr. Buffe't, Butler, feem'd most concern'd, and, with a dic'd Eye, beheld this growing Passion, so fato his Hopes. This Gentleman had long sigh'd Title Mrs. Pinup, and made sundry Libations of a acts is of Sack, and other choice Wines, on the Shrine

Shrine

Shrine of her Beauty. His Project was as extension as it was ambitious. He judg'd, that could he tain the Heart of this Lady, the cheating the Fami in every Branch, from the Cellar, upwards, wou centre in his own Pocket. This was a Loss Philosophy was not Proof against, and made his

JE

owe

nitea

atch

overi

hen

enge

SIR

right

atur

ride,

meti

Con

new

A N

age,

rfuac

nce l

overs

at Si

arded

inup i

of a

ve ar

m an

s Ret

ve th

ove ag

r. Bu

his E

oile,

ly.—I

l laug

nger

eam'd

meditate dire Revenge.

MRS. PINUP was so fond of Jack, and so secu of her darling Scheme, that she omitted some I fentials in bringing it to bear; for one Evening when Protestations and Vows were plentifully flow'd on each other, and fervent Kiffes and E braces given, and return'd with mutual Ardon the World and all its idle Ceremonies, were forgo ten, and equal Happiness cemented their Ha without the Affistance of any Priest, except that Love.

MATTERS were thus conducted for some Tim but Mrs. Pinup had prais'd Jack so much to M Skallow, that the long'd to converse with him, Pinup's Chamber gave her frequent Opportunit Miss Shallow was Sister to Sir Peter, and had Fortune of Ten Thousand Pounds. Her Edu tion had been none of the best, and her Pel was of that Sort, that a Man passes by without ticing. However, Jack's Vanity was strang up, and Ten Thousand Pounds put a Million Schemes into his Head, and his waking and fleep Dreams were fill'd with Equipage and Splender With some Difficulty and weighty Reasons, her fwaded Pinup to affist him, and Miss Shallow set ed no-ways averse to his Caresses and Proposal, the was actually engag'd to 'Squire Hunt, and Marriage Writings drawn. In thort, nothing wanting to compleat this Affair but a conven Opportunity, which would foon have happen'd, not adverse Fate, in the Shape of Mr. Buffett, liciously interpos'd.

JACK CONNOR, now CONYERS. 210

JEALOUSY, Envy, Interest and Revenge are owerful feparate, but make strange Havock when nited. Buffett had them all. He had never ceas'd atching the Motions of Mrs. Pinup; and his Difoveries were fuch, that they added to his Pain; but, hen he found Miss Shallow was of the Party, Re-

enge open'd an ample Field.

tenfi he of

Fam Wou

ofs

le hi

fecu

me E venin

ally b

d Er

Ardou

forgo

Heat

that

e Tim

to M

nim, a

rtuniti

d had

Edu

Per hout

Arang

lillion

Neep

lendor

, he p

ow feet

ofal, t

, and

thing

onven

pen'd,

ffett,

SIR Peter, as I've before observ'd, was not the ightest Genius in England; but, in Recompence. ature had indulg'd him with a large Share of ride, (that Vice of little Minds!) with which he metimes impos'd himself on the World as a Man Consequence and great Importance.—Mr. Buffett new his ruling Passion, and applied to it. On the A Notice, the Knight storm'd and swell'd with age, but the Butler moderated his Anger, and rsuaded him into Patience, until he should connce him of the Truth. --- Next Evening the overs met; but the artful Buffett had so contriv'd. at Sir Peter abruptly enter'd, and caught the unarded Pair in their innocent Embraces, and Mrs. inup in the Midst of a Discourse on Constancy. - Fine Doings in my House, cry'd Sir Peter
- But I'll spoil your Sport you impudent Son of a W-re. He ran directly at Jack, but we and Miss-Shallow averted the Blow, and gave m an Opportunity of flipping out of the Room. s Retreat was so precipitate, that he did not obve the Butler list'ning on the Stair-head, but ove against his Breast with such Force, that poor r. Buffett was hurried down a little improperly, his Head went foremost. He fell with a mighty pile, and the Alarm was general through the Fay.-Had there been Earth or Air-quakes in le Days, no Doubt they had all ran to Prayers, laugh'd at themselves for so doing, when the inger was over. Sir Peter thunder'd-Mils cam'd, and Pinup wept so loud, that my Lady-

cre

me

wo

10 1

cret

ee t

ul i

be,

feein

ry'a

ince

t be

fo

on it

s fi

der.

not

pull rts a

le Va

ieols

in '

* his

It of

this

grea

BL

Man?

hillin

en kn

leve H Thing,

oor i

re you

me yo

eed,

6 cret

with her Company, and almost all the Servants, fill'd the Room in an Instant.

THE Knight thought he acted very cunningly by not telling the Whole of this Affair before fo ma ny; but as he dropt some Words about Mis, and infifted that Pinup and Jack should be immediated discharg'd, he left them all Room enough to thin the worst, tho', perhaps, their Charity and Good nature wanted not his Help .- My Lady pleader strongly for poor Pinup; yet at last she was oblight to confent, but with a Proviso, that the Bull should make a Third. Sir Reter gave him up ver readily, fo that in less than an Hour, the ill-fate Mr. Buffett loft his Cellar .-- The unhappy Pin lost all her Lover's Promises .-- The unfortuna Fack loft Ten Thousand Pounds, and--next De Mils Shallow loft her Reputation, but luckily & found it on the Third, in the Arms of 'Squir Hunt.

I FORGOT to mention, that Mr. Sang freidh been lately oblig'd to accompany a Nobleman Lisbon; so that Fack loft this Afylum with his A vice and Friendship. - When he had pack'd up Goods, and refign'd his Livery, he found Mr Pinup waiting for him in the Hall, because, as faid, 'One Coach might ferve both? --- They moun ed, but where to drive was not determin'd, but last they stopt in Southampton-freet ? Jack alighte and foon found a convenient Lodging, where happy Pair acted the Part of Man and Wife, w great Harmony for about a Fortnight .-- Pinup of boafted her Riches, and tempted him, by fhewi Thirty Guineas in hard Gold, befides Linnens a Woollens, and fundry Gowns and Petticoats .-- " was Proof against all Tears and Intreaties, --- Pl faid be, I've more than that myself. Many --- we should be pretty Devils truly! No, * Child, keep your Money, and I'll keep your

cret.' -- 'I don't understand, faid she, what you mean by Secrets .-- If I have any, I believe it won't be a Secret long .-- I wish your Money was no more a Secret than mine.'--- 'So much for Serets, reply'd fack, now for the Proof .--- Do you ee that large Trunk, my Dear ?--- Tis the faithul Repository of Fifty Guineas.' -- Ay, ay, faid be, I see both your Trunks, but for the Money, feing's believing.' --- You have no more Faith, m'd Jack, than an Ebrew Jew; but I shall conince you in a Moment.' --- The large Trunk had tbeen open'd, by him, these fix Months, and found the Lock rufty, and more difficult in it used to be. At last he got the better, but s surprized at feeing some of his Effects out of der. In a little Flutter, he fearch'd for his Purfe, tnot readily finding it, his Hurry increased, and pull'd out an old Great Coat, and some tatter'd its artfully mingl'd with fome of his Things of le Value .- In a Word, his Money and his best eds were vanish'd.—He flew in an Instant to the all Trunk, which contain'd his ordinary Wear. in which he had very oddly placed the small his old Friend Mr. Kindly had given him, and of Mr. Villeneuf's and his own Papers. Findthis fafe and untouch'd, he fat down in Silence, greatly perplex'd.

BLESS me, said Mrs. Pinup, what ails the Man?—Sure, you haven't lost your Money?

Yes, faid Jack, 'tis gone,—every hilling gone! but how, or which Way, Hearen knows!—Heaven knows! faid she, I beleve Heaven knows very well you had no such thing, but that you've betray'd and cheated a cor innocent Woman; but since I find these re your Tricks, I shall take care of myself I alme you.—Very well, reply'd Jack, pray proced, for I am in a Temper to provoke a Saint,

K 3

vants,

o mas, and

diately of think

Good oleada obligi

Butle ap ver

ll-fate Pina rtunat

xt Da kily fi 'Squir

roidh eman t his Ad

d up h

moun

lighte here t

fe, wi

shewing a

-- ja -- Pla Marn

No, n

Cret

for I sha'n't answer.'-As the nad nothing to fear, the faluted him with bitter Terms, and man stinging Reproaches, till Tears interven'd, and gar him a Recess .- ' Since, faid he, you are so goo to be filent, because you have no more to fir pray let me be heard .- I have my Quarter Wages in my Pocket, which will more than pu the Lodging. Let me have a little Repose the Night, and To-morrow you may dispose of yourfelf how and which Way you please, for, the Lord, this shall be the last.'-Pinup attemp ed a Reply, but he swore in so peremptory Manner, as frighten'd the poor Woman into 8 They retir'd to Bed, but Love and Rem had forfaken it, and Hatred and Difquietude to their Place. - The dawning Day rous'd Jack fro his Pillow, and Pinup unwillingly follow'd. generously paid all Charges, and putting his Trus on a Bier, parted with this Lady, telling her, b fore the Landlady, that the might follow at h Leisure, but, as he intended, so, he never saw after. country subjects contained big options

CHAP. IV.

EXAMPLE is a living Law, whose Sway Men more than all the written Laws obey.

SEDII

S the dropping Water will, in Time, A S the dropping water and mean Company press even Marble, so low and mean Company and Infects will communicate their Sentiments and Infect an Heart of Understanding and Virtue. - Jacks ceas'd to be the Agreeable, and the Polite... fwore much, and sometimes drank .-- He had a tracted a faucy impertinent Air, and instead of humble, modest Deportment that drew on him Love and Esteem of the World, his Looks

e to the bugh ere fu ce of d Phi How

Rion

'd h treat r. Ea tuatio ch Di

illing

anage uinea th gr As o ime f pport

ment dge o Тні y Bee

givin t the he Ch Ser

d Squ out T

mmor ele Gr eat St ght be

pair as at Ord THE utions

Acti

flions seem'd to demand them as his Right, and as e to his Person and superior Merit. He forgot the Lessons and Instructions of his Friends, and ought his own Experience and great Knowledge ere sufficient to conduct him, without the Assistce of pedantick Rules, or the musty Gravity of

d Philosophers.

ng to

man

d gav

goo to fay

arter an pa

ofe thi

ofe o

for, b

tempt tory

nto \$

Repy

de too

k fro

d. H

Trun

er, b

at b

Cawl

ay bey.

LI

ne,

Compl

ect ackt

e ...

ad d of

him

oks (Act

However, this last Stroke of Fortune had al-'d his Thermometer, and Pride sunk down to tream Humility. In this Temper he apply'd to r. Edge, a Barber, to whom he made known his mation. Honest Edge was forry to find him in h Distress, and provided him a Room for two illings a Week, but for his Diet, he was to anage the best Way he could. He had ftill three vincas and some Silver remaining, and waited, th great Anxiety, for a Turn of Fortune.

As our Hero, like other Heroes, has found a ime for Idleness and Inaction, it furnishes me an pportunity of examining the Memoirs of the Parment of Footmen, and making such Extracts as I

ge of publick Use and Benefit.

THIS noble Order held their Assemblies at suny Beer-Houses, but all united in the mean View giving Laws to, and providing a Maintenance the Brethren who came within their Rules. be Chamber our Friend frequented was fill'd with Servants of Dukes, Lords, Bishops, Knights d Squires, and made up a subscribing Body of out Two Hundred, of which Forty or Fifty were mmonly present at each Weekly Assembly. As se Great Men, follow'd the Example of their eat Superiors, they were less Clamorous than ght be expected .--- An old Gentleman fill'd the air as Speaker, and kept Matters in most excelat Order.

THE following are a few of their principal Reutions; for by the Advice of Friends, I shall K 4

speedily publish, by Subscription, a full and impartial History of this Noble Order, in Seven Volumes Octavo, in which will be included all their Speeches on the most interesting Subjects, and a Compleat System of Wisdom and Prudence.--- The Resolutions necessary in this Place are as follow.

RESOLVED, That each Member, when out of Place, shall receive Two Shillings each Week, for the Term of six Months, but no longer. On his getting a new Livery to pay fresh Entrance.

RESOLVED, That each Member pay Five Shillings on his Admittance, and Two Shillings and

Six-pence each Quarter.

RESOLVED, That no Member, when accompanying his Master or Mistress in their Visits, shall attempt to open or hold the Coach Door, or afford them any the least Assistance, but leave them to the Care of the Servants of the Family visited.

RESOLVED, That the Hats, Swords or Canes of Gentlemen visiting each of our respective Masters, thall be seized upon, and kept in safe Custody, until the said Gentlemen depart. Should any of the said Gentlemen resuse or neglect to pay the usual Compliment, it shall and may be lawful to change his said Hat, &c. or have them missaid or lost, and, as Occasion serves, to give him Water when he calls for Wine; Small Beer when he desires Breads and, if he be an obstinate Offender, entirely to disregard and affront him.

RESOLVED, That as we look on the Tables of our Masters as Ordinaries, so we expect to be paid in Proportion to their Rank, from Half a Crown to

Half a Guinea.

Williama

RESOLVED, That no Persons paying a Morning Visit to our respective Masters, and particularly Trades-People with Bills, shall be permitted to see Them, except on Payment of the usual and accustomed

Mafte ders (Re Mifte

tome

Specion vour to diff Power

Re to the than t Cards

clude be pro Autho

RE greed

Relict or Mi Freal Obtain

Res or The heless f Tru

ary Which and P

RE offible hat h

vear Thaws

r dis

omed Fee, but on their Compliance, then our faid Masters to be made visible, not with standing any Or-

ders to the Contrary.

npar-

lumes

cches

apleat

efolu-

out of

Veek,

ce.

Shil-

gs and

mpa-

all at-

afford

to the

Canes

afters.

y, un-

of the

ufual

hange

t, and,

en he

3read

to dif-

oles of

e paid

wn to

Morn-

cularly

to fee

accul-

omed

a0

RESOLVED, That in attending our Masters or Mistresses to the Play-house, or any other publick Spectacle where we are admitted, we will endeayour to imitate their Conduct, by doing our utmost odiffurb the Audience. This will demonstrate our Power, and shew the Use of exalting us.

RESOLVED. That no Member shall be entituled the Benefit of this Society who shall live more han three Months in any Family who do not play Cards five Nights in the Week, Sunday Night in fluded; neither shall he receive any Benefit if it can e prov'd that he has suffer'd any Diminution to his

Authority and legal Privileges.

RESOLVED, And it is hereby most folemnly greed, by the Honour and Dignity of our Cloth, hat should any Member of this Society marry the Relief of his Master, or the Daughter of his Master Mistress, that he shall pay into the Hands of our Treasurer, ten Shillings for every Hundred Pounds brain'd by fuch Marriage.

RESOLVED'That any Member, guilty of Robbery Theft, shall be expell'd this Society. Neverdeless, This is not understood to extend to Breach Trust, Embezzelment of Goods, and the necesbry Frauds in Bread, Coals, Candles, Oats, &c. hich we regard as Privileges annexed to our Posts,

nd Part of our just Perquifites.

RESOLVED, That each Member be as careful as offible of all his Apparel, except the Livery, and hat he practices all lawful Ways and Means to wear out his Master's Shirts, Shoes, Stockings, &c. THEY had many more, equally wholesome

laws, not made, like some others, to be broken dispis'd, for I apprehend they kept strictly to ach.

i Le, but on their Compliance, then our £ !! ers to be man Vilon Achtel handing any Or-

Endure and conquer; Jove will foon dispose To future Good our past and present Woes: An hour will come with Pleasure to relate Your Sorrows past, as Benefits of Fate.

THO CANDIDATE HIW SINT DRYDEN'S VIRGIL

TACK remain'd at the Barber's about three Weeks and tho' he received his Parliamentary Pension very punctually, yet his Money diminish'd apace He saw no Appearance of Advancement, and gloomy melancholy. Thoughts rack'd his Brain With a View of alleviating his Sorrows, he fre quently took a Dram, and innocently amused him felf with one or two very low Amours. This made his Purse feel a very sensible Decay, for it now con tain'd but a very few Shillings .- Mad and Wil at the Cruelty of his Fate, a thousand Projects fill his Head, and at last ended in the noble Resolution of spending the little he had in Pleasure, and the to relign a Life that became burthensome to him He brought many weighty Reasons to vindicate the Action, and call'd to his Mind the Example fundry Great Men who accounted it Meritorious - Why are we, faid he, brought into the World but to enjoy the few Pleasures of it, with E and Content? What Eafe have I? - Wh Content ?- If the Reasons of Being ceale, is but Just we should cease to Be. - Besides, Whi are all the Pleasures of this World, even in the highest Gratification, but idle, Supid Repetition of the same stupid Amusements?-Come gent Thames, and peaceful Grave now come, for Com yers is weary of this World, and longs to lay troubled Head in Duft!' H

Brov his qu ing a · Su

were recli

of C lars. one

bic bic

in Fac tro

d'y our wh

> a C wa Ad

> > Ma

Tı as we the pa Worl

Scher goo low

Fell cies vide Sup

I ar plai

my Gra brin

JACK CONNOR, now CONYERS. 227

He was now in St. James's Park. His Steps, were flow; his Arms were folded; his Head was reclin'd, and a fix'd Melancholy was feated on his Brow.—In the midst of these Resections, two of his quondam Brethren pass'd him by; but one, turning about, cry'd, - 'Z-ns, Jack Constant!-Such a Man alive!—Where the Devil have you bid yourself these Thousand Years?'-These Sort of Greetings finish'd, they enter'd into Particulars ... I suppose, faid Tom Smart, you are now one of those poor darstardly Scoundrels who starve. in a rich World.'--- 'Let him starve, cry'd Jack Brazen, if he han't Spirit enough to fish in troubled Waters.' 'Come, come, faid Smart. d'ye really want Money?'---' Not much, reply'd our Friend, for I believe I have a Shilling; but where to get another, the Lord knows.'--- Here's a Guinea, my Boy, faid Smart, you see I don't want Money, nor need you, if you'll take our Advice; but let's dine together, and talk that Matter over.

ofe

RGIL

Veeks:

enfior

apace

t, and

Brain

ne fre

d him

s made

W con

Wil

s fill'

olution

d the

o bim

ple o

rious

Wor

h Ea

Whale,

Wh

in th

tition gent

r Con

lay h

H

THEY din'd, and a Bottle of Port was open'd, as well as the Conversation. Smart dwelt long on. the partial Distribution of the good Things of this World, and on the Necessity of correcting the Scheme .-- Is it just, faid he, that Numbers of good-for-nothing worthless Animals shall wallow in Plenty and Abundance, whilst such young. Fellows as us may want the common Conveniencies of Life?'---' Very just, faid Brazen, provided they will permit our using some of their Superfluities.' D .-- me, Said Jack, but I am all in the dark. I wish you'd speak a little plainer, or not speak at all. You may depend on my Secrecy, for I am almost already in the Grave. Now Gentlemen, if you've a Mind to bring me to Life, come to the Point directly, and a thouland

228 The HISTORY, of

a thousand to one but I'll join in your Scheme.' Well faid honelt Jack, cry'd Smart, then to the Point: You must know, that Brazen and I were turn'd a drift together from my Lord's. We wore out our Shoes and the Pavement, but could get no Employment; and fomething told us that eating was necessary, fomy · dear Constant, we padded it about the Fields for some Time, and, by our Industry, have rifen to Horse. We are at this Time Commissioners of the High. ways, and collect those Duties omitted in the Acts of Parliament.' I understand you. faid Jack; but does it answer? Is it not dange. rous?'-- It answers, faid Smart, extream. ' ly well, tho', to be fure, it is a little hazardous; but where is the Employment without it?-Don't the Merchant venture his Substance, and the Soldier and Sailor risk their Lives for Six. pence a-Day? -- Some risk their Reputation, and most People risk their Souls .-- Believe me, Jack, the whole World is a Game of Hazard, and (shewing his Pistols) here are my Dice. Will you Set? OUR Hero paus'd, and a violent Conflict arole in his Breast between Virtue and Necessity.-At last, Brazen clapp'd him on the Shoulder, and cry'd, ____ What fays my dear Boy? __ Will you make a Third, and then our Party is ' compleat?'- Gentlemen, faid Jack, give me your Hands .- Now I am a Brother .-Command and lead me where you pleafe.'-That Night they conducted him to their Lodging and gave him a Horse for the Morning Expedition, and Three Guineas more. They rose very early and Jack put on a Pair of Spatterdashes, examin'd his Saddle and Piftols, and found all Things in tolerable Order. THE

T

mt.

No

ther

caul

to S

at E

ing

para

amu

righ

will

up t

mor

nd B

Wi

nore

reaki

lare o

on,

ect c

I ha

if yo

your

fwer

Wel

a litt

for r

Whe

cross

rders

Tw

fort ft by

oper. his 7

en or

oath

ne.

art,

that

rom

the

and

ym c

ome orfe.

ligh.

the

you,

inge-

eam-

and

Six-

lieve Ha-

Dice.

arofe

, and

rty is

give

dging,

ition,

early,

min'd

n tol-

THE

THE Plan of Operation was settled by Smart, pt, providentially, Jack made a small Alteration. No, Gentlemen, Said he, let us not set out together, or keep Company on the Road, as it may cause Suspicion; let us rather divide, and ride on to Stains, but join on Hounslow-Heath precisely at Eleven o'Clock, when we can't fail of meeting the Coach we look for.—Besides, when separate, we may each pick up a single Traveller to amuse us before the principal Action.—Very right, Said Smart, then I'll advance first, Brazen will follow in Half an Hour, and you will bring up the Rear in another, so, Gentlemen, Goodmorrow, Success attend us.'——He rode off, and Brazen but rested his proper Time.

WHEN alone, Jack began to consider this Affair ore eircumspectly, but not with a Design of reaking his Engagement. The Fellow who took are of the Horses was no Stranger to the Expedion, and congratulated his new Master on the Proect of making his Fortune. Tim, faid Fack, I have a Thought that will surprize my Friends: if you will affift me, I'll give you a Crown for your Trouble.'—That I will, Master, anfwer'd Tim, and be true and faithful too." Well, then, faid Jack, take my Horse, and ride a little beyond the Church at Hounstow, and wait for me; you may depend I shan't keep you long. When you deliver me the Horse, go directly across the Heath.'-Tim promis'd to obey his rders, and fet forward.

Two odd Gircumstances happen'd to Jack. He vefortunately knew the Name of a Family that liv'd
st by Hounslow, of which he intended to make a
oper Use; and the old Great Coat which he found
his Trunk, he had made into a Surtout, and was
en on his Back. This Coat was of that Sort of
loath that is one Side Scarlet, and the other Blue;

it

it was fingle, and not lin'd. This Day the Blue was outfide, and the Sleeves turn'd up, made Scarlet Cuffs. Thus dress'd, he walk'd to Piceadilly, and took a Post-Chaise to Hounslow, where he arriv'd at Ten o'Clock. With great Civility he enquir'd of Mrs. Day about the Family he faid he was going to visit. He call'd for a Gill of Wine and the good Woman answer'd all his Questions, which were such, as made her imagine he was a Relation of the Family, and had just come from Abroad. He hinted, that perhaps he might flay there a Week, or return in an Hour, when he'dbe glad of a Post-Chaise ready for London. Mrs. Da affuring him he should have one at a Moment's Warning, he walk'd forward, tho' with a troubled Mind, and foon found his Horfe. - When Tim had march'd off, he turn'd his Surtout, and was nowin Scarlet, with blue Sleeves.

HE rode on about three Miles, and met with his Friends, who began to be in some Pain about him

'Z—ds, faid Smart, what the Devil kept you follong?—but we have no Time to talk, for the Coach is at Hand. You are to keep the Polis

Ilion and Goachman in Awe; Brazen will do the fame with the Servants, and let me alone for

conversing with the Passengers. When the Job's over, let's separate, and meet at our Lodging.

for the Coach drew near.—Courage! cry'd Smart and all rode briskly forward. — Jack did his Dut with the Postillion; — The Servants, making Resistance, received a Fire from Brazen, which is no Harm; but the Compliment was instantly the turn'd, and poor Brazen fell from his Horse. While this was doing, Smart attack'd the Coach, but Gentleman in it, with great Resolution, so nimble and with such Strength, turn'd his Wrist, that it

he S Ja Prifo y a

Pilto

were not p

o the e de vas w

lour,
lge.
Suspice
had
fr. D

fine
Fish
Said
reply

on the em sirs,

these I must gage Were

Great certai Head of the

WHA

thol went off in the Air, and immediately one of he Servants rode up, and knock'd him down.

Blue

cardilly,

e ar-

e enid he

Vine, tions,

was a

from

t Stay e'd be

. Day

nent's

ubled

m had

owi

ith hi

t him

pt you

for the

Postil

do th

ne fo

Jobb'

ing.

ration

Smart

s Dut

king

ich d

tly r

Whi

but

imbly

hat t

Pill

TACK, finding two Wings of his Army taken prisoners, was determin'd to fave the Remainder ya speedy Flight. The Gentlemen and Servants were so busy about Smart and Brazen, that he was ot pursu'd, but got near Hounslow in a short Time. -His former Caution had now its Use; for tying is Horse to a Tree, a little out of the Road, he ace more turn'd his Coat, and walk'd leisurely on othe Inn. With a tolerable Coolness of Temper, e desir'd a Post-Chaise; but accidentally a Horse as wanting, which obliged him to wait a full half four, which, no doubt, he thought was half an He summon'd all his Resolution, to avoid lge. uspicion, and talk'd to Mrs. Day about the Family e had wifited. His Chaife was just ready when fr. Day enter'd.—' There, now, faid he, is two fine Gentlemen that have made a noble Kettle of Fish of it this Morning.'- Bless me, my Dear, faid Mrs. Day, what's the Matter? Not much. reply'd her Husband, only a Coach was stopp'd on the Heath by three Highwaymen, and two of 'em is taken, and now at next Inn. - Dear Sirs, faid Mrs. Day, 'tis the most preposteroustest Thing in Life, that Gentlefolks won't travel in Post Chaifeses, and then they're always safe from these Fellows. Well, well, faid ber Hufband, I must fend after the Third who escap'd; I'll engage to find out his Scarlet Coat before Night."-Were it not, faid Mrs. Day, that these poor Creatures pay for being Taken, I am fure and certain my Husband would never trouble his Head about them; because, you know, Sir, one of the Gang will peach, and then the others bang of Courfe.

WHAT were the Emotions of Jack's Soul, canot be express'd. He felt Agonies that all his foronin, we

mer Distresses had never plung dhim into; but, recollecting his Situation, he chim'd in with Mrs. Day, and spoke greatly against the Disturbers of the Publick.—At last, he took his Leave of Mrs. Day, mounted his Chaise, and got safe to London, but often thought the Horses were very bad.

utal for the second and make the second as the second and the second and the second as the second as

To be Good, is to be Happy: Angels
Are happier than Men, because they're better.
Guilt is the Source of Sorrow; 'tis the Fiend,
Th' avenging Fiend, that follows us behind
With Whips and Stings. The Bless'd know noney
this,

But rest in everlasting Peace of Mind, design and find the Height of all their Heavin in God

with a story solder such tach nests Rowk

DILT is a Friend, that, seizing the Gonscience. I becomes a Tyrant over every Idea of Man Remorfa is his Gompanion, and Sufficion and For constantly pursue his Steps. Disquietude engrosse every Thought, and even his Steping Imagination is fill'd with Dread and Horron.—Our poor litte is now an Object of the greatest Compassion.—He knew not whom to stuff, where to fly for Safety, or how to live; and he had now discover dual he was very unfit to die.—He got to his Lodging and, telling the Barber that he was engaged to Gentleman at Hampsteud, he paid a Week's Rest call'd a Goach, and drove, with his Effects, to a land in Southwark.

Nor secure in so publick a Place, he found of a poor Widow-Woman in a neighbouring Village with whom he agreed for Diet and Lodging. Her he was safe and quiet, had his anxious Thought

egan Conye lecen nd h

erm

erely with g nanif Mercy

H i Thought in o poole fre

retch ffecte ous F ender

ender dutar dergy finitte

this Chany of lorofer of ex

mifer fy Co Sir, i

Attent THE evotion

cart of

permitte

ermitted him any Repose. A Fortnight pass'd, nd he paid the poor Woman very punctually. She egan to conceive a very great Opinion of Mr. Convers, as his whole Deportment was regular and ecent. His Mind now grew somewhat more calm, nd his Sleep was less disturb'd, for he most sinerely repented of his Folly and Wickedness, and with great Fervency and Devotion, confess'd his panifold Transgressions, and humbly pray'd for

Mercy and Forgiveness.

but,

Mrs.

of the

Day

, but

one

Good

WE

ience

Man

Fear

roste

nation

Hero

Safe

d tha

d to!

Rent

to M

d ou

illage

Here

haugh

mitte

His Purse was extreamly low. houghts of applying to some People he knew, but unfinot venture to London; and his Landlady was poor, she could not afford to give him Credit. he frequently wept most bitterly, and bewail'd his retched Condition. The Agitation of his Mind, ffected his Health, and threw him into a dangeous Fever. The poor Woman was extreamly ender and careful of him, but his Soul wanting as lutary Remedies as his Body, he begg'd that a lergyman might be fent for; and Doctor St. Amour, linister of the Parish, attended on the first Notice. This Gentleman was one of those who reproach any of his Profession, for he was pious without broseness, and charitable without Ostentation. Jack, o' extremely weak, politely thank'd the Doctor this Condescension in visiting so poor, so wretched, miserable a Being. The good Man, with an ly Countenance, reply'd-' If your Situation, Sir, is so bad, I think you require, and have a natural Right to my more immediate and particular Attention.

THE Doctor pray'd by him in the true Spirk of evotion. His Exhortations were fo fill'd with hristian Eloquence, as warm'd and chear'd the eart of Conyers, and insensibly lighten'd his Burens.—The Fever still continued, and the Doctor

never

The HISTORY of 234

never fail'd his Morning and Evening Visits .- Jack was fo charm'd, that he open'd his whole Soul to this good Man, and hid not the minutest Part of all his Affairs fince his Return from France. - The Gen. tleman flatter'd not his Sins, neither did he attempt to affright him with the difinal Prospect of endless He skilfully probed and cleansed his Wounds, and then pour'd in the Balfam of Peace, Comfort, and Hopes of Pardon by Repentance, and a Newness of Life .- Had Mr. Dryden been acquainted with one Man of Dr. St. Amour's Cha. racter, I apprehend he would not have faid, that Religion and Roguery go together.

In one of these Conversations, Jack took a Opportunity of mentioning the Promise he made to Mr. Kindly when he gave him the small Box, a spoken of in a former Chapter. - I am now, Sir faid he, so poor, so indigent, that I think I may fafely open the Present; but I am so feeble, that "I must beg your Assistance."—The Doctor found the Box in the Trunk, and open'd it by the Bed-side.—He pull'd out a Quantity of Straw and some Cotton, and, at last, a Sheet of Pa per, which he read, and contained these Words.

My Dear Jack,

Bounty-Hall, 1731

"IF you have kept your Promise with regard this Box, you must certainly be miserable who " you read this. I have a sincere and most affection nate Regard for you, and weep at the Situation " I must suppose you are in. " Should the Will of the Almighty afflict you will " Sickness or Misfortunes, patiently resign yourse

into his Hands, who alone knows your Nect

" fities, and who suffers not a Sparrow to fall! " the Ground without his Orders. - Wait his go

Tim

Ti

B

"

ed

tur

an

of

Hi.

Ble

the

not

into

foll

" (

Inic

Edi

Bre

you

Fri

Und

ove.

As t

Ian co

g Ey ut, w

rew 2 tempt

tinted

cover

Yes,

and m

this m

me w

H

JACK CONNOR, now Convers. 23

Time without repining, and firmly rely on his

Bounty.

- Jack

to this

all his

Gentempt

ndless

d his Peace,

, and

n ac-

Cha-

ok an

ade to

ox, a

, Sir,

l may

Doctor

by the

of Pa

rds.

1732

rardi

e wit

Fection.

tuativ

u wit

ourle

Nece

fall t

is go

Tim

But, should your Calamities spring from Wickedness, Folly, and Extravagance, Oh my Child!
turn to the Father of Mercies, and with a pure
and upright Heart, confess your Crimes,—repent
of your Faults,—read his Word,—and practise
His Divine Precept.—You will then know the
Blessing of Righteousness,—the Joys of Virtue, and
the real Felicity of conscious Innocence.—But, be
not good only for a Time.—Beware of relapsing
into mistaken Pleasures.—Ruin and Reprobacy will
follow, and Soul and Body be at Stake.

"Oh Jack!—If your Heart be not harden'd in Iniquity:—If any Spark remains of a virtuous Education:—If gratitude be not dead in your Breast, think, e're it is too late.—Think on your own Happiness, and think on your assured

Friend.

JOHN KINDLY.

Postcript.

Under this Paper, you will find a Proof of my

As the Doctor read, Jack wept. The good fan could not avoid sympathizing, and with streaming Eyes, pursu'd the Directions of the Postscript; ut, when he open'd a Paper nicely roll'd, and new Twenty Guineas on the Table, poor Jack tempted to speak, but his Tongue faultering, he sinted on his Pillow. With some Difficulty he cover'd, and a violent Fit of Crying ensu'd.——Yes, cry'd he, I will obey my Father, my Friend, and my Guardian Angel! Oh Sir! What has not this most worthy Man done for me!—He Saved me when an Infant, and Preserves me when a Man

Man. - Good God! Can I be ungrateful to his Hopes?-Can I difregard his charitable Instructions?-No! If Heaven prolongs my Days, they hall be employ'd in Virtue and Honour.' -- You Resolution, faid Dr. St. Amour, is truly just and I pray God to keep you firm in it, but this present Mark of his Bounty, is not the only one you have lately received .- His Providence has preferved you from the fhameful, infamous Death that your Hounflow Companions fuffer's last Week. I have enquir'd particularly into that Affair, and find you have nothing to dread. A third Person was indeed, spoken of at the Tryal but the Name of Constant or Convers was never mention'd. Let this suffice to ease your Mind Follow Mr. Kindly's Advice, and be happy!

WHEN alone, he shudder'd and went at the Fate of Smart and Brazen. He reflected on the dreadful Consequences of lawless Pursuits. He traced back his own Life and wicked Conduct, and found, that one Vice generates another; that a they grow in Strength; they corrupt the Hearth Degrees, until the whole Man is iwallow'd up in Debauchery, and his Name and Nature eraz'd ou of the Volume of the World .- ' How fatal, comtimued he, is the Beginning of Evil! and who can forefee the End?-We go on from Step to Step regardless of Danger. We walk on Fire or ver'd with Ashes. No Thought, no Prudence guides. We dream of Rleafure and Delight but, too often, awake in the Gulph of Sorro and Perdition !- How few, like me, have prove an almost miraculous Escape, and what Thanks

what Gratitude do I not owe formy Deliverance!

His Reflections were very just and moving and he promised to himself an entire Change of Conductor and he was a least than the conductor and the

H15

His

e Fe

nd de

ad be

his C

entic

er.--

quite

what

aly

res'd

earand

ack,

etrean

wants

and L

him a

you

Rich

Man

e the

oral

m ma

ok a

d in

ons.

u cans ut Lif

a ti

t flip y

n into

His Spirits began to revive, and in a few Days e Fever left him. He thank'd the Apothecary, d defir'd his Bill, but the good Doctor St. Amour ad been before-hand with him. So generous was is Gentleman, that he would not permit him to ention that, or any other Obligation he lay ung. .. All Inow want, faid the Doctor, is to fee you quite recovered, and then we shall think of somewhat for your Service.' .-- In a Week he was perfily well, tho' a little pale, and when neatly es'd, the Doctor was furpris'd at his comely Aparance --- At last he propos'd an Employment to ack, which, he faid, he knew he could discharge areamly well. -- Sir John Curious, continued he, wants a young Man, like you, to read to him. and keep his private Accounts. I have fatisfied him as to your Abilities, and he is willing to give you Thirty Pounds a Year. He is very Old. Rich and Gouty, and fometimes Peevish, but a Man must bear with the Infirmities of Superiors.' e then proceeded in a very useful Lecture on a oral and political Conduct .--- Coneyrs return'd m many Acknowledgments, and in two Days he ok a grateful Adieu of the good Widow, and din London with the Family of Sir John Cuous.

CHAP. VII.

u cannot Love, nor Pleasure take or give; tt Life begin, when 'tis too late to live: a tir'd Courser you pursue Delight; t slip your Morning, and set out at Night. DRYDEN.

TEVER Man began an Employment with more Pleasure. He seem'd as if return'd an into Life, and was determin'd to spare no Pains in

Your just,

a his

truc.

y one e has mous

ffer'd
that
A
ryal,

never Mind.

at the

hat as art by

d ou

who tep to

re chi

elight corror

ance! oving

ge o

His

in enjoying it .- His first Care was a particular At tention to his Duty, and his next was to find out the Family OEconomy, that he might adapt himled

to their different Tempers.

SIR JOHN CURIOUS was Sixty-feven Years Age, very Corpulent, and extreamly infirm. What his Gout was not violent, he din'd with his Com pany, and was very Chearful. From Seven to Nine at Night, Jack read to him; at Ten he wen to Bed, but never rose till about Eleven next Morn Two Servants attended him, and about On ing. o'Clock, all his Flannels were remov'd, and in a old embroider'd Coat and great Wig, he fat inh Arm-Chair, and Jack did the Duty of his Offe till Three o'Clock .--- He did SIR ROBERT WAL POLE the Honour of being his Enemy, and look on the Graftsman, equal, if not superior, to He Writ, confequently these Papers were every Mo ment quoted. In his Choice of Books he had gre Judgment, and to shew it fully, he delighted in the Works of TAYLOR the Weter Post; in an of and only Translation of DUBARTUS; in huge Fo lios of Heraldry; and when inclin'd to Sleep, the Modern Pamphlets and Weekly Papers.

His House-Steward had a good Salary, and certain Quarterly Sum for providing all Things h This Sum was accounted for, b the Family. could not be exceeded. To examine, and checo

these Accounts, was Part of Jack's Duty. SIR JOHN had always maintain'd the Charact of A fine Geutleman. His Dress was gay, a his Manner such, that supported the Dignity he fum'd. It was a Question, whether Pride or ho rice had the Superiority in his Constitution, but it certain, they frequently acted in Concert. Pri obliged him to a Punctuality in paying his Deb but Avarice prevented his going a Step beyond it-Pride made him extreamly Courteous, Complain

ty a ome eing ve C

nd (

imfe

Cries

ert o ut h HE con odeft

Batc fom -Th augh farria reaty me of

abou in hin his As a Gir Propo

unwo to his the Co ow E

on for her V Compa 100

would pedime Twent Name Day ? Scheme

ar At

nd ou

imfel

ears o

Whe

Com

ren t

wen

Morn

it On

in a

in bi

Offic WAL

look'

o He

y Mo

d grea in th

an ol ge Fo

eep, i

and

ings for, b

checqu

paradi

y, an

y he or Au

but it Pri

Deb

nd it.

plais

nd Ceremonious, because he lov'd to be so treated imself, but Avarice stopp'd his Ears against the lies of the Poor, expell'd every Sentiment of Chaty and Benevolence, and contracted and abridg'd me of his Vices, even when he had the Power of eing Vicious. In a Word, Sir John had a Negawe Character, and acquir'd the Title of a good ert of Man; that is, his Vices were not many

ut he had not a fingle Virtue. He had feen enough of one Part of the World convince him that there was no fuch Thing as a odest Woman. This happy Imagination kept him Batchelor, till, at the Age of Sixty three, Love, fome other Monosyllable, stumbled into his Head.
-The Charms of Miss Brideen, his Sadler's aughter, made him so generous as to propose a farriage, and relinquish a Fortune. reaty was on Foot, his Relations interpos'd, and me of his most intimate Friends spoke pretty freeabout it. They faid, 'It was highly prudent in him to marry, but begg'd he would confider his Age and the Infirmities growing on him. That a Girl of Eighteen was quite out of the Rule of Proportion. That a Mechanick's Daughter was unworthy his Rank and Fortune, and an Indignity to his Family. That no one could answer for the Conduct of a young Girl, especially one of ow Education, and begg'dhim to turn his Eyes on some Lady, whose Years would Guarantee her Virtue, and make him happy in a faithful Companion.

'Oons, cry'd the Knight, what the Plague would you be at? I tell you, my Age is no Impediment, for I find myself as vigorous as at Iwenty. If Children, not my own, inherit my Name and Estate, is it not the Practice of every Day? Is it not much better than the Heathen Scheme of Adoption? -- The Honour of my Fa-

mily, which my virtuous Sifter makes fuch; Noise about, is a Farce, and I suppose she though fo. when the ran away with my Father's Foot man. Does the imagine that the Son of fuch ; Scoundrel shall enjoy my Fortune ? --- Then as to a virtuous Wife, I know the World too well to expect fuch a one, but I likewife know, that had rather have a Part in a young Wench, that the Whole of any old Woman breathing.'-- In short, Sir John was Resolute, or rather, Positive Mils Bridoon was advanc'd to his Bed, and Confum

matum est rang through the Parish.

LADY CURTOUS was extreamly pretty. He Eyes spoke, and her great Vivacity and Sprightli ness had attractive Qualities. - An House mag nificently furnish'd. ——A Number of Servants with Coach, Chariot, &c. were so infinite beyond her Hopes, that her little Head bega to turn. Her Constitution and Soil were so good that the Seeds of Example grew up surprising fast, and afforded a plentiful Crop of the mo fashionable Pollies. In a short Time, she had con tracted a Variety of Acquaintances, and vaftly in prov'd in modern Politeness .-- Plays, Operas an Visits, went a constant Round, and Drums, Rout and Affemblies employ'd her Time at Home an Abroad, She had a paffion for Play, and play very deep. Here indeed, her low Birth was con spicuous, for, not being educated from her Child hood, like other Ladies of Quality, in the tru Principles of Gaming, she made but a small Pro gress in that Science, and play'd so ill, and lost much Money, that her charming Company w greatly courted and admir'd.

SIR JOHN was very indifferent about these Ma ters. He allow'd her Two Hundred Pounds a Ye as Pin-money, but was fo rigid and exact, that Art, nor all her Ladyship's Contrivances, coul extract a Shilling more .-- Coneyrs knew of larg

e dif 10.---ne V und

ums

vhip

ne Bo as (reat I IN

form er La Tods,

er La good ve hi tal E

in'd r Pre r Fav her I

came THIS epuffer at his

mpts c dions Lad

out, t to d Affair THE

fed to rs. Sien ated hi

ery v ole Fa ty, bu

TACK CONNOR, now CONYERS. 241

ums loft at Cards, and was furpris'd how her Lawhip could answer so many Demands, but at last ediscover'd, that her Play-Purse was inexhausti-... Notwithstanding the Multitude of Affairs, and e Variety of Employments on her Hands, the und a Time to present to Sir John a Brace of ne Boys. Her Ladyship was Happy, the old Knight as Content, and Family Affairs went on with

reat Harmony.

uch

ough

Foot-

ach a

as to

vell to

that I

than

·---Ir

fitive

n fum-

He

ightli

mag

rvants

initeh

bega

good

ifingly

mot

d con

ly im

as an

Rout

ne an

play'

as con

Child

he tru

1 Pro

loft f

ny W

e Mal

a Ye

that n

coul

f larg Sum In about three Months Conyers pick'd out this formation from the Steward, and Mrs. Sieve. r Ladyship's Woman. This last threw in some lods. Winks and Innuendoes, but the Honour of Lady was always Sacred. Mrs. Sieve conceiv'd good Opinion of Fack, and on many Occasions we him Proof of her Efteem .--- He had felt the al Effects of fuch Friendship, and was detern'd to avoid every Temptation .--- He shunp'd r Presence as much as possible, and even slighted Favours .-- His Conduct was fuch an Affront her Pride and Beauty, that the thifted Sides, and came an implacable Enemy.

This kind Creature had laid many Schemes to puffels her Lady against Fack. She infinuated at his Impudence had not only dar'd to make Atnots on her Virtue, but had even mutter'd Retions on her Ladyship .-- Fired at his Insolence, Lady determin'd to have him immediately kickout, but the artful Sieve begg'd of her Lady thip to disparage herself so much as to speak of such Affair, but to worm the Fellow out by Degrees.

THE Resolution being taken, my Lady never fed teizing Sir John, till he grew peevish .--s. Sieve affronted fack openly, and the Steward ated him with great Impertinence. Conyers found ery visible Change in the Countenances of the ole Family, and was made very uneasy in his ty, but knew not what to ascribe it to.--- One

Evening,

old

Tho beld

.

Way

you

Tin

my . 6 E

with

Days

on a l cqua

-- a

ny w reply'e

no W

re ve tient (

ortab

ny Fr w to

m pre ning c

e Bill.

thank Fort

him t

e other

Ian the

Vords,

Evening, Sir John us'd him a little harshly, b the Humility of Fack spoke much in his Favor and oblig'd the Knight, with fome good Humon to alk him, What he had done to my Lady and h Woman ? -- I protest, Sir, said Jack, I have do nothing .-- Nothing ! cry'd Sir John, Nay th I know your Crime; you can never be forgive ... Oons! a Handsome Fellow of your Age

fuch a Family as this, and do Nothing !-- The art a filly Blockhead, and I am forry for it, by

Fravel you must; however, I'm determin'd n I shall stay till I get you another Service, and in

one in your Place.'s

JACK had been so accustom'd to Disappoint ments, that he bore this with great Temper u Refignation. He inform'd his Friend Dr. St. mour of this Revolution, and told him what was Occasion of it, which he had learn'd from House Maid. The good Man lifted up his Ey begg'd of him to have Patience, and promis'd

look out for a more agreeable Employment. SOME Days after, Conyers was busy with John when Mr. Sampson enter'd. The Knight a great Regard for this Gentleman, and was treamly Civil to him .- Well, Friend Sample faid be, Time was, when we us'd to meet ofm but this plaguy Gout makes me perform a tedio Quarentine you fee. - Ah Sir John, ref bant, Mr. Sampson, you are at Anchor in a fafe H nd I d bour, but I have all your Ailments, and am b e does, fetted about in stormy Winds.'-- Not fo, e is he fo, answer'd the Knight, I hope my old Fix ish you and Acquaintance is in no Danger of Shipwin Ir. San --- No Misfortunes I hope.'--- None, faid ided he

Sampson, but what my Temper can bear. have loft my only Child, just such a Youth

that, (pointing to Jack.) I have lost the best ! of my Substance by the War, and I have for JACK CONNOR, now CONYERS. 243

ald Age and Infirmities .- But, is it not just, I hould refign with Patience what I enjoy'd and

held but at the Will of the Donor?"

VON

mou

db

do

y the

ge The

d yo

d h

ppoin

per u

St. I

Wast

m I

is Ex

nis'd

vith |

ighth

W25

Sample

et ofto

a tedio

repl

fe H

am b

fo,

ld File

nipwr

faid I

bear.

Youth

beft

ave for

MR. SAMPSON, said Sir John, you were always a Philosopher, but I am really concern'd at your Misfortunes. Perhaps some Money, at this Time, may have its Use, and I wish it was in my Power to affift you, but, really my Family is 6 Expensive, that I am quite Poor at present. I wish I had seen you last Week, for, 'tis but two Days ago fince I parted with all my ready Money na Mortgage .-- Truly I am angry at your not equainting me with your Distresses---Indeed I am - and you know the Pleasure I take in affisting ny worthy Friends.'--- You are extreamly good, ph'd Mr. Sampson, but, thank God, I am in Want. When my Debts are collected, which revery numerous, I shall have more than suffiient to maintain my dear Wife and I, in a comortable Manner. Indeed I am ill able to attend by Friends, and much want an honest young Felw to affift me .-- I believe, faid Sir John, I m pretty deep in your Books .--- The last Christning confum'd a deal of Wine; but if you have e Bill, I shall see and discharge it.'--- Mr. Sampthank'd the Knight, and receiv'd One hundred Forty Pounds, for which Jack drew a Receipt him to fign .-- ' I protest, Sir, faid the Merbant, your young Man writes a charming Hand, nd I dare say understands Accounts.'-- That edoes, answer'd Sir John, and extreamly well. e is honest, sober, and diligent, and I heartily ish you had his Equal, What will you give me, Ir. Sampson, if I affign him over to you, proded he consents ? --- 'I shall give you, answer'd e other, my fincere Thanks, and the young Ian the best of Usage in my Power.'--- In two Vords, reply'd the Knight, I know of no Fault

244 The HISTORY of

he has, but being too virtuous and modest for m

good Family. My Lady's Maid has fet m Lady against him. I know their Tricks, but

don't mind them'

Some Questions pass'd, and in less than half a Hour the Affair was concluded on.—Jackto ceived Fifteen Pounds for six Months Wages, an wishing Sir John all Happiness, once more shiften his Station.

CHAP. VIII.

A genealogical Table, true or false, of illustrious he cestors: a large Estate: a numerous Equipage and considerable Employments, are what we generally call Noble. But Virtue judges in a different Manner. She takes the Great from aming the Grandeur which surrounds him: Undress him of the Vanity that disguises him, and rate the Value of the Man by the Man himself. Under the Appearance of Nobility she may find Fool, a Villain, or a Coward; and in all beian Obscurity discover real Greatness and Probity of Manners. As right Reason is of all contries, the Wise in all Ages have spoken on the Subject in one uniforn, constant Manner.

SANADON'S Note on 6th S.

Ift B. of Horace.

When Sense and Judgment are to be expected or never.—He has been happy.—He has been trouble.—He has been seen for him) rich.—He been poor, and in the utmost Affliction.—These the Pages of the Book of Nature, and those we read them not carefully, must have very impersional interest.

HE was once more happy. -He had a Plea

om as conel onel

appe on. ix'd ad he

In d ca

much a sh

e ver ere fe ortme id agr

ove and hich their Friday, MRs. irestes

out Fire en ma

tous and ar Thince, w

d fo a oved h

old adva er Sister THE

G

. 1

JACK CONNOR, now CONYERS. 245 om the Countenance of Mr. Sampson, which as open and free, with every Indication of an onest and tender Heart. Mrs. Sampson could not frain a few Tears at the Sight of Conyers, for it appened that he much resembled her deceased on. She view'd him with Pleasure, but it was

ix'd with Anxiety. She regarded him as a Child.

nd he respected her as a Parent.

for m

fet m

, but

half a

Tackte

es, an

Shifte

ius A

uipag we g

n a di

amia

ndreff

d rat

. U

find

a a Pl

nd Pr

ell Con

on th

h S.

of Li

pect

been

-Hel

hefe

le w

perf

Pleal

In his Employment he was extreamly affiduous and careful, and went on very successfully in colding Mr. Sampson's Debts, and settling his Acounts. The good Man was happy, for Conyers, much as possible, made all Things easy to him. In a short Time he acquir'd their Favour and Condence, and was perfectly familiar.—The Boy, to very young Man was quite over. His Thoughts ere serious, but he acted with Vigour. His Department was decent, and his Conversation chearful adagreeable. His Duty was his Pleasure, and the over and Respect of the Family was his Reward, hich they could not avoid shewing before all eir Friends.

MRS. Sampson and her Sister had been Coiresses, and had each an Estate in *******, of aout Five hundred Pounds a Year. The Sister had
ten married to Mr. Gold, a Turkey Merchant, who
ed about four Years since, and added Fifteen
housand Pounds to her Fortune. Mrs. Gold was
tar Thirty-seven Years of Age, of a noble Prence, with great good Nature and Prudence. She
intinued a Widow in Spite of many Sollicitations
d so affectionately lov'd her Sister, that she reoved her Habitation to be nearer to her. When
It Sampson was in distress with his Creditors, Mrs.
old advanc'd him Six Thousand Pounds on his and
r Sister's Security.

THE Sisters were almost constantly with each

other, and Conyers was always of the Party.—Mrs Goldhad read, and an excellent Understanding.—Mrs Sampson was a chearful and agreeable Companion—Her Husband had solid Sense, and great good Humour; and Conyers enliven'd the Conversation by a thousand pleasant Circumstances, but with such natural Elegance and Beauty, that greatly pleasant

improv'd and diverted.

Sometimes their Entertainment was of a ferious Nature, and fell on the Follies of the World—The mad Extravagance of some, and the, equally mad, Penury of others.—On Justice, Virtue Charity, and the like.—Mrs. Gold spoke on the Heads with great Strength of Reason, and Mr. Con yers enforced her Arguments by sundry historica Passages, and by Accidents to which he had been Witness.—He was a Master of the Subject, and a different Times, went through the Moral and Social Duties, with such Spirit and Force, that the were charm'd with his Knowledge, and edified his Words.

his Words. ' HAPPY would it be, Said Mrs. Gold, if a ' Mankind thought like Mr. Convers.' - An ' still more so, reply'd her Sifter, if they acted in him, for I verily believe he practifes his ow ' Doctrine.' Madam, answer'd Conyers, I at extreamly happy in your good Opinion; but per mit me to fay, tho' I endeavour, and I hope, ' my Duty as I ought, yet I have greatly err'd. ' have been idle; I have been extravagant, and I speak it to my Shame, I have been vicious; the Goodness of this Family strengthens my Re folution, and confirms me in my honest Purpose of Amendment. If, rephy'd Mrs. Gold, yo have been criminal, your Confession and Repeat tance encreases your Worth.'— Who has no been criminal? faid Mr. Sampson.—To com

mit a Fault is bad, but to persevere is infamou

For o

and

Degr

must faid

was a good

Thing

pressi Matt

· Se

bit w

is a p putat

conde

Conc

fame

capal

their

Weak

It is

and I

to le

his F

his I

SOM

d for

by

easan

ad go

fore

rs. G

vouri

you

your

gies d no

leafu

JACK CONNOR, now CONYERS. 247

For ought I know, Vice has its Use, as it sets off and hightens the Beauties of Virtue to such a Degree that, Common Sense, and even Ignorance must be charm'd with it.'—— 'Mr. Conyers, said Mrs. Gold, has one Virtue which I wish was a little more general. Tho' he has been so good, agreeably to entertain us with Persons and Things, yet has he never dropp'd an harsh Expression against Particulars, nor has he given

Matters an ill natur'd Construction.'

bit where it will, is a mean and vulgar Vice. It is a poor and vile Attempt to raise our own Reputation on the Ruins of another. When some condemn the Actions of a Man, and paint his Conduct in odious Colours, do they not at the same Time modestly intimate, that They are incapable of such Errors?—Pride speaks; not their Pity.—To compassionate the Frailties and Weaknesses of a Man, is the Duty of a Man.—It is his Office to set him Right by Tenderness and Humanity, and not by Reproach and Slander to lead him more astray. Should he continue in his Folly, the wisest Maxim is, to commissionate his Insirmities, and avoid an Imitation.

Some Evenings they pass'd their Time at Cards, and sometimes the Ladies went to a Play, attendable Conyers. This gave Rise to a Variety of reasant Chat, where Jack shew'd his Memory ad good Taste, but it was a considerable Time fore they discover'd he had an excellent Voice. Its. Gold was fond of Musick, and he humming a wourite Air,—'Bless me, faid she, I protest you have it quite perfect,—we must insist on your Singing it out.'—He made a few Apopies but obey'd.—This was what the Family a not expect, and encreased their Surprize and leasure.—By degrees he shew'd his Skill in the

L. 4 Fren

mou Fo

-Mrs

.-- Mrs

panion

at goo

erfatio

th fud

pleas'd

of a fe

World

equal

Virtue

thef

r. Con

Rorica

beer

and,

and So

at the

fiedb

if a

- An

ed lik

s ow

at per

pe, d

'd.

and

, bu

rpole

, yo

epen

as no

COM

French Language,—that he was no Stranger Latin and Greek, and that he understood Dancing Fencing and Horsemanship. In a Word, he shew

them what a Gentleman ought to be.

THE Behaviour of Conyers puzzled Mrs. Cold She could not conceive how a Man in hi Station could acquire so many genteel Accomplish ments. - She thought there was a Mystery in it, and when the had just determin'd to find it out,- ' Lon bless me, faid she, why should I trouble myself about what is not my Concern?' -- At that la stant, she felt a prodigious Flushing in her Face and some Sensations she had not been lately at custom'd to. She began to suspect the Cause and with great Caution, fat down to examine he Heart, and reason with herself,-that is-to for out Reasons to correspond with her Inclinations. The Truth is, she discover'd so many, that Interest and the Pride of Family, were fairly routed, as Prudence and Esteem got the better. She would not call it Love, as the thought it a too fenture Term for one of her Years. She own'd then garded the Virtues and Qualifications of Mr. Com yers but the Comeliness of his Person was mere accidental, and quite out of the Question .- How ever, That Contingent and his Youth had certain Some Weight. Be this as it will, her Resolution was taken, b

determin'd not to proceed too rashly. On a certa Day, when she knew her Sister would not stir ou she wrote her a Gard, and begg'd Mr. Conya might be sent to take Gare of her to the Pla where she was engag'd with some Gompany. Jack dress'd himself properly, and waited on Mr. Gold. He had no Schemes in View, so his Action were Free, and without Reserve. He had a gre Regard for the Widow, which made him fond every Opportunity of obliging her. Perhaps she

for Char

had

Lor alor

Con

Conye out re Readi Word

which we will

erfati lemai na, ar

lap at liss 7. A N l the

ord, his bef am, I ir the

t Mai nterta little

bend ho wa erfatio ot to h

ea-Cu

JACK CONNOR, now CONEYRS. 249

had observed this, and gave it a flattering Construcion.-He found her most neatly dress'd, and, for the first Time, particularly remark'd Charms.

ingert

ancing

hew'

. Gold in hi

mplish

it, an

Lon

myself

at lo

r Face

ely ac Caule

ne he

o fin

ons.

ntere

d, an

would

fenlu

the re

. Con

merel

-How

rtain

en, b

certai

ir ou

onyer

Pla

any.

n Mr

Ction

I AM quite asham'd, faid she, to give Mr. Convers so much Trouble for nothing. Our Party is broke rather than miss the Conscious Lovers, I was determin'd to beg your Company alone, had not Mrs. Talkative and her Daughter fent Word they'd drink Tea with me.'-Convers said, he was forry she was disappointed, utrejoyced at every Occasion that could shew his Readiness in obeying her commands.—A few Words pass'd, and he attempted to take his Leave. which she would not permit. - 'After all, said she, we can be as well at Home, and my Brother will not expect you till after the Play.'-A Conersation then began on the Comedy, and many lemarks were made on the odd Situation of Indina, and the Noble Constancy of Bevil. A loud ap at the Door spoke the Arrival of Mrs. and lis Talkative, and stopp'd their Proceedings.

A NEW Field now open'd .- In a short Time Ithe Tittle-tattle of the Parish was display'd .ord, Mrs. Gold, you surprise me. - Not hear of his before !- Not I indeed Madam .- Dear Maan, I purtest I've forgot most of the Particklers, the Story is four Days old .- Very strange inted!—Why my Dear they were actually eaught, t Matrimony Salves all. - This Sort of rational ntertainment lasted till Tea was produc'd, which little eased the Thoughts of Convers. He seem'd bend his Eyes and Regard on Miss Talkative, ho was very pretty, and had began a Sort of Conrsation. Mrs. Gold observ'd it; which added otto her Repose. She was so absent, that her ca-Cup slip'd from her Hand, and broke to Pieces,

L 5 which

ps A

ha

gre ond which broke off their Chat. Tea finish'd, she put on a grave Air, and the Ladies put on their Capu-

1 16

f to

.

n

e it

ted

artfu

Hint

carri

duct

Long

hand

expu

Aruci Surr

fectir

quen

caufe

becau

ended

perl

Inc

to t

Jac

mer

quir

with

excu

trim

ture

I ca

mof

that

with

H

chins, to compleat their Evening Visits.

CONYERS, unwittingly, had like to have spoil'd all, but Mrs. Gold's hinting- ' One must be civil to fuch fort of People—gave him an Opportunity of faying, He wonder'd of what Use they were in the World. 'The Daughter, faid he, is pretty, but the eternal Clatter of her little Tongue will give some poor Man a great deal of Vexa-' tion.'- ' And yet, faid Mrs. Gold, her Fortune will get her a Husband .- You Men are all alike, and I dare fay, you would map at her in an Instant, ' if you could.'—' I shall not, said Jack, affirm or deny a Thing I have not thought about, for l " neither know the Lady or her Fortune; but really, Madam, I think I ought to have been exempted in your general Censure.-Were I capable of marrying merely for Money, the Situation I am in, and my Poverty, would excuse me to the World, but who would excuse me to my Gonfcience? Who could give me Joy of an Equipage, when compell'd to take Pride, Affectation, Felly, and Nonfense to my Arms? I may be ambitious, but I affure you, Madam, poor asl am, I have not the least Ambition of being miferable. MR 9 GOLD was not displeas'd at his Sentiments,

and the Conversation turn'd on more diverting Subjects, tho' she, at last, very dextrously contriv'd to bring Matrimony, once more on the Carpet.—'I own my Surprize, said she, that a young Man of your Understanding, has not found out one Woman capable of making you happy and easy.

Such there are, but you are either too indolent or indifferent, or else your Heart is engag'd to some

distant Fair Onc. Come, Mr. Conyers, be

fincere, and indulge a Curiofity our Sex is fub.

TACK CONNOR, NOW CONYERS. 251 iect to, and recite your Adventures, for I am apt to believe they must be somewhat extraordinary." In truth, Madam, faid Convers, they are not worth your Notice; but fince you command,

it is my Duty to obey.?

e put Capu-

b'lioc

civil

unity

were

pret-

ngue

exa-

rtune

alike,

fant,

m of

for I

realex-

cap-

Situa-

fe me

to my

Equi-

ation,

ay be

r as I

g mi-

gents,

Sub-

'd to

-11

Ian of

e Wo-

eafy.

ent of

fome

s, be

fub. · ject

HE then began a Narrative of his Life, and painted his Sufferings in a very moving Manner. He artfully avoided the Place of his Birth or the least Hint of Ireland, as it might occasion Scandal. He carried her to the Weaver's in Spittle Fields; conducted her to France, and brought her back to His Amours were very delicately London .. handled, but his Hounflow Expedition was quite expung'd. He dwelt long on Mr. Kindly's Infructions and Letter, and the Misery he was in, in Surry. His History was long, and sometimes so affesting, that Mrs. Gold was oblig'd to make frequent Use of her Handkerchief .- She pity'd bim because he was unfortunate, and he began to lover her, because he saw she pity'd him. -- When he had ended, a profound Silence enfu'd.

SINCE, faid she, at last, your Heart is free, perhaps I may affift in fetting your Mind at Ease. -I think I know a Lady who has Power, and Inclination equal to it. Will you give me Leave to try my Skill? Permit me, Madam, faid Jack, to return my most humble Acknowledgments for your Goodness, but as you have required my Sincerity, I shall still continue it, and with that honest Freedom, your good Sense willexcuse.—I have no Objections, Madam, to Matrimony, and have a certain Constancy in my Nature, that might make me a good Husband; but I cannot answer for my Temper, if I did not most affectionately, love my Wife. To have that Love, I must know her, I must converse with her, I must first admire her Virtues and efteem

Op

YO

SH

da

x'd,

t lei

dera

ent a

eyon

ain S

acte

first

fulpe

talk,

ject,

envy

you a

Vani

from

once

Mr.

Heart

have i

by as

shall !

Broth

your !

CON

pper b oweve

r and

difguis

ived, t

our o

y part Rest,

esteem her Understanding. This, Madam, in not the Work of a Week, or a Month; and to marry otherwise, there is a Possibility of being

happy, but the Chances are infinitely against me True, I may be made rich, but an hundred m

one I may be made wretched.

Your Reasons, faid Mrs. Gold, are very july yet I believe you will allow there are some Exceptions, neither do I want any personal Com-

pliment when I alk you, if a Woman of Fortune and every-way like me, could please you?

Madam, — faid Jack, — I — I — really know not how or what to answer.' — She say

him confused, and added, 'I shall make's plainer. Suppose for Argument-Sake, I should

have such a Notion in my Head, — Do you

think you could truly and fincerely regard me?'-Regard you, Madam, reply'd Conyers, --- 'Ye

on my Soul, I should for ever regard, love and

adore you! ——But, dear Madam, why do you take Pleasure in tormenting so poor an Animali

Why do you question me like a Prisoner

the Rack, and make me confess, what my Safe ty obliges me to hide? — But 1 have done

and can scarcely hope your Pardon, for wha

I've already said.—' Mr. Conyers, said she, with a bashful Air, I not only pardon, but shall en

deavour to mitigate your Anxieties. — I have lev's

your Actions; I have read your Heart, and, think, I have discover'd in you a Soul incapable

of Meanne is or Falstood. The you have n

Fortune, I have often thought you deserv'd one _____ I speak to your Understanding, and am no

afraid of being censured by it.—Let the lucration

World run after Wealth.—It has pleas'd Heave to indulge me with enough to make two rations

Creatures happy.—Should you be of the fam

Opinion,

Opinion, the little Share I can give, is freely at

your Service.'

a, i

d to

being

t me

ed to

jul

Ex

Com-

rtune

really

e fav

akei

hould

you e?'-

Yes

e and

O YOU

imali

ner of

Safe

done

what

with

all en I have

iew'

and, apable

ave n

d one

m no

rativ

leave ationa

fami

inion

SHE hung down her Head, and impatiently waitd a Reply. — Conyers gaz'd, —his Eyes were x'd, and his Mouth could only feem to fpeak.t length, he rose up, and throwing aside all Conderation, embrac'd Mrs. Gold in so tender, so arent a Manner, that convinced her of his Sincerity. eyond the Utterance of a thousand Words, and ain Speeches .- ' Confess, said she, that I have afted like a Woman of Courage, by making the first Attack; I wish my Prudence be not more suspected.' -- 'Tho,' faid Convers, the World will talk, yet believe me, I shall give them such a Subiect, that our Love and Harmony shall be rather envy'd than imitated. - Give me Leave to call you my dearest Life, and to assure you, without Vanity, that you entirely possess an Heart free from Flattery, Art or Deceit .- Oh! make me once more happy, and fay you will be mine.'-Mr. Conyers faid she, there is my Hand---my Heart you have already.—But no more.—You have my Promise, and rely on it.'- ' Dear Madam faid Conyers, let me not feem too impatient. by asking, When?'- ' Be fatisfied, said she, it hall not be long, for I hope foon to bring my Brother and Sister into my Scheme; but I beg your Silence till then.'

CONYERS promis'd to be directed by her; and pper being ferv'd, a different Conversation began. pwever it was once more renew'd, and many tenand affectionate Expressions, the Eloquence of disguis'd Passion, were mutually given and reved, till Time, with hasty Steps approach'd the our of Twelve. With some Difficulty y parted. He foon retir'd to Bed, but not

Rest, for Mrs. Gold had murder'd Sleep.

'Twould

Twould be tedious to mention the Method she took to open this Affair to her Sister. - She wa her own Mistress, but still wanted a Sanction. No doubt the Reader will imagine the Surprize of the Family, and he must likewise imagine the many A guments on both Sides, before Mrs. Sampfon, and her Husband, consented, which at last they did. The Truth is, Mrs. Gold, like most of the World ask'd Advice, but was determin'd to follow her our There was no Necessity for a Settlement, but fmall Writing was drawn in Favour of Children, or Failure of which, the langest Liver took all, excent Five thousand Pounds, which each had a Power

bequeath by Will.

THUS all Matters being adjusted, the Day w fix'd, and Doctor St. Amour acquainted with who provided a proper Place at Putney, where h met the Company. The good Man loaded Ju with Caresses and Compliments, and felicitate Mrs. Gold on her happy Choice .- I must, Madan faid he, admire, and shall for ever admire you Judgment and Understanding, that could discon Virtue and Honour under the Cloud of Poverty dispel the Mist, and take it to your Arms.'-He made a very pathetick Discourse, but his a clusion was infinitely pleasing to Mr. Conyers, an perhaps, not less so to Mrs. Gold, for he join their Hands, and, ending his Part of the Ceremon bles'd the Happy Pair, and left them to finish Remainder.

CHA

B

٨

A

B

A

H

t

ofper

Wei

d eve

digent

ently

hat T hen I

orld

pute 1

et, an

ce pou

ire the

-Th

dence v

, attri erit. Our w Co

ey wer hen he ticing : rd, th ich, a

CHAP. IX.

ethod

of th

y Ar

did.

Vorld

r own

but

en, o

CXCep

Wer t

V W

vith i

ere h

d Fu

citate

Tadan

e you

iscov

verty

is Ca

s, an

join

emon

ih

HA

Grant me the Social Joys of Life
In easy Converse, free from Strife;
Not wrangling for an empty Name,
But raising Virtue into Fame.
Not, with vile Breath, abuse the Great,
And prate, because I dare to prate;
But, hear Instruction, or to give,
And Learn, or Teach, each Day I live.
Anoni Mous.

THE Generality of the World regard the Actions of Men, but according to the Event. A osperous Villain may be internally despised, tho Wealth and Grandeur will be outwardly admir'd. deven envy'd.-Praife is facrificed to poor and ligent Virtue, but every other Reward is too freently neglected. The Wife Man of Old tells us, hat Time and Chance happeneth unto all Men .hen Misfortunes and Calamities attack us, the orld is so good to pity, but at the same Time, pute the Unhappiness to a Want of proper Cona, and to a Multitude of Errors. - When Afflure pours in, and Plenty furrounds us, they adre the Judgment, and applaud the Understanding. -Thus, the Wretched and Miferable tax Prodence with Partiality, but the Happy and Success-, attribute all to their own Prudence and Superior erit.

Our Friend Mr. Convers could not avoid some w Compliments to his Person and Abilities, as by were the Motives of his Advancement; but sen he reflected on the Goodness of his Wife in ticing and rewarding them so amply, he discord, that they proceeded from a superior Cause, sich, as it reach'd above his Comprehension, he could

could only wonder at, and, by praising the Given make Returns of Love and Gratitude to the Infin ment. - By reasoning thus, and lowering his ow Value as much as he heighten'd the Goodness Providence, his Mind became more calm, and his Heart less liable to Vanity. He was not too elate or puff'd up; for, by regarding his Wife more than her Fortune, the World was compell'd to believe he deserv'd both. -- Never was Woman mor happy than Mrs. Convers, and never could a Hu band take more Pains to oblige a Wife. - Envi faw this, but hid her Head. - MALICE, will fquinting Eye and gibeing Tongue, look'd an Spoke in vain .- JEALOUSY and vile INSINUA TION found their Arrows blunted, or flicking i the Shield of right Understanding.—The Fabric was so firmly fix'd on Honour and Good Sense, the the Decay of Nature could alone sap the Founda tion.

MR. CONYERS Still assisted his Brother Samplus and having got in most of his Debts, and settled a his Affairs, proposed, at the Request of his Wife to retire to the Country. They agreed to live in small Town near their Estate, and having provide ed every Houshold Necessary, and a good Collection of Books, they quitted the noify City, for the Peace, Tranquillity and Joys of a Rural Life. H now found himself posses'd of above Twelve Hun dred Pounds a Year, and, calling to his Memory the Conduct of Lord Truegood, resolved, as nea as possible, to follow the Example of so worthy Nobleman. Like a prudent General, he plant out his Operations; he collected his Forces, and affign'd to each Part a just Proportion. His Disti bution was exact; but Mrs. Conyers chang'd it little, by making him fensible, that his Scheme had not provided for Sickness, and many other Acci

is to Income Humand I for My

J

ints

The,

ther trace form

Allo and TH

orm'd Imufe Veek Ioufe,

riend vill no compa SIR he Pri

ne Coreen fi leather liniste

onstan with M Manly,

miable Vit and affiona Io wor

ac de was

JACK CONNOR, now Conyors. 257.

Into they were liable to.—' Let us, my Dear, faid fhe, live as genteelly as you please; But where is the absolute Necessity of spending our whole Income? My Advice is, to save at least Three Hundred Pounds a Year, to answer Contingencies, and assist a worthy Friend on Occasion, neither do I see how we can well lay out the Remainder.—My Life, faid Jack, you are quite in the Right; then be it so: It is but striking out these two extraordinary Horses, a Servant, one Dish a Day, something from the Wine, and a little from the Allowance for Cloaths and pleasurable Expences, and the Affair is just as you desire.'

THE Behaviour of this Family soon acquir'd the Esteem and Respect of the neighbouring Genemen and Ladies. Particular Friendships were orm'd, and a charming Society enliven'd every musement.—Some Gentlemen met twice a Week at the best Inn in the Town, to benefit the douse, and keep up a proper Interest, and our riend was soon invited to be of the Number.—It

fill not be amiss to mention some of this good company.

Giver

Infire

nis ow

dness o

and h

o elate

ore tha

n mon

a Hul

-ENV

, wit

c'd an

NUA

ing i

abrid

e, tha

ounda

mpfor

led a

Wife

ve in

rovid

ection

or the

H

Hun

mory

s nea

rthy

ann'd

, and

)iftri

d it

e had

Accident

Sir John Dobson, and old Colonel Manly, were the Principal. The Knight had been Member for the County in three Parliaments, as the Colonel had teen for the Town for almost Forty Years. Mr. teatherhead, Mr. Ash, Doctor Grace, who was sinister of the Parish, and Mr. Conyers made six onstant Companions.—Our Ladies were happy with Mrs. Grace and Family, and with Miss Lucy lanly, the Daughter of the Colonel, now a most miable Girl of Seventeen Years of Age. Her Wit and Understanding, with her tender and comassionate Heart, made her the Joy of her Friends. To wonder the Colonel was extremely fond, for the was the Child of his Age, and his only one.

ter

liev

Ev

ma

nia

tia

Eri

at I

1.]

ill 1

ift

La

Mr

W

a I

be !

Da

fole

Pri

Sir

vide

Im

fwe

but

fuff

wan

writ

pity

tiate

dal.

--

nour

mak

ter

Tim

and

He spoke with Pleasure of the vast Fortune he intended to leave her, and often said, he almost en-

vy'd the happy Man to whose Lot she fell.

With great Care and Attention have I examined the original Memoirs of this History, but unfortunately found not the least Hint of Amours, or, as it is call'd, the Gallantry of Mr. Conyers, during his Residence in the Country. This must certainly be a tedious Time to a Reader of Genius, who expects at every Page a well or ill contriv'd Intrigue, or somewhat wonderful or surprising to raise his Imagination, and keep up his Attention.—Tho' I cannot answer these valuable Ends, I cannot pass in Silence this Space, as my Materials are large, but must supply the Want of extraordinary Adventures in this seeming State of Inactivity, with the Substance of the most interesting Subjects, that made their Evenings pass usefully and agreeably aways

In doing this, I shall slick to my usual Brevity, and trespass as little as possible on the Patience of the Good-natur'd. I shall not summon them to every assembly, but vary the Subject by an Asterism (*) and avoid that Sort of Connection that might pin me down to Forms and Ceremonics.

In our last Argument, faid Mr. Conyers, Sir John gave us a long Differtation on the Liberty of the Press. I think we all agreed to the Useful ness of it in general, and to the Danger of suppressing any Part; yet, I cannot help thinking it alittle hard, that a Person shall have it in his Power to make a Man ridiculous, whenever he please to imagine he does Wrong.—What are most of our Pamphlets and News Papers stuffed with, but Encomiums on those out of Place, and scurrilous Restections on those in: Were we to shift the

Scene, Would not the New Ministry be abusti

ters

JACK CONNOR, now CONYERS. ters? I do not pretend to be a Politician, but believe, many who do, are just as ignorant as I am .-Every Man who spells, may write Satyr, that is, may write maliciously, as it requires little or no Genius; but to write with Truth, Candour, and Impartiality, to have Judgment sufficient to point out real Errors, but Humanity and Good-nature not to strike at Persons and Characters, is not given to every Man. 'I GRANT you, faid Sir John, some make an ill Use of Liberty, and leap beyond the Bounds; if they go too far, the Law is open, and to the Law we must leave them. 'Tis very true, faid Mr. Conyers, but they have found out a Jesuitical Way of evading even the best Law. Here are a Parcel of Pamphlets and News Papers (which he threw on the Table) fill'd with Initial Letters, Dashes, and Stars. Tho' we clearly see the Insolence and Treason, What Jury, as the Law now stands, can properly condemn the Author or Printer to lose his Ears?' -- Well, well, faid Sir John, no Matter, let them scribble on, provided they do not oblige me to believe all their Impertinence.'- Men of Sense, Sir John, anfwer'd Conyers, will always think in that Manner, but how many honest well-meaning Gentlemen fuffer themselves to be imposed on, merely for want of due Attention. - Perhaps some must write thus, or starve. In that Case, I sincerely pity them, yet I hope Mankind have not fuch vitiated Tastes, as to be delighted only with Scandal .- Would a Writer fix on a Plan of Instruction -Would he inculcate the Fear of God, and Honour to the King—Would he endeavour to make us better Parents, better Children, and bet-

ter Friends to Society-Would he employ his

Time and Learning to persuade us to Unanimity;

and not Difcord and Confusion, Who amongst us

-what honest Man, but would Praise and Ap-

plaud'

ower leafer oft of

he in-

oft en-

amin-

infor-

or, as

ing his nly be

xpects

ie, or

Ima-

ho' I

t pals

large,

dven-

th the

, that

away.

evity,

ace of

em to

eri/m

ht pin

, Sir

rty of

leful-

f fup

rilou ift the abused

Writers

260 The HISTORY of

• plaud him? But to write from Principles of En-• vy and Ill-nature, and to fow those pestilent Seeds

in the Minds of the Unwary, is certainly a Con-

duct that even Vice will condemn. To him who writes fluently and well, but with fuch Intentions.

I shall only say what a noble Lord did of the Ear

of Strafford, That God had given him Talents, but the Devil the Application.

the Liberty of the Press without endangering the Liberty of the People, I am convinced we should

be much Happier and much more free from

Squabbles and idle Disputes, but the Experiment is of too Tender and Delicate a Nature to with

feeing it attempted, tho' I verily believe News Writers and Pamphleteers, are the Collectors of

the fifth great Tax in the Kingdom.

WHATEVER the Equity may be, fair
Sir John, I hope never to see a new Valuation
for a Land Tax. Our Acres are pretty well
charg'd already, so let them look elsewhere i
they want to raise more Money.—Yet, reply'd
Mr. Conyers, all Taxes must at last Center of
Land.'—'I must beg Leave, reply'd the Doctor
to differ from you.—For Example: Suppose
that a Duty was laid on the Exportation of ou
Nobility and Gentry, according to their Titles.—
How could such a Tax affect the Land?—

They Travel for Health or Pleasure, and I thin ought to pay Fifty or an Hundred Pounds to their

own Country, for Permission to spend the Remainder of their Fortunes in another.—Upon

my Word, faid Squire Ash, a very notable and reasonable Scheme!—Then, continued the Doctor

If every Man who accepted an Employment

One Hundred Pounds a Year, was oblig'd to page a Year's Salary to the State, and a proportional

N

61

0

W

ha

the

de

Cen

Te

thr

W

fro

nag

Ma

·I

tho

latin

acq

Pro

forg

of th

and

were

of th

Year

Fund

mit !

D

to

C

JACK CONNOR, now CONYERS. 26

of En-

Seeds

Con-

n who

e Earl

s, but

estrain

hould from

imen

with

News

ors of

, faid

ation

well

ere il

eply's

er on

octor

ppole

of ou

les.-

think

their

Upon le and octor ent of to pay tiona ble Tax on the Commissions of Land and Sea Officers, would it not raise a large Sum, and how would it affect our Lands?——In Holland, they have what is called a Collateral Tax, that is, the Inheriter of a Fortune in Land or Money, not descending to him in a direct Line, pays 2 \frac{1}{2} per Cent. to the State. When they sell Lands or Tenements, the Seller and Purchaser pay two or three per Cent. of the Value to the Government.—Thus Gentlemen, it is plain there are many Ways of raising Money, where Taxes, so far from raising our Manufactures, might be so managed as to go infinitely cheaper to Foreign Markets.

thought my Friend Doctor Grace, had so calculating an Head, and I dare say, were the Ministry acquainted with his Genius, he would soon have Lawn Sleeves.—I am so pleas'd with his Money Projects, that I must add one, which I wonder he forgot.—For Example: Suppose all the Livings of the Clergy of England were to be new valued, and the Clergy who succeed, after a certain Day, were obliged to pay to the Government one Year of that Valuation by sour equal Payments in sour Years.—Would not this likewise make a large Fund? And how would it affect our Lands? Permit me to explain my Scheme by Figures.

Doctor Grace has Church Preferments to above 5001. a Year. I shall only Charge

Out

262 The HISTORY of

Full Land Tax at 45.

Out of this I shall deduct,

Remainder cle fides Marriage Fees	ar to the Doctor, be- c, Christning and Burial
dia in a a land Language di nas	1. 45
Hundred Pounds Books, and where to oblige his Sucy Years? And how Were this Chamb ber of Parliament Colonel, by hearti properly regulated for exempting the the Colonel, fo let man fhall be liable not One Hundred	value these Livings but at Two a Year in the King's New would be the mighty Injustice effor to pay that Sum in sour would it affect our Lands?'- ber, reply'd the Doctor, a Chamber, reply'd the Doctor, a Chamber, I should vastly disappoint the ly concurring in such a Scheme l, but I should certainly Vote poor Clergy.—Agreed, said it be resolved, that no Glergy it be resolved, that no Glergy to this New Duty, who have Pounds a Year, clear of all Derry apart, said Mr. Conyers,

very good Examples. The Wisdom of Government is best seen in the just Partition of Taxes. —To charge them who are Rich in this World

fincerely think, fomewhat of this Nature ough

to be done, and the Clergy of France have let u

is true Policy, and to ease the poor Labourer, is equal to it. To lessen the Tax on the Con-

fumption of the Poor, is, in Fact, an Advantage to the Rich, as all Manufactures and Work-

manship must lessen in Proportion.

THE Doctor mention'd, faid Sir John, some thing of poor Clergy. I am really asham'd to see

60

fo

pe

to all did

abo

has
the
Clei
puri
F
the
Gen
the J
on the
been
trary
If my

tereft

late 1

ment

houl

I fee

Pound

many

hend,

table]

ed the

to fup

I cann

1. 90

fo many, in such a Country as England, who appear like Objects of Charity, and thought, that when Queen Anne gave up her First Fruits to buy Glebe and Impropriated Tythes, they would all have comfortable Livings; but I am vastly disappointed, nor can I conceive why they are not in a better Situation. — All I know, reply'd the Doctor, is, That the Trustees for that uleful Work have had the First Fruits and Tenths, above Thirty Years. They have purchased many Glebes, and, I dare say, from their great Virtues and high Dignities, every Thing in their Power has been done for the Good of the Church. If they have not added more to the Livings of poor Clergy, I must suppose they could get no more to

purchase, or wanted a Fund.

1. 90 60

300

. 450

Two

Neu

justice

n fou

s ?'-

Cham-

nt the

heme

Vote

, Said

lergy no has

II De

ers,

ough

fet u

vem

axes

Vorla

ourer

Con

dvan-

Vork-

fome-

to fee

FAR be it from me, faid Mr. Coneyrs, to hint the least Reflection on the Honour or Integrity of Gentlemen in fuch eminent Stations, but from what the Doctor has faid, and from what I have heard on this Subject, I must conclude, that there has been no Misapplication of Money. On the contrary, I am inform'd very little has been apply'd. If my Intelligence be true, a Capital, and the Interest of a Capital, has been suffer'd to accumulate to so mighty a Sum, that I am cautious to mention it. The Revenue is certainly large, and hould the Truftees not have found out Purchases, I fee no Reason but that Twenty, Thirty, or Forty Pounds in Money, should be given annually to many poor Clergymen, which, I humbly apprehend, would fully answer the Intent of the charitable Donor. Whether the Trustees have expended their whole Fund, or whether they are enabled to support Twenty or Two Hundred Clergymen, I cannot possitively affert; but sure I am, that as

the Wisdom of the Legislature would not be less manifested by a fair and honest Enquiry into it

fo I am equally satisfied, that the Integrity an

Honour of the Trustees would be thus clearly de

monstrated, and malevolent and clamorou

· Tongues filenced.

Matters were carry'd fo far Yesterday. We had warn Words, very warm Words. In the Name of Good ness, what had They or We to do in the Affair?--- the French prevail over us, I am sorry for it, an and pray God it may be otherwise.--- If we be them, I rejoice and am thankful. But to argue that some Things ought to have been done, an that others ought to have been undone, is certain ly idle, for, I prosess, I believe we know nothin of the Matter.'---Right, Right, said Sir John but you know my Rule is, never to contradic or dispute about what I do not understand, especially.

cially when I am convinc'd that my Antagonisti

equally ignorant.

Plague of Society. The more they feem Gentle men, the more Mischief they do, for, as the choose, and commonly herd but with People inferior Capacities, they pass current for vast Genius's, and are applauded for their mighty Under standings. I have often laugh'd to hear a Company of honest Citizens, fighting over the verence Battles I had been in, and minutely mentioning a thousand Circumstances that never did or could have happen'd, and have endeavour'd, and some times with Success, to put my good Countryme

right. -- I remember when I was a young Man and return'd from the Campaign of 1707, who

the Duke of Marlborough did not fight the French
I stroll'd into a City Coffee house, where a youn

per

per

his

Blu

I w

to

Ma Lin

be,

ed

the

wh

and

pre

all 1

gave

in A

ry e

him

recei

of th

Soap

inno

come

The

ith,

at th

to be

ing A

the C

be, a

thinki

towa

know

a mili

be lef

nto it

ty an

rly de

norou

n forr

warn Good

?---

it, an e bea

argue

e, an

ertain

othin

Fohn

tradid efpe

onist i

re th

Gentle

s the ople d

aft Go

Inder

Com

e ver

tionin

coul

fome

ryme Man

whe

rench youn

per

pert Soap-boiler was most eloquently displaying his Talents, and diverting his Audience with the Blunders and Misconduct of the Duke .-- I own I was foolish enough to be provok'd, and long'd to chaffize his Infolence. At last, the young Man to illustrate his Subject, chalk'd out two Lines on the Table .-- " Now, Gentlemen, faid he, here lay the French, --- and here the Allyed Army, with this trifling River between them .-- Now, (still pointing with his Finger) why the Devil the Duke did not cross the River. and beat the French Scoundrels, is past my Comprehension."--- He was proceeding, but I lost all Patience, for, stretching over my Cane, I gave his Fingers a pretty fevere Rebuke .--- He rose in Anger, and demanded a Reason, when I very coolly reply'd .- It was only to convince him, that in paffing a River, an Army might receive a Rap over the Nuckles .- The Laugh of the Company was on my Side, and the poor Soap-Boiler look'd mighty filly.'

'WHY there it is, faid Sir John, an honest innocent Man can't speak his Mind freely, but up comes a Red Coat, and knocks him down .-The Colonel fays, he was then young and foolih, but how many have we of the same Stamp, at this Day ? God help us ! when we are to be govern'd, or, rather, controul'd by a Stand. ing Army! -- God help us, indeed, reply'd the Colonel, but for my Part, I promise you I will never live to fee that Day.'--- That may be, answer'd 'Squire Ash; but really I can't help thinking, some People are making large Strides, towards it, and where it may end, Heaven knows!---Is't not a plain Case, they want us a military Government, by raising such an irmy, and employing them in a foolish War on the Con-M

266 The HISTORY of

OU

Pr

W

of

wi

In

wi

Con

har

U

for

fhal

6 7

Fran

will

othe

as A

ther

othe

' V

Dut

was

fuch

CHA

WH

and

Son,

but

Head

ing M

haps,

to fa

BON .

"IN

tion o

Midst

GARY

tinent, where, every News Paper will tell you we have not the least Business?--- If we mu have a War, and be blooded by Taxes, le us, a God's Name, give the Queen of Hungar her Belly-full of Money, but let us spare the Blood of Old England.' WELL said Mr. Ash, reply'd Sir John, vo fpeak my Sentiments, and, I believe, the Sen timents, of every honest Man in Great Britain but I am afraid all this mighty Hurry and Noise and Expence of Blood and Treasure, is mon on Account of some G-D-, that ' any Good intended to us. If they mean a re Advantage to England, let them fend for her Wooden Walls and scour the Ocean .-We may do some Good there, and let Europe ' fight on the Continent to Eternity, provide we keep them out of our own natural Tem tories; nay, the more they quarrel and know one another's Brains out Abroad, the better it for us at Home .-- Read our Annals, Colonel. They were glorious Times, when our honest M ' litia, headed by Country Gentlemen, could for out and beat the French on their own Ground'. Pray, Sir, faid the Colonel, what Business h these Country Gentlemen and gallant Militia France? Business! reply'd Sir John,why, they went to conquer and keep the Fren at a Distance; and when they had conquer to keep their Conquests. Had we not No MANDY AQUITAN, ANJOY, and almost Ha of France? --- Very true, answer'd the Colone · and, as if it were done to shew us our Folly, Woman drove this mighty Militia almost out All.'--- Ay, faid Mr. Coneyrs, and we we full as Glorious when we burnt this poor W man for a Witch ... Those, said the Doctor were the Days of glorious Ignorance !'...' H

TACK CONNOR, now CONYERS. 267

you.

mul

s, le

ngar

e th

, yo Sen

itain

Noife

mor

, tha

a rea

fort

Euro

ovide

Terr

knoo

er it

nel.

eft M

ld fle

und'-

efs h

litia

n .-

Fren

quer'

t No

of Ha

Colone

folly, t out

e we

or W

Docto

.. ' H

6 0

our Ancestors conquer'd Part of France, or had Provinces descended by Right to our Kings, they were mad to pretend to keep them for the Good of England .- Had they erected a Kingdom within that Kingdom, and given it an Head of Importance and Weight, they would have done wisely.'- Very well observ'd, cry'd Mr. Convers. I fear the Church Militant will be too hard for Country Gentlemen.'

LMUST beg your Patience, faid Colonel Manly, for I have a few Words to offer, and hope I

shall never be call'd on this Subject again.

'THE Vicinity, faid he, of Great-Britain and France, and the Rivalship in Glory and Trade, will ever make them natural Enemies to each other. The Views of France are as unbounded as Ambition. Our's are more confin'd, and rather lead us to cheque the exorbitant Power of others, than to encrease our own.'

'WHEN LEWIS the XIVth made War on the Dutch, and gave his GLORY for the Reason, it was the Heighth of true Glory to relift and cheque such an unchristian Scheme, but, unhappily, our

CHARLES the Second was his Pensioner.

WHEN this mighty Lewis, contrary to Faith and folemn Treaties, gave SPAIN to his Grandson, our Interest joyn'd to frustrate the Project; but when Charles, our King of Spain, became Head of the Empire, our Interest opposed his being Master of two such Monarchies, tho', perhaps, our Policy was unfound to suffer Spain to fall to any Branch of the House of Bour-

In the present War, when France, in Violation of the most folemn Engagements, and in the Midst of profound Peace, attack'd the Empire; when the had made the QUEEN of HUN-GARY a Fugitive, even to the Subjects she, or her

M 2

her Family, had oppressed the most;—when she had near overturn'd the Great Weight that kept

her Ambition from trampling on the Neck of Eu.

rope, our Interest, our Happiness and our Honour compell'd us to join against her.—If our little

" Army in Flanders, was not so successful as we

wish'd, they were led on with a noble Spirit; they fought like themselves, and retir'd from Num.

bers, rather fatigu'd than conquer'd.—We now

know the Truth. We know our Troops deferved, tho' they had not Victory. --- We now Praise

their Valour, but the French do more—They

Dread it.

In the Name of God, How can our Government, or our *General* act?---If we had not fent Troops to *Flanders* to convince the World we were hearty in the Caufe, and in some Measure, to

persuade the Dutch into our Sentiments, what a Load of Scandal would have issued from the

Press ?--- If our General had tamely look'd on,

and not attempted the Relief of TOURNAY,

would not every scribling Fellow pour down from his Garret as much Abuse, as they now

Honour him with for acting otherwise?...Oh!

But we were repuls'd at FONTENOY, and have

lost Flanders. --- What then? --- If we argue from Consequences, we had best never Begin, because

we can never End. --- In War, as in Law, Trade,

and every other human Project, it suffices, that

the Motive of Action was founded in Reason,

Justice and Honour, but as to the Consequences, we must submit to the Disposer of all Things.

KING WILLIAM, and Queen ANN's Wars,

had the same Rife. Perhaps that Glorious Mo-

narch deserv'd as much Praise in his Defeats, as the Great Marlborough receiv'd for his Victories.

The King did not escape Calumny :-- Marlborough

had

had

Co

T

ari

ly

ty

mo

fro

Ih

the

Shi

con

wif

Fun

and

of t

tive

tune

Blef

Lib

tory

tle or

Thir

cipli

quire

Sinc

can t

"IN

nour

at the

hazar

mily,

up on

carefi

respec

JACK CONNOR, now Convers. 269

had his Share ; --- was difgrac'd, and even exil'd for

Conquering !

n the

kept

f Eu.

Ionour little

they

Num-

now

eferv-

Praise

They

vernot fent

ld we re, to

hat a

n the

d on,

NAY,

down

now

-Oh!

have

from

caule

rade,

, that

eafon,

ences,

s.'

Wars,

s Mo-

ts, as

ories.

rough

6 had

'LET us cast our Eyes round Europe, even in Times of Peace, and shall we not find them all arm'd, and greatly arm'd ; --- and shall we supinely rest content, and pay no Regard to our Safe. ty?---Tho' fome affect to call our Regiments a Standing Army, though the Whole is little more than a French Grand Guard, yet we dread from it, the Loss of our Liberty .-- Thank God! I have a good Estate, but were our Army double their Numbers, I would not fell my Land for a Shilling less .-- All Europe think our Property, consequently our Liberty, quite secure; otherwife, they would never trust their Millions in our Funds .-- This is the Touch Stone of our Credit and Character Abroad ... This is the Baromoter of the State. - Whilst our Officers are Natives, whilst they are Men of Family and Fortune, and have their Share in the common Bleffing, I think I may positively pronounce our Liberty is fafe. Not to speak in too peremptory a Manner, 1 will allow, that an Army, little or great, is a very useless, nay, a dangerous Thing, without Experience and the strictest Discipline; but God forbid they should ever acquire that Experience in their own Country !---Since Experience is absolutely necessary, where can they learn it but Abroad?"

'In our private Capacities we must keep our Honour and preserve our Reputation, even sometimes at the Hazard of our Lives; but who would not hazard more, if possible, when his Property, his Family, and every Thing dear to him, are trampled up on !—A Nation, in this, is as a private Man.—We ought to acquire Reputation, but be careful to keep it.—We must make ourselves respected, but, by good Conduct, preserve that M 3

Dignity. - We ought to love Peace, but by

constant Readiness for War, be able to maintain the one with Honour, or pursue the other with

• Juffice and Glory.' AWORD more, and I have done. I know what Sir John means by German Dominions. Without entering into what, perhaps, none of us rightly understands, I really imagine that a Monarch has fome small Title to the natural Liberty of other Men, and may be allowed the fame natural Inclinations. I am asham'd this Argument is so often thrown out. - Could I divest myself of the Duty I owe him as my Sovereign, I should ftill Respect and Honour his Justice and Valour, were he but a private Gentleman. Let us not, my Friends, foolifhly and wantonly condemn, but elet us rather endeavour to make his Life Happy and Content, whilft Heaven is pleas'd to spare him to us. Let us, as free Subjects, Love him, and imitate those, over whom he is Absolute by the Laws, but over whose Hearts, his Clemency and Uprightness has establish'd a more absolute

Suay.'
SIR JOHN has given me the Text, but the

Conclusion I must borrow from the Doctor.—
From what has been faid, God grant us a right

Understanding, and that we may Think on, and

Practise it, in our Life and Conversation.'
AMEN, cry'd the Doctor, with all my Heart.

I think the Colonel has given us an excellent Dif-

course, and very much open'd my Eyes.'—
I must own, faid Sir John, we are a little too

divided, and make great Draw-backs on our real Happines, yet, perhaps, this Sort of Con-

duct, poises the Scale of Liberty, and prevents

Power and Ambition destroying the Equilibre.

MR

s laid

many

ation

Post

you

the .

· V

min

to t

Pyr

que

_7

alw

Th

thei

Cor

in I

ces.

hav

· plif

jec.

be l

be

M

tho

'a (
'of

'aé

car

bu'

en the

6.]

-

MR: CONYERS examin'd the Plan of France, slaid down by Mr. Villeneuf, in which he made many Alterations, and the next Evening's Converation happening to turn on the Subject of the last, - I beg, faid be, to be permitted to add a Postscript to the Colonel's Lecture, and to carry you to the Fountain-head, of, what I imagine, the Liberty of England.'

t by

untain

with

what With-

ightly

h has

other

In. is fo

elf of

hould

alour,

not,

, but

Happy

fpare

bim,

te by

nency

folute

it the

right

and

eart.

Dif-

too

Con-

vents

MR.

WHOEVER, continued be, considers the Dominions of France, will imagine they ought not to think of enlarging their Boundaries beyond the Pyrenees, the Alps, and the Rhine, as fuch Conquests would be rather expensive than serviceable. -Their Views, with Regard to Commerce, have always been travers'd by England and Holland.— The Forces they constantly keep up, prevents their being disturb'd by their Neighbours on the Continent.—By the vast Sums they employ in Foreign Courts, besides their known Subsidies, they fortify themselves with the strongest Alliances.—As they have nothing to fear at Home, they have but one Thing to wish for Abroad to accomplish all their Schemes.—Could the Austrian. Netherlands be annexed to France, the grand Pro-' jest would execute itself.

'For this effential Conquest, Treasures must be hoarded, Troops must be maintain'd, and no Expence spared. When this finishing Blow can be once ftruck, France need not defire Universal Monarchy. — If the now maintains three hundred thousand Men, she will then content herself with a Quarter of that Number. When Mistress of the ten Provinces of Flanders, the Dutch must 'act as the shall direct. - When assured no War can disturb her Frontiers, what Vessels will she not build!—How many Thousands will then be employ'd at See ! and, who has the to oppose them, but England?-Their whole Force will M 4

then be center'd on the Ocean. She will then have the whole Coast from Ostend to St. Jean de

Luz, besides That in the Mediterranean.—She

may then, without aiming at Universal Monar. chy, guide, direct, and give Laws to every State

in Europe, free from the Trouble of being Sove-

reign of it.

that this is the favourite Project of France. Lewis the Fourteenth attempted it, and became formi.

dable at Sea, even to the United Fleets of England and Holland, Great and Mighty as they

were !—In all human Probability, Lewis had

feen the End of his Wishes, had not KING WIL-LIAM and QUEEN ANNE gloriosly interpord

and fav'd Europe. They cut him out such warm

Work on the Continent, and oblig'd him to to waste the Blood and Treasure of his People, that

his Sinews at last relaxed, his darling Marine was

e neglected, and his whole Force became little e-

onough to defend the Heart of his Kingdom.
If what I have faid, be not critically the Views

of France, they have certainly Schemes of some Affinity to it.——In the present War, they prac-

tic'd another Method to arrive at the fame End.

· — They attack'd the Empire. — Could they

have cut off the Head, they knew the Limbs

would fall of Course.

Such, Gentlemen, I apprehend, is the Fundamental Maxim of France.—To traverse and

frustrate such a pernicious Project, Half our Blood and Treasure, would be a cheap Purchase.

• Blood and Treasure, would be a cheap Purchair.
• —Our Annals are fanguin'd with the Blood of

Britains flaughter'd by Brother Britains.

They shew the horrid Devassation of Civil War.
They point out the bloody Fields in Eng-

land, Scotland, and Ireland !- Wherefore all

this, but to establish and preserve us in that Liberty

We We

we

un

det

our

Ser

ny i

men

is o

ftan

Ene

pife

oug

er,-

mez und

Anc

and

that

our

our

Forc

lecte

tive,

other

· I

Will

Hear

me c

difa

Una

how

my .

Par

Aine

of t

GIO

we so happily enjoy, but of which some make an unworthy Use!——If we have fought with, and dethron'd our own Monarchs, for instringing on our Liberties, What should we not do to avoid Servility being imposed on us by Foreign Tyraning?——ULTIMA RATIO REGUM is the Motto of French. Cannon.——If that be the last Argument of the Most Christian Monarch, certainly it is our Duty and Business, as perfectly to understand that Logick.

'NOTHING is so dangerous as to contemn an Enemy, and nothing is so idle and vain as to despise and abuse the French.—On the contrary, we ought, and we have Reason, to dread their Power,—their Situation, and their Politicks.—If we mean to hand down to our Posterity, pure and undefiled, that sacred Liberty purchased by our Ancestors, let us rouze our Spirits, let us unite, and act like them !—But, if we mean to suffer that holy Light to be extinguish'd—to perish with our own frail Bodies, let us not only dishand our trivial Land, but likewise our mighty naval Forces; for, except our utmost Strength be codlected, and the Designs of France render'd abortive, The ONE will be useless at Home, and the

other soon over-match'd Abroad.

'I SHALL conclude with the Words of King William, which ought to be engraven on the Hearts of every True Englishman.——" Let me conjure you, said that Glorious Monarch, to disappoint the only Hopes of our Enemies by your Unanimity. I have shewn, and will always shew, how desirous I am to be the Common Father of all my People; do you, in like Manner, lay aside Parties and Divisions; let there be no other Dissinction heard of among st us for the Future, but of those who are for the PEOTESTANT RELIGION, and the PRESENT ESTABLISHMENT,

M 5

and

I then ean de —She lonar-

State

Sove-

ation, E w Is

Eng. they had VILpoe'd

fo to that was

le eliews fome prac-

End. they Limbs

Fune and our chase.

War. Eng-

e all

" and of those who mean a Popish Prince, and a French Government."

It is not easy to paint the serious Countenance of the Company. The Colonel listed up his Eyes Sir John and Squire Ash shook their Heads, the Doctor cry'd, Lord have Mercy upon us! but Ma Leatherhead was so affected, that he let fall he Pipe, and seem'd to neglect his favourite Tankard

THE Conversation was on various Subjects, at last fell on the Laws of England.—The Colonel own'd they were wise and wholesome; but de clar'd, that the vast Delay and Chicanerie of the Practitioners was the greatest Burthen a National Could groan under.— Speedy Justice, said M. Coneyrs, is the Spirit and Essence of Laws bo Civil and Criminal. A French Author of Humo

observes, "That the English are infinitely mo tenacious of their Properties than their Live

" for, fays he, Life or Death is generally decide in Twenty four Hours; but Property, be ited

"In I wenty four Hours; but Property, De It's
fo trivial, may employ as many Years."

MR. CONEYRS was proceeding on the Subject when the Terror of the Poor, in the Shape of for Clinch the Constable, enter'd the Room.—' Please your Worships, said he, an't please you, then Moll Stevens has gotten her Belly up, and the Moll Stevens her Belly up, and the Moll Stevens her Belly up, and the Moll Stevens her Belly up, and the Belly u

an't please your Worships, as the Wench la the Matter on Paddy Murphy the Irish Draw

below Stairs, I thoughten best to bring her best your Worships that she might swear it, for ple

your Worships that Irish Dog does a Power Mischief in the Parish. Why Friend, stee Colonel, we do not meet here for Busine

but, however, let her come up.' - When Constable withdrew, - Give me Leave, Gentle

e men, faid the Dector, to examine this Affi

'and T learn

an

Wa

the the

·M

ftopp Pea

the We to i

of caff

that Ma tion fpea

that whe

Jua Cre that

Son to th

may y's C

kneeli

JACK CONNOR, now CONYERS. 275 and to beg of you to do exactly like me, for I want to try an Experiment.—They promis'd, and then enter'd the Constable, Moll Stevens, Paddy Murphy, the Master and Mistress of the House, and most of the Servants.

THE Staff-Officer produc'd the Bible, and very learnedly began to open the Cause; but the Doctor stopp'd him faying, Pray, Friend, hold your 'Peace: You have nothing to fay in the Affair, 'and I charge you all to keep Silence.—Come hither, young Woman, faid he, Don't tremble.— We shall do you no Harm.—You are here to to swear to the Person who has greatly injur'd you in your Reputation, and brought you into some Difgrace. Do you know, Child, the Nature of an Oath?-Poor Molly Stevens, with down-'cast Looks, and faultering Tongue, answer'd -- Yes "... Consider, young Woman, said the Doctur, that an Oath is the only Security between Man and Man .-- Confider that an Oath is a folemn Affirmation in the Presence of Almighty God, that what we speak is the Truth, and stake our precious Souls on it .--- Confider the Situation you are now in, and that you must, very speedily, be put to a Tryal, where your Life will be in Danger .-- To fwear 'falsely, and, perhaps, in a few Days be called to Judgment, is a Thought that should make every Creature tremble .--- Confider feriously, my Child, that God will punish Sinners, therefore, be certain of the Truth, and do not rashly risk your Soul, and add a Crime of the blackest Dye, to the Crime, that, by Repentance, God Almighty may forgive. - Be resolute, and say the Truth. - l'ears flow'd very plentifully down poor Moly's Cheeks; but the Doctor, taking off his Hat, kneeling down, all the Company did the fame. In this Posture, he gave her the Book, and dninister'd the Oath in the most solemn Man-

and a

Eyes th

fall h

ets, and he Cold but de of the Natio

oid M os bo Humo Iy mo

Lives decide e it ev

Subject of Joseph Please there

and I nch la Draw

ower

end, se Busine Then t

Gentle S Affa

276 The HISTORY, of

Fe

· I'

the

"

"]

11 pr

" ka

" Fe

" fin

" for

" de

" ha

" Sa"

" ho

" you

" Gh

" car

" and

" En

" and

. 1

' fure

Stil

fpite to t

'Th

' Gir

' And

Nig

' in I

6 but

ner, and then rose up. - ' Now, Child, faid he, you are bound to answer with Truth.-Is this young Man, whose Name is Patrick Murphy, the * Father of the Child you now go with, or not ?-With many Sobbs and Tears she, at last, answer'd -No- 'Who then, faid he, is the Father of it?-She hesitated for some Time, and with great Difficulty, answer'd-John Clinch .- ' Who was it, faid the Doctor, that did advise, and would have persuaded you to swear falsely against Patrick " Murphy.' - She answer'd - John Clinch. - Very well, said he, your Affair is finish'd .- But for you, Mr. Constable, it is my Orders, that you find good Security by To-morrow Morning, for the Maintenance of the Child; and that you immediately pay One Guinea to Patrick Murphy, or I will have you indicted for Subornation of Perjury.

THE Constable, the vastly confounded, had so much Wit that he paid his Fine, and the extra Company withdrew, triumphing with Murphy, and applauding the Wisdom of the Parson.— Doctor, faid the Colonel, I wish you Joy, for if Perjary be a damning Sin, you have certainly, for this Bout sav'd one poor Soul.'— I have often thought, reply'd the Doctor, that we have not only multiply'd Oaths, and made them familiar, but that our common Way of administring them, is an Intentional let to the greatest of Evils, and sincerely wish, that all Justices of the Peace, and other Magifurates, would see it perform'd in a more decent and Christian-like Manner.— Well, well, said

• Mr. Leatherhead, tho'ff John Clinch be to Father the Child, I believe Irish Paddy has had a Finger

in the Pye.—The Son of a Wh—re has a most winging Brogue, and the Girls begin with Laughing,

but he makes some of them Gry for all that. The

JACK CONNOR, now Convers. 277 Fellow makes Love to my Wife's Maid, and I've a Letter of his'n in my Pocket .- Come, faid the Colonel, now for an Irish Billet doux.

" My deer Sowl,

d he,

this

, the t ?ver'd

er of great

as it,

have

trick

Very

t for

find

the

nme-

y, or

Per-

ad fo

comd ap-

ctor,

rjury

Bout

ught,

aultithat

n In-

wish, agif-

lecent Said

ather

inger

most

hing The

llow

"W HAT cignifis making an Orafion and Palavar, for your one fwet Self no's how def-" pratly i'm in Love with you. My poor I's " karryd the Arrant oftin enuf, and your one deer " Fese was after givin me a sivil Anser, for you " simpurd upon me, and made my poor Hart gump " for Joy. Now thees fun Lines is to ashure my " deer charmin Sally, that if she pleses to let me " have a smal Confablation, I wil ley my Hart and " Sorul at her Feet, and you may comand me by " Nite or by Dey for the precent Time, or my " hole Life. If you breke my poor Hart I will love "you; and when I am in my cowld Greve, my " Ghost wil attind you, and do you al the Sarvis I " can. Ogh! my deer Sally, kepe my Hart allive, " and you will find it beter then all the Gosts in " England. No more at precent from your fethful " and dyin

PATRICK MURPHY."

"WELL said Paddy! cry'd the Colonel, I asfure you the young Rogue has got the Laconick Stile, and fays a great deal in few Words. spite of the Brogue on his Pen, you find he comes to the Point, and very likely will carry it.'-'That he wont, reply'd Mr. Leatherhead, for the Girl hates him, and abuses him all Day long.'-And yet, faid Sir John, the may love him all Night .- There have been such Tricks .- ' I am in Love faid Mr. Convers, with this Irish Epistle; but I have one from a Shoemaker in London to

278 The HISTORY of

my Farmer Tom Driver, whose Son is an Apprentice. As it is a Sample of low, London shire

· English, I beg Leave to read it.'

" Dear Frend,

"THE SE few Lines is to acquaint you, that your Son Tom is in good Health at this pre-" fent Writing, and begins to handle his Hammer to some Tune, so that I hopes he'l be a clever " Feller. He was in a strange Quandery at the " many Foke's in this City, but that Matter is now " all off. I'l say that for him, he's the most big-" gest Boy I ever see of's Age, and as strong as a " Bruser: He fitt Will. Adz, the Cooper's Boy " and foundly thrash'd his Jackett. He plays a " rare Knife and Fork, but can't eat Weeal with-" out Weeneger; but he's very fond of a few " Broth. The poor Lad had a Mishap last Week, " for he fell out at Wynder, and broke his Head " against the Stone Postisses. I find he looks hard " at the Wenches, so I fears, he won't be a Bachel se der at the End of's Time. Our Frend Mr. " Tabby, the Stay-Maker, is now a Wyder. No ce more from

" your loving Frend,

" TOBY LIFT."

I DON'T fee, faid Mr. Leatherhead, why we should laugh at the Shoemaker because he don't

write so fine as a Parson; tho'ff he don't, he

writes well enough, and he's an Englishman;

But what a plague have we to do with a Parcel of

Irish, who take the Bread out of our Mouths, and debauch all our Women?—Why don't we trans-

e part

bor

fur

Bot that no

lone

'mal

col

-

· Pr

· Mi

· lan

· M

f tha

fur hor

" Gos

· Co

'an

· Pa

T Ville

This

Flac

Ap-

Shire

that

s pre-

nımer

lever

t the

now

t big-

as a

Boy

ays a

with-

few

Week,

Head

hard

achel-

Mr. . No

end,

FT."

y we

don't t, he man; cel of

, and ranfpart port them back to their Bogs and Potato's? 1'm fure'twould be happy for us if Ireland was at the Bottom of the Sea.'-No, no, Said Sir John, not that neither; but I think we ought to give them no Trade, and makethem pay some of our Taxes.' That's an odd Maxim, Sir John, faid the Colonel: - Now I should think, that the best Way to make them pay some of our Taxes, is to put them in a Condition to do it.—Should we keep them poor, we may lay on Taxes, but how shall we collect them ?-Where shall we find the Money? '- I shall not, faid the Doctor, reason on the Prudence or Justice of England, because, tho Mr. Leatherhead forgets it, I was born in Ire-' land, and might be suspected of Partiality, but ' Mr. Conyers has a Letter with some Account of that Kingdom, which, I own, gave me great Plea-' sure, because I sincerely love Great Britain, and honour the King.'-The Account, said Mr. Convers, that the Doctor has mention'd, is a Copy of a Letter from an English Gentleman, to 'a noble Lord, which fell into my Hands by Ac-'cident. If you think proper, it shall make 'Part of our Entertainment at next Meeting,'

THE Reader will please to remember, that Mr. Ville euf gave Jack a Paper relating to Ireland. This Paper Mr. Conyers alter'd, and threw into the Shape of the following Letter, which he read in his Flace.

Dublin.

THAVE now finished my Tour through this

Dublin, 17 March, 1744.

" My Lord,

Kingdom. In my former Letters, I gave your Lordship some Account of Cities and Towns, but rather as a Journal of my Travels, than a regular Description of the Country. I purpose, now, to speak of the Kingdom in general, and hope I have fo much conquer'd my former unaccountable Prejudices, as to be able to give your Lordship a short, but true Idea of Ireland. IT is of little Moment to argue, whether this · Country is claim'd by England as a Conquest, or whether the Inhabitants threw themselves under its Protection?—That the Irish fought against Queen Elizabeth, and were often in Arms, till entirely subdu'd by King William, is a Matternot to be wondered at, when we consider their Religion.—Erroneous as their Principles were, they certainly acted agreeable to them. -- No doubt, the Resistance they made, and the Blood they ' shed, struck that fort of Horror and Hatred in our Ancestors, that is handed down to their Posterity, and makes, at this Day, Part of our Character.—When we speak of the People, we ought

are our Brethern and our Children; and so to manage the poor Natives, who are mostly Papifts, that by Clemency and good Usage, we may

carefully to make a Distinction between Irish and

Irish, that is, we ought to regard the Protestants

of Ireland as ourselves, because, in Fact, they

wean them from ill Habits, and make them faithful and useful Subjects.

'THE Settlements of our Ancestors in this Kingdom, and the Number of English that are daily

the Tir

quil Ten Affa this

quit quer tled Wh

ty a to a Englos of t

reap us! 'C' Mon for e

meal his Tox Trac les i

that ably great

to us hend Chan King

and Thei 744.

this

gave

s and

Tra-

ntry.

m in

d my

ole to

a of

this

, or

inder

gainst

, till

r not Reli-

they

oubt,

they

our

teri-

rac-

ught

and

ants

they

o to

Pa-

may

aith-

this

arc

laily

daily fixing themselves in the Law, the Church. the Army, and in Civil Employments, must, in Time make it a Protestant Country, and of the highest Importance to Great Britain. --- An Acquisition of Three Millions of Subjects, and above Ten Millions of good Acres, is not so trivial an Affair as some imagine. - If we have conquered this Kingdom, Who enjoys the Conquest but the Descendants of the English? - If true Policy requires Lenity and Encouragement to the Conquered, undoubtedly the Conquerors, who fettled on the Spot, have at least the same Title .-Wherefore did we conquer, but to establish our Laws, our Religion, our Manners, and our Liberty amongst a People who greatly wanted all, and to add Strength and Lustre, to the Throne of England?—It is true, my Lord, we are Masters of this Kingdom, but I am afraid we do not reap a Tenth of the Advantages it might procure

Monopoly. We argue from wrong Principles; for every Individual, regardless of every other, measures the Happiness of the Kingdom, but by his own private Interest.—Thus, a cloathing Town complains dreadfully of the Decay of its Trade, without considering how much it increases in another.—Bristol is much out of Humour, that the African and Slave-Trade is so considerably fall'n; but Bristol forgets to inform us, how greatly it flourishes at Liverpool.

'PROVIDED the Trade exists, 'tis indifferent to us, as a Nation, where it fixes, but I apprehend, the more Places it inhabits, the greater the Chance for its Increasing.—With Regard to the Kingdom, I applaud our Wisdom in promoting and encouraging their Linnen Manusacture.—Their Industry has brought this Branch to infi-

' nite

282 The HISTORY of

nite perfection, which, alone, enables them to pay so great a Tax to England as Eight Hundred

Thousand Pounds a Year .- Your Lordship will be

furpris'd at my mentioning a Tax.— If the ex-

Fact will justify it .- The Pensions and Employ.

ments on this Establishment, the large Fortunes from the England, the great Importation of England

' lish Commodities, with other Articles that are exactly computed, will amount to that Sum, if

not to more.

DID they want this Linnen Trade, England would want so much clear Profit, and Silesia

Hamburgh and Holland, enjoy the Sweets. You

Lordship therefore perceives, how much it is the

Interest of England, to cherish and countenance this Branch. Should we neglect or clog it by par

tial Views, or unseasonable Parsimony, w

fhould irrecoverably lose a Mine, more valuable than that of Gold. Whilst we favour Ireland is

this, it is but Just and Right we should be equal

this, it is but Just and Right we inould be equal by Kind to our Brethren of Scotland. The Field

is wide enough for both, and both ought to b

fupported by every Bounty we can bestow.'
WHAT Laws have we not made, what Ex

pence have we not been at, to prevent the Exportation of Irifb Wool into Foreign Nations

Has it answered the End proposed?

am fure it has not ——The natural Consequent of our Prohibition is, that they send it by Steak

into France, where they have a certain Vent.

Is this clandestine Trade practised in England?

I fear your Lordship cannot answer in the No gative.

French Wines, but I know not the Inconvenien

cies France would be drove to, had the not the

& Beg

Bee

we

mo

Eng

you

YOU

mu

Eng

difc

Irel

OW

fits

feri

oft

be a

the e

· A

piec

kno

land

turer

the .

the 1

chea

fel us

Irifh Deg

pole: from

thro

vert

the F

porte W

and p

be as

Beef, their Tallow, Hydes and Butter; but when we add Wool, the Irish have a Profit in that Commodity; the French have a vast Gain, but the English are, as certainly, vast Losers. - Were your Lordship to examine strictly into the Truth, you would find that the grand Contest is not so much between England and Ireland, but between England and France. Your Lordship would then discover, that every Link we throw out to bind Ireland, not only curtails their Profits, but our own, and, what is worse, transferring those Profits into the Arms of France. - Was this Matter seriously consider'd, and it is worth the Thoughts of the wifest amongst us, Abbeville would soon be a Defart, and the French obliged to recur to the old Method of buying our Stuffs.

'And here, my Lord, permit me to lay open, a piece of French conduct which is not generally known. Abbeville is a Royal Manufacture. To support which, Wool must be obtain'd from England and Ireland at any price, but the Manufacturers pay only the middle Price of England, and the King, that is, the Kingdom in General, pays the remainder. By this method, and by the cheapness of Provisions, they are able to under-

fel us in foreign Markets.

em to

indred vill be

e ex.

e real

nploy-

rtunes

Eng

at are

m, if

ngland

lile fia

You is the

enance y par

, we

and i

equal

Field

to b

t Ex

ne Ex

ations

quenc

Stealt

ent.

and?-

he No

withou

venien

& Beg

'Amongst the many Schemes for restraining Irish Wool, I have met but with one, that in any Degree can answer the End.—The Author proposes a large Bounty on the Exportation of Corn from Ireland.—This, Says he, would certainly throw the Inhabitants into Tillage, and soon convert their Sheep Walks into Corn Fields, and all the People would be properly employ'd and supported.

WERE your Lordship to view the Southern and Western Goast of this Kingdom, you would be as much charm'd with their Bays and Harbours,

as aftonish'd to find them of such little Use .-Little to themselves, but less to England.—Were

ty

mo

Rei

·N

and

Dif

Th

dom

dov

nov

the !

Alre

happ

fait

Croz

Triu

Rev

titud

Prai

the o

coun

foun

10

The

band

ry B

trays

leque

for th of the

of tr

not :

a Par 'Yo

on th

Attac

' it possible to convince Gentlemen,' that, let the Riches of Ireland be what it will, Nine Tenths

would certainly center in England, I imagine

they could not hesitate a Moment, but, by endea. vouring to increase it, at the Expence of our

Enemies, enable them, at last, to bear a Propor-

tion, and to contribute to the Exigencies of the

British Government.

. THE common Opinion of the Laziness of the Irish, is not strictly Just. The Negroes in America have certainly more comfortable Dwellings, and are better fed than the poor Natives of this

Country. They are Strangers to Property, as

well as Meat. With what Spirit would an English Plowman work under such Circumstances!-

I fancy not much better than the Irish. - If these poor People are Slothful and Inactive, their Pool will account for it, on the same Principles that

Sir William Temple accounts for the peculiar Con-

rage of the English.—No doubt, my Lord, but good Nourishment, good Gloaths, and decen

Habitations, greatly influence the Constitution of a Man, and give a Labourer that Vigour and Life

fo necessary to his Employment, - Your Lord

ship may ask, Why it is not so in Ireland? - The Error, I think, lies in the Generality of the Land

· lords. Here, a Man of large Fortune never feet his Estate, and will not be troubled with a Mul-

tiplicity of Tenants.—He letts the Whole to

few Gentlemen .- These, lett their Parts to o thers, referving a certain Revenue to themselves

-These again do the same in a lower Degree

till, by passing thro' a Dozen, or Twenty Hands

it finks the real Occupiers into downright Miser, and Wretchedness .- As a Man of some Humani Vere

t the

enths

agine

idea-

por-

f the

Amelings,

f this

ty, as Eng-

es?-

r Food

that

, but

decent

ion of

d Life

Lord The

Land

r fees

Mul

e to

s to o

egree

Hands, Misery

umani

ty and Tenderness for my Fellow Creatures I most heartily wish I could as easily point out the Remedy, as shew the Disease.'

'Notwithstanding their own capital Errors. and many of ours, they feem to struggle through Difficulties with great Resignation and Patience. They spare no Pains to make it a Protestant Kingdom, and most vigorously follow the Plan laid down, at a vast Expence, by Dr. HENRY MAUL, now Bishop of Meath, in educating the Children of the Natives in Labour, Industry and true Religion. Already have they reclaim'd Thousands of unhappy Creatures, and added them to the Stock of faithful Subjects .- If the Romans granted a Civic Crown to him who faved one Citizen, what Triumphs, what Statues does not this truly Right Reverend Prelate deserve, for preserving such Multitudes!—The Reward of this World can be but Praise; the just Recompence can only be given in the other .- I inclose to your Lordship a full Account of this most noble and useful Charity, now founded on a Charter.

Their liberal Subscriptions for encouraging Husbandry, Arts, Manufactures, and, in short, every Branch of Industry and useful Knowledge, betrays not an idle, inactive Spirit, and the Consequence is visible throughout the whole Kingdom.

—I send your Lordship a List of Pramiums for the present Year. Add this to the Account of the Charter Schools, and they give such a Proof of true Wisdom and Understanding, that I am not able to cite any Thing that even looks like

a Parallel.

'Your Lordship will not expect Encomiums on the Papists of this Kingdom for their firm Attachment to a Protestant Government. No, my

my Lord, but they are quiet and amenable to it As for the Protestants, I am convinc'd, his Ma ielly has not more loyal and faithful Subjects.' THE Ridicule on the Irish Tone, or Manne of Speaking, is rather more abfurd than ban barous. All Nations have that Folly.-The Parisians make very free with the Norman · Gascoigns, and other Provinces. The People of Rome banter the common Venetian Dialect. The Saxons despise the Tone of other Germa States. - All Germany laugh at the Low Dutch and the Dutch laugh as heartily at the Flemming - Each County in England make themselves men ry at the Expence of another; but all Englands dicule the Scotch and Irifh, and thefe, I suppose return the Compliment. - Thus we have all the · luckly Faculty of finding Perfection in ourselve and feeling the Contrary in our Neighbours. WHATEVER might have been the Reason & holding the Irish in Contempt, even to Haire I can truly fay, those Reasons must have, los fince, ceas'd. They are now Members, an very useful Members to our Body, and are cap ble of being made infinitely more fo. They a not, as some imagine, a Wen on the Neck England, that difgraces our Form, and fucks u our natural Juices. No, my Lord; but as AM certainly is in our Power to make them fo, it is the certain, that we may and ought to render them is Pati Strength and a Support to the British Governmen as bee I CANNOT let flip an Opportunity of expte urtail'd fing my Gratitude for the many Civilities I ha now t nd Rei received in this Country. Hospitality is the mes g Character. Indeed they a little exceed in Article of Wine, especially in Brimmers, to the uns aw Cause of Liberty and our happy Constitution linute

Their Zeal is fo fervent, that they forget, the

def and

the

of oth Th

Zon pec

There,

Vill yo tre Sc

to fue.

like R

o com

hall sto

JACK CONNOR, now CONYERS. 287

the Wine they drink is of that Country that would

destroy both.

to it

s Ma

ts.

lanne

bar

rmans

Peopl

ect.-

Dutch mings

s mer

all th

Telve

fon fo

latre

s, an

capa

eck o

icks u

1t as

it is

them

n men

I hav

s the

in t

to th

t, th

LET us, my Lord, avoid all invidious Names and Distinctions, and rank them amongst the Errors of the Vulgar. Let us be just and faithful to each other. Let us learn Truth, Wisdom, and Honour. These are not confin'd to the Torrid or Frigid Zone, neither can temperate Regions boast their peculiar Residence.

· I am,

with the greatest Respect,

my Lord, &cc.

CHAP. X.

There, where, degen'rate Countrymen—how high will your fond Folly and your Madness fly? The Scenes of Death, and servile Chains so dear specifie for Blood and Bondage every Year, like Rebel Jews, with too much Freedom curst, so court a Change—tho' certain of the worst?

GARTH.

An afraid I have carried my Reader too far from the Subject Matter of this History, and try'd is Patience; but I assure him that my Indulgence as been very great, for, at infinite Pains, I have utail'd the last Chapter at least Sixty Pages.—Few now the Difficulty of Bridling the Imagination, and Reining back an hard-mouth'd Pen. It somemes gets a head, and in Spite of all our Skill, has away with us into Mire and Dirt; nay, this slinute I find my Quill in a Humour to gallop, so hall stop him short in Time.

THUS

Thus we have feen the agreeable Manner Mr. Conyers pass'd away many Evenings; and thus did he establish himself in the Affections of his Company, and in the Love of the Inhabitants, by many Acts of generous Charity. Colonel Manly, in particular, held him in great Esteem, and carry'dhis Friendship so far, as to promise his Interest with the Borough for a Seat in Parliament on the sufficient on the sufficient of the sufficie

Vacancy.

MR. CONVERS had now experienced perfect Happiness for above a Year.—He knew the great Secret of enjoying the good Things of this World, so as not to abuse them.—His Fortune, his faithful and agreeable Companion, his Family and the Live and Respect of all, were the Rewards of his honel Intentions to all Mankind. In a Word, the Elements in him were so mix'd, that he deserved the honourable Title of a Man.—But this World is not made for permanent and lasting Joys!—His Happiness, Tranquillity, and every domestick Pleasure, vanish'd in a Moment, and lest him as awaken'd out of a Dream of Bliss.—He had a Prospect of an Increase to his Happiness, but the Disappointment added to his Pains.

MRS. GONYERS was near Lying-in, but an ignorant Servant Maid telling her a most frights Story of the Rebellion, which had just then broke out, threw her into a Fit and violent Tremor which brought on an improper Labour. She was deliver'd of a Boy, who died soon after, and in sou Days the kind, the tender, the affectionate and agreeable Mrs. Conyers, follow'd her Child.

THE Distraction and real Grief of the Family and their Friends is not to be express'd. Mr. Con years bore this dreadful Stroke like a Man, but he felt it like a Man. His Exclamations were few but his Sighs and the Throbbings of his Heat were without Number. His inky Coat was not the only

the his field, pect, mor

onl

mor Mrs and no U

it. be m Pours H

much lis In leign lis Con bestov

t inte

full of Thought faid must

Almig my g

tho? tower.

Park.thousa follow Orang

at the GEOR

JACK CONNOR, now CONYERS. 289

only Sign of Sorrow. The involuntary Tear, the Heavings of his Breast, and the Alteration of his Countenance, gave visible Marks of fincere Affiction.—Let me at once quit the melancholy Subject, and bring my Friend to a State of Mind a little more composed and resign'd.—He assur'd Mr. and Mrs. Sampson of his constant Affection and Love, and that notwithstanding his dearest Wife had made to Will, he knew her Intention, and would fulfill the Accordingly, new Writings were drawn, and the made them a Compliment of Three thousand Pounds.

His gloomy Countenance would have had a auch longer Duration, had not the Rebellian rous'd Indignation. He thought his Duty to his Soveuign call'd him from Inaction, and the Love of is Country seem'd prior to every other Regard. To show hard Names on Rebels, and supinely to sigh tintestine War, he judg'd, was unmanly and imrudent. He had no Idea, that the Choice of Lirty or Slavery requir'd a Moment's Hesitation. full of Freedom and Glory, he unbosom'd his Thoughts to the Colonel. My dear Friend, faid this venerable but hearty old Gentleman, I must love you the more for this.—Yes, my dear Conyers, go-fight for your Country, and God Almighty preserve and give you Victory!-Did my great Age permit, I would be your Companion, and share in the Danger. — I well remember, tho' then a Boy, the Infolence of a Popish Government. I remember the Seven Bilhops in the Tower.—The Swarms of Friers in St. James's Park.—The Sham Liberty of Conscience, and a thousand other Enormities.—Young as I was, I follow'd my Father, and join'd the Prince of Orange. - I fought and bled for him and Liberty at the Boyne.—I fought for Liberty and King GEORGE at Dumblain, and what Man, who has a

Mr.
s did
mpamany

pard his with

erfect great ld, so it hfu

Live honest e Ele-

Plea-

had a

an igightfu broke emorne wa

in fou

Family

ir. Con

but he

re few

not the

The HISTORY of 290

0

W

ly

no

Conye

xaci 6 '

gag

to t be b

Days

ons

eceive

etter ter

ing

a L

cept

he ?

Speed up "

LI

most I

ters pu

you o

Leave

Will,

TAKI

excus'

fall P

ecessity

eputy. en, of

a Soul, and a Sense of our invaluable Bleffings, but would venture, nay lay down his Life for them? -Now I am Old and Infirm, but my "Heart is good, -indeed it is? - The poor Gentle man could proceed no farther, for Tears choak'd his Mr. Conyers was greatly affected, and faid all in his Power to ease the Colonel's Heart, -You must forgive, faid the Colonel, the Weakness of an old Man. - I cannot help it. -But, when I think on Times past, On the Dan ger our Constitution has, for often, been in, and the noble and successful Struggles we have made to defend it, -When I think on these Things my Pulse forgets its Age, and beats as strong a in Youth .- Good God! - What is it we want!-Is there a reasonable Bleffing that we do not, o may not enjoy!-Are we blind to our own Hat piness, and can some, who call themselves Prote flants, even think of a Popish King but with Hor ror?-Can we be fo stupid as not to fee the old the Stale Trick of France? And must some of always fall into fo weak a Project?-Poor delud ed Men! But thank God, we have still Honou and Wisdom sufficient to convince them of the Errors. FROM my Soul I wish it, reply'd Mr. Com yers, neither have I the least Doubt .- For m Part, I am determined, and will immediate

prepare for the Field .- I believe, faid the Colone I can affift you. - Let me fee - Ay - I have a Ten and every Camp-Necessary, in good Order, for I frequently visit them to refresh my Memory as struc . These are your's, with two excellent Baggag

Horses, and a Baw-Man that understands h Business .- Dear Sir, Said Mr. Convers, you has

made me quite happy .- I am already in the Field

-Softly, foftly, answer d the Coionel, perhaps may do somewhat more. I would not have yo

go with Irregulars, for it will not be so Satisfactory.—A Noble Duke is about raising a Regiment of Horse. He does me the Honour to rank me with his intimate Friends, and I will immediately send an Express, and write him such a Letter, that, perhaps, shall put you in a Light of Honour, and enable you to be really useful.—Mr. Sonyers return'd him many Thanks, and he was wast to his Promise.

Tings,

fe for

t my

entle-

'd his

, and

leart.

, the

Dan

, and

made

hings

ong a

int!-

ot, o

Hap

Prote

Hor

he old

e of u

delud

Honou f thei

. Con

or m

diatel

Colone

a Ten

ler, fo

emory

aggag

nds h

ou hav

e Field

rhaps

eve yo

gaging a few good Volunteers to accompany you to the Regiment, in case you succeed. We must be busy, and go roundly to work.'—In a few days they fix'd on twenty young Fellows, mostly ons of Tenants.—In a short Time the Colonel scived a most polite and obliging Answer to his etter. It concluded—"From the great Character you give Mr. Conyers, he cannot fail of being extreamly agreeable. I am sorry I have but a Lieutenancy to offer him. Should this be accepted of, I beg an Answer by Express, and that he would join the Regiment at **** with all Speed, with whatever good Men he can pick up"

"LIEUTENANT Conyers, Said the Colonel, I most heartily wish you Joy.—Now indeed, Matters put on a better Face, and you are equipped as you ought to be.—But, Bustle, Bustle.—Take Leave of the good People at Home; make your

Will, and—To Horse and away.

TAKING Leave, was a Task he could wish to excus'd, but it was impossible. Mr. Sampson as struck Dumb at the News, but his good Wise hall Patience. She could not comprehend the ecessity of his going in Person, when he might by puty. She quoted many Examples of Gentlem, of Fortunes infinitely superior to his, who N 2 contented

contented themselves with paying a little Money, and drinking Success to the Cause .- 'Yes, yes, my Dear, faid her Husband, they must be special good Subjects, who are only warm in the Cause, by the Quantity of Liquor they drink. I violently fuspect such Sort of People, and am not forry to find my dear Brother of another Way of Think. ing. I am only concern'd that such an unhappy · Occasion should deprive us of his Company, and throw him into Danger; but I trust in God, he will return in Safety and with Victory.'--- I he must go, reply'd Mrs. Sampson, I pray God to protect and shield him.'- The Conversa tion became more familiar, and by degrees he perfuaded them to excuse the Ceremony of Parting which would give Pain, and make him mifer,

WITH all imaginable Diligence he prepar'd for his Departure. He fent forward twenty-three Re cruits under the Care of two of his Tenants. H left a Will with Doctor Grace, and a Power with Mr. Sampson to receive his Rents, and remitted Five Hundred Pounds to the Agent of the Regiment that he might draw on him as Occasions requir'd He concerted Matters with the Colonel, and hi Horses and Baggage filed off by Degrees to the nex Town. He invited some Friends to dinner the next Day, which was Sunday, fo the Family wa fure of him for one Meal more. However, while they were at Church, the Colonel call'd in hi Chariot and accompany'd him, where the Hork The old Gentleman gave him a prope Letter to his Grace, and stay'd with him that Nigh In the Morning he took a Soldier-like Farewell; a him fet out for the Regiment, and return'd in Evening to give Mr. Sampson an Account of the Expedition. CHAR

Sinc

Let

And

He v ed w cers. waite the i

with not o able pence

live c

IN from ter is that I

· 1

I and doin ' Y to fi

NAR Soldi God, Conf

the n Self, Con

CHAP. XI.

Since great Examples justify Command, Let glorious Acts, more glorious Acts inspire, And catch, from Breast to Breast, the noble Fire. Pope's Homber.

OUR Lieutenant soon arriv'd at the appointed Place, and found his Recruits in good Order. He was received with great Politeness, and presented with his Commission, and to all his Brother Officers. The Regiment was near compleat, and only waited the General's Orders, to March where the Service requir'd. He was extreamly pleas'd with this New Society, as he found the Officers were, not only Gentlemen of Good Sense, but of considerable Fortunes. He readily join'd, in every Expence, that was proposed to make the Regiment live comfortably, and do Honour to the Cause.

In about three Weeks, he received a Letter from Colonel Manly, with some Books. This Letter is so concise, and so full of good Instruction, that I cannot avoid giving it a Place verbatim.

' My very dear Friend,

I TAKE this first Opportunity of fulfilling my Promise, by laying before you, what my Age and Experience judge necessary for your well-

doing.

oney,

, my

good c, by

lently

ry to

hink-

nappy , and

d, he

God

verfa-

e per-

rting

miser-

'd for

e Re

. H

r with

mitte

iment quir'd

nd hi

ne nex

ner th

ly wa

whil

in hi

Horfe

prope Night

ell; far

in th

of the

HAR

'You are a Man of Property, and now enlifted to fight the Cause of Freedom, and of That Mo-NARCH who has ever supported it. — You are a Soldier. You are one of those on whom, under God, the Life and Libertyof this Nation depend.— Consider the Dignity of your Station.—Consider the mighty Trust reposed in you. Consider your Self, and it is scarcely possible you will err in your Conduct.

· I AM

' I AM positive as to your personal Courage, for ' your Soul is humane and tender, and your Tongue

is not a Bragart; but as your Behaviour in this

' new Scene of Life is what I am not so certain

of, your Good-nature will excuse a little Advice, and attribute my Trite Maxims, more to the

Warmth of my Friendship, than to any Occasion

you may have for them.

' To be an Officer, there is no Necessity of being inspired with supernatural Talents. Common-

' Sense, and the Deportment of a Gentleman are

fufficient. The Knowledge of your Duty, and the Military Art, will come with Time and Ex-

perience; but a close Application to the Study, is

necessary.

' THE Love of the Soldiers, is the Happiness of an Officer; and to gain that Love, the Method

is thort and easy. - Pay and Punish where due,

but never strike. - Be free with your Men, but

fuffer them not to be too free with you. An

' haughty, over-bearing Temper, may indeed infpire them with Fear, but never with Affection.

' Treat them as Men, and they will respect yours

their Officer; but, at the same Time, be careful

that the Non commission'd Officers act in the same

" Manner, and Support their proper Authority, on

· which all Duty and Submiffion depends.

ENDEAVOUR, as much as possible, to keep

your Men clean and decent; it gives Spirits, and prevents Drunkenness and Debauchery .- Drop in

in at their Meals, taste their Victuals, encourage

them to keep good Messes, and Reprove where

' you find them Remiss.

BE assiduous to learn the Exercise of a Soldier,

' and keep your Men diligent at it, yet so, as not to fatigue them unnecessarily. See that they punc-

tually obey your Commands, but be not too it

e gorous

ne

th

De

ta

the

the

the

pre

Co

Pri

Par

goo

cute

dift

from

noth

Con

Shor

Kno

closi

· Co

ceffar

The

of Of

truly,

Com

BE

Powe

you th

are ot

295

gorous in trivial Matters. Believe me, the Men foon find out the Genius of their Officers, and will never impose or play. Tricks, when they know they cannot do it with Impunity.

'MAKE it a constant Rule, to Obey with Alacrity and Chearfulness, every Order of your Superiors: Such a Conduct will add to your Repu-

tation, and confirm your Character.

themselves into Camps, and too frequently attack the most Deserving. Let me beg of you to turn the deaf Ear to evil Report, and not be speedily prejudiced against any Man, much less your Commanders.

IF an Officer need not have all the Wisdom of a Privy-Counsellor, he ought, at least, to have that Part-that enjoins Secrecy. The Spanish Proverb is good:—In a closed Mouth, no Flies enter.—Execute your Orders in Silence, and let not the most distant Hint, of the Conduct of the Army, escape from your Lips or your Pen. Should you know nothing particular, your Words must be mere Conjecture, and, in all Probability, quite wrong. Should a material Circumstance come to your Knowledge, what Infamy must follow your disclosing it!

'COMPANY and Chearfulness are absolutely ne-'ceffary, but to drink to Excess is inexcusable.'
The Lives of Thousands depend on the Sobriety
of Officers.—How can a Drunkard guide Men
truly, when his own Legs mutiny, and refuse his

Commands?

e, for

ongue n this

ertain

dvice,

the the

casion

f be-

mon-

n are and

Ex-

dy, is

oinels

ethod

e due,

, but

An

d in-

Fion.

ou as

reful

fame

, on

keep

and

op in

urage

vhere

ldier,

ot to

ounce oo ri-

prous

BE charitable; be generous according to your Power, but feldom give Money to a Soldier. When you think proper to Reward or Encourage, there are other Ways infinitely more useful to them.

in the state of the state of the Old t

Rise early, and examine your Command; keep them reasonably employ'd, and under the frittest Discipline; but let your own Example

al

to to

· fie

is is

W.

& W

· yo

· by

an

an

· D

rea

Li

· Sta

· Du

· I r

f pra

to ot

rii

M

cerit

his I

Instru

foluti

He r

Mon

affor

keep Pace with your Precepts. Have all your

Affairs in so nice and exact an Order, as to be always ready to march at a Moment's Warning.

All Men ought to accustom themselves to Regu-

rality, but none requires it more than a Soldier. · Your natural good Temper will prevent your 'giving Offence to any One, and, perhaps, incline you to bear patiently those offered to you; but have a Care, and, let what will be the Confe-

quence, permit no Man to Taunt or Insult.-Should the least Particle of Contempt fall on you,

quit a Service, where you must do more Harm than Good.

WITH Regard to your present Enemies, hold them not too cheap.—Speak of them as Men;as Men of an unhappy Education, led away by

false Maxims, and prejudiced to erroneous Principles: They are, or ought to be, our Brethren.

-Let your Humanity extend to them as far as Safety and Prudence will permit. If absolute and

fatal Necessity compels you to strike, let the Sword fall from no other Motive but the General

Good.—Let it be effectual, but instant.—In

that unhappy Case, drive every Womanish Weak-

" nels from your Heart, and consider, that too much

· Lenity and Tenderness may be Cruelty to your Country. The Action, or necessary Pursuit

over, let Clemency and Compassion fill your Breast.

Shou'd you conquer, be all Mildness and Charity. Comfort the Prisoner; affift the

wretched Wounded; speak Peace to despairing · Souls, and, if possible, shew them the Joys of

6 Freedom and Liberty.

Bur I have done, and discharged the Office annex'd to Love and Friendship. If my Hints are JACK CONNOR, now Convers. 297

are useless to you, perhaps you may know those

to whom they may be of Service.

and;

the

mple

your

e al-

ning.

Regu-

your

cline

but

onle-

you,

Harm

hold

1;-

y by

Prin-

bren. far as

e and

neral —In

Veakmuch

your

urfuit

realt.

and

A the

airing

ys of

Office

Hints are

r.

'I SEND you my old faithful Companion Monfieur de Feuquiere. Read him carefully, for he is able to instruct. I likewise send you Polibius, with the Annotations of Monsieur de Follard.

You find I am an old Fellow by my longwinded Tale; but I shall appear more so, when 'you confider I end, (where I ought to have begun) by recommending to you, the Service of God, and Obedience to his Ordinances. A Righteous and a Godly Life is the best Preparative for Death. Tho' all ought, yet none should be more ready to obey that Call than a Soldier .- His Life is every Instant, in a peculiar Manner, at Stake.—Think on this frequently, and your Duty to God and Man will certainly follow .-'I relign you into his Hands, and most fervently 'pray him to crown your Cause with Victory, and to continue his Mercy to this Land to latest Posterity. I am, my dear Coneyrs,

Your very affectionate and

Very faithful Servant,

JOSIAH MANLY.

MR. CONYERS was greatly pleas'd at the Sincerity and Goodness of the Colonel. He read his Letter many Times, and compar'd it with the Instructions of Mr. Kindly, with a determin'd Refolution of adhering to both, as far as he was able. He read Feuquiere and Polibius with Pleasure, but Monsieur de la Colonie, and the Maxims of Turenne, afforded equal Instruction and Delight.

N 5

CHAP.

CHAP. XII.

of I

Rei

Bri

Slau

W.A

men

fo fig

had p

gers.

H

Mr.

the S

bur o

66

66

"

66

"]

" 7

86 e

" e

" a

"h

" ti

"I

" fo

ec be

a it

" S

" of

" po

Whither, Oh! whither do you madly run, The Sword unsheath'd, and impious Warbegun? What Land, what Wave of boundless Neptunes Flood

Hath not been stain'd, alas! with British Blood;
Not that the Rival to the British Fame
Proud France, might tremble at the British Name,
Not that Iberia, tho' unskill'd in War,
In Chains should follow our triumphal Car;
But that Rome's Pontist should his Vows enjoy,
And Britain, Suiside! herself destroy.

FRANCIS'S 7th Epode of Horace, alter'd.

WHY should I take up the Time of the Reader, by going minutely into the Conduct of der, by going minutely into the Conduct of the Rebels or our own. My Task is only relative to the private Character of Jack Connor, or Mr. Convers. A Lawyer only speaks from his Brief, and in all those Pages on which this History is founded, I find little or no Traces of the Actions of the Times. I own I met with a Paper, that I suppose serv'd as Memorandums and Hints to Mr. Coneyrs. It was dated like a Journal, but gave me little Infight into Affairs. I find the Words-They sipp'd by -- We march'd to -- Mis's'd again -Slipp'd again-Nen much harras'd-Vaftly oblig'd to London Subscription ___ The Inhabitants of * * * * * deferve Encouragement, but the City of * * * * to be burnt. Thank God we have got our Troops from Flanders .- The DUKE to command.—Our People in great Spirits.... Victory or Death. - Then follow'd in Capital Letters, CULLODEN 16th APRIL 1746. WERE WEIGH'D IN THE BALLANCE, FOUND LIGHT.

WHEN

JACK CONNOR, now CONEYRS. 299

WHEN he consider'd the happy Consequences of the Glorious Day .- That Freedom, Liberty, Religion, and his Majesty's August Family were more firmly establish'd and confirm'd to Great-Britain.—That a full Period was put to Blood and Slaughter, and to that unnatural Monster, CIVIL WAR, his Heart exulted, and his Joy was extream. -He very devoutly return'd his Acknowledgments to that Providence, which had so often and so signally preserved our invaluable Privileges, and had protected him in the Midst of so many Dangers.

HE wrote a particular Account of this Battle to Mr. Sampson and Colonel Manly. He vastly extoll'd the Skill and Judgment of the General, and the Vabur of the Troops. In his Letter to the Colonel,

tunes

;

me,

r'd.

Rea-

ict of

lative

Mr.

Brief,

tory is

Ctions

that

Mr.

ve me

again

Inha.

, but

k God

_The

its .---

Capital

HEY

AND

THEN

he has these remarbable Words. "I THINK I fee all England in a Foy next " to Madness. All admire the Conduct and In-" trepidity of his Royal Highness. They can-"not now find Words sufficient to express their "Praises. But of you, who know the National "Infirmity, give me leave to ask, How long "will this last? ----- Will they not soon be "equally eager to frip bim of his Laurels?-"Will not Envy, Malice, and Difaffection foon "endeavour to poison the Minds of the People, " and blast the Reputation of him, who risqu'd "his own to preserve their Lives and Proper-" ties? -- I fear he must expect such Treatment. "I doubt our Gratitude, and most heartily wish, " for the Honour of the Kingdom, that I may "be deceiv'd .-- This War, and the Danger of "it, is over, consequently the Instruments of " Safety, will foon be facrific'd to the Parsimony "of their Purse, and every disbanded Soldier ex-"pos'd to the Infults of every Peafant .--- For

" my own Part, I fo much admire the Military Wirtues of my Leader; he shall command my

66 Hand and my Heart, where-ever and as

" long as he judges proper.

HE greatly commiserated the unfortunate Priso. ners, now subject to the injured Laws of their Country. To avert the Punishment due to such Crimes, was not in his Power; but to make them eafy, and alleviate their Sorrows, was his daily Employment.—He lay'd no Stress on Victory, as it is an uncertain Determination of Right or Wrong; but he argued in the gentlest Terms, and endeavour'd to convince them, from History, Reason, and Experience, that their Prejudices were ill founded .-That, they were a Dupe to the Politicks of France, and acted like Children who disobey the best of Parents. That, as Criminal as they were, his Majesty was cloathed with Mercy, and advised an immediate Application to his Clemency. ——He shew'd them the Goodness of the late King in 1715, and very judiciously referr'd them to the Memoirs of Marchal Villars, and many other French Books, for the opposite Conduct of Lewis the Fourteenth to his Protestant Subjects in the Cevennes, who had taken Arms merely to defend their Religion, not to dethrone their Monarch. - Such a Conduct made Mr. Conyers vaftly beloved, and brought fome, who were violent, to think with more Moderation. He greatly pity'd the poor Clans, as they were bred up in a blind and implicit Obedience to their Chiefs. He lamented those Gentlemen who acted from Conscience and Principle, but regarded those, as the most wicked of human Beings, whose only Motive was to file in Troubled Waters.

Not content with this Sort of Behaviour, he endeavoured to remove our own Prejudices, and take off that Acrimony and Ill-nature, which some of us are too subject too. --- He prov'd the Injustice

an

Fa

fall

the

the

fo

me

and

Ba

vin

our

foor

gen

Ma

En

dift

of o

cem

we

each _V

hold the

M

Coney

I

and Cruelty of Branding a whole Kingdom, for the Faults of a Few. That, even those Few were fall'n Brethren, and err'd in their Duty, but from their Zeal to mistaken Opinions. That, most of them deserv'd our Pity more than our Anger. That, so far from perpetuating Animosity, all Encouragement and Regard should be shewn to the Good, and every Scheme set on Foot to convert the Bad.—Time and proper Management, would convince every Mortal, that, as a Union of Minds was our reciprocal Interest, so Love and Friendship would soon make us, the affectionate Children of an indulgent Parent.

Man reason'd like Mr. Convers!—Division and Envy, and Malice and Madness would cease to distract and confound the real Beauty and Harmony of our most excellent Constitution.—Were our Souls cemented by Love, Tenderness and Charity.—Did we take half the Pains to assist, as we do to destroy each other, what Joys would not this Land afford!—With what Respect would Foreign Nations behold us!—What Terror to our Enemies, and to

the Disturbers of Europe !

CHAP. XIII.

Quoth Hudibras, the Case is clear, As thou hast prov'd it by their Practice, No Argument like Matter of Fact is; And we are best of all led to Mens Principles by what they do.

HUDIBRAS.

CERTAINLY it is almost Time to proceed to the personal Account of Lieutenant Consyrs, but I must crave a little Indulgence for the

my as

rifotheir fuch them Em-

it is but our'd

Exance, Pa-

e, his
ed an
He

moirs ooks,

o had

made who He

ed up 5. He Consci-

e most

he end take me of

justice and

the following Chapter, and shall then follow him

more closely.

AMONGST the Manuscripts so often mention'd. I found one, relative to the unhappy Subject of last Chapter. I suppose Mr. Convers had seen some of the Declarations published by the Son of the Pretender, which induc'd him to form one, by way of Parody, and by taking off the Mask, shew the Picture in a full and just Light .- Whether this Piece was publish'd or not, I cannot learn, but to omit it, in this its proper Place, would be unpardonable in a Faithful Historian, to which honourable Title I hope I have a Right.--- The Paper runs thus:

THE DECLARATION of

By Command of our R-1 F-; the Divine Permission of his Holiness the

· Pope; the Affistance of his most Christi-

an, and the good Wishes of his most Catholick Majesty, aided and supported by

the Alms and Prayers of all true Sons of the Church, we fend this our Decla-

ration to the People of England, Greeting.

· You must be all convinced, that the unhappy Fate of our Grand Father King James the Second,

(of Glorious and Pious Memory) was owing to

the Infidelity and Cowardice of his Fleets and · Armies.

" As your Cowardice and Infidelity were the Ruin and Subversion of our august House, we trust, that the same Principles are capable of Restoring

us to the Throne of our Ancestors.

To obviate every Difficulty to these our just and laudable Purposes, we shall, by the Authority aforesaid, convince this Nation, that our Rule

will

· W

ev ev

qu qu

· Fr

gu

tre

· /

· Ev

· lift

per

cri

6 and

per affe

Me

we

into

Laz

and once

fulle

67

Mai

to m

We i

in th

"T

high

over

bridg

fin'd

shall

Sorb

our g

JACK CONNOR now Convers. 303

will be falutary, and extend to the Happiness of

'every Individual.'

im

'd,

laft

e of

ten-

Pic-

iece

mit able

itle

-;

the risti-

Ca-

d by

Sons

ecla-

reet.

appy

cond,

ng to

Ruin

truft,

oring

r just

utho-

Rule

will will

'qually dangerous, and shall, with the Advice of Friends, be abrogated or suspended, until a Regulation can be made, and the Holy Inquistion introduced into the Kingdom.

'As the Grand and Petty Juries are the greatest Evils of Civil Government, they shall be abolished, and the Judges whom we shall think proper to appoint, shall finally hear and determine all

'criminal Causes.'

'PROCESSES in Civil Affairs are most shamefully and abominably abus'd. The Decision of Property, as now manag'd, is a Matter that greatly affects our humane Heart, and until a proper Method can be fix'd on for abridging the Laws, we shall take the contested Lands or Property, into our Care and Guardianship.'

'THE Insufficiency of the Statute and Common Law of England, absolutely require an explaining and a Dispensing Power. We shall therefore, once more, establish a Star Chamber Court in its

fullest Extent.'

'THE many Evils arising from Clandestine Marriages is a Scandal to the Nation, and Ruin to many Thousand Families. To remedy which we shall immediately erect a Court of Wards, as

in the Days of our illustrious Ancestors.'

'THE Education of Youth is a Matter of the highest Importance. Our Vigilance shall watch over those mighty Seminaries Oxford and Cambridge. Their Learning is too crampt and confin'd, but by the Assistance of Mandamuses, we shall throw in such Fellow Labourers from the Sorbonne, and St. Omers, as will soon inculcate our grand Design.'

LIBERTY

LIBERTY is the greatest Bleffing Man can enioy, but the Abuse of that Liberty, the greatest Curse. To avoid the latter, and yet keep strictly to the former, it is our fincere and determin'd Refolution, to indulge every Man in the peaceable and quiet Liberty of THINKING. Nevertheles, tho' we would shew our great Moderation and Lenity, our true Intent and Meaning is, That fhould any Person presume to do more than mereby THINK, he shall not only incur our highest Displeasure, but be delivered to the Ecclesiastical Furisdiction, over whom we do not pretend to have any Power, confequently the Door of our natural Clemency will be shut against him.' FROM our unbounded Charity to weak and tender Minds, and in Imitation of our illustrious Grandfather, (of bleffed Memory) it is our firm Resolution to grant a plenary Indulgence and full Liberty of Conscience to all Sects and Religions whatfoever; that they shall exercise and enjoy all their respective Rites and Ceremenies in the amplest Manner, until the true and infallible · Church has taken Root and spread its Branches, but no longer.

THE Liberty of the Press is an Abomination in the Sight of God and Man. Such Power in the Hands of Unbelievers and Hereticks, gave Rife to vile Writings and Infinity of Blasphemies against the most Highest; nay, it has dar'd to open in Mouth against the Majesty of Kings ;- To contema and make odious that great Bulwark of Monarchy, The antient System of Divine, Hereditars and indefeifible Right of Princes and Potentates; To stir up the Rabble against that mild and peace able Doctrine of Non-Resistance and Passive Ob-

dience ;- To undermine all the Ordinances of our Holy Mother Church ; ... To reproach us with

· Idolatry, Cruelty and Superstition, and above all

e it

(21

f al

to to

· In

vi

T

cle

an

th:

Be

enc

'Ho

ver

con

Ho

fo 1

Inte

inft

and

Chi

Hol

that

in th

fona

Thir

owe

of P

our

fider

of an

---R

Chri

lick,

Affer

Janet

·In

JACK CONNOR, now CONYERS. 305
it has been so wicked, to set before the Vulgar
and Ignorant, the whole Works of the Prophets
and Apostles, without the Aid of Hebrew or Greek,
to the great Discouragement of Learning, and
Increase of Impiety. -- From a thorough Conviction of such horrid Practices, we shall, in due
Time, Commission Thirty of our most able Ecclesiasticks to read and examine all Manuscripts,
and Licence such only to be printed, which they
shall judge for the Honour of God, or our own

en-

atest

ictly

Re-

eable

eles,

and

That

nere-

gheft

Stical

nd to

f our

ten-

trious

firm

d full

igions

enjoy

in the

allible

aches,

ion in

in the

life to

gainst

en its

con-

f Mo-

ditars

es;

peace

e Obe-

of our

with

ve all,

Benefit.

'As no true Son of the Church can with Patience hear of the Havock and Devestation the House of Tudor made of her Lands and Revenues, nor of the many Robberies and Impieties committed in those barbarous Times against the 'Holy See, and the cloister'd Saints whom God had 'so plentifully scatter'd over the Land, our Pious Intention is, so soon as Affairs will permit, to reinstate our Holy Mother Church into those Lands 'and Revenues, granted her by the Charity of good Christians, --- By the Account furnish'd us by our Holy Father, it is with the greatest Joy we find, that we shall be enabled to present to the Labourers in the Vineyard of God, a comfortable and reafonable Subfiftence, tho' it but a little exceeds Two Thirds of the Lands of the Kingdom.

In fine, Let us conjure you by the Duty you owe God's Hereditary Vicegerent: By the Love of Peace and Tranquillity, and by the Honour of our supreme and infallible Judge, to hear and consider these, our real and sincere Porposes, stripp'd of any the least Disguise. -- Consider our Situation -- Regard our Sword!--- Consider, That the most Christian King is our Support; the most Catholick, our Helper; and those in the Mountains, Afferters of our Right.——Let therefore, no unfanctify'd Bilber preach you from your Duty,

bu

but remember the Happiness, the mighty Happiness we intend to bestow upon you, and be affured on the Faith of a Family who never forfeited their Word.—On the Faith of a Family, whose Virtues and Heroick Deeds are so fully recorded in your Histories, that we shall, not only strictly perform the several Articles in this our gracious Declaration, but shall take all Occasions, and watch all Opportunities of leading you more and more to a State of Perfection here on Earth, and to a State of everlasting Bliss in the World to come. Given at—

CHAP. XIV.

Now, by the Foot, the flying Foot were flain;
Horse, trod by Horse, lay foaming on the Plain.
From the dry Fields, thick Clouds of Dust arise,
Shade the black Host, and intercept the Skies;
The brass-hoos'd Steeds tumultuous plunge and
bound,

And the thick Thunder beats the lab'ring Ground.
POPE'S Homer.

DOMESTICK Peace was once more established, and the late confus'd and distracted Kingdom, now, more sensibly felt the Joys of publick Tranquillity.

THE War with France still rag'd in Flanders, and requir'd the Presence of those Troops, which a Rebellion had compell'd to withdraw from their Allies, and the necessary Orders were dispatch'd for embarking sundry Corps. Mr. Conyers was presented to a Troop of Dragoons under these Orders. He now equipt himself in a much better Manner, and was so employ'd, that he had not Time to visit his Friends; but contented himself with tender Letters to Mr. Sampson, Colonel Manly, and Doc-

tor of the fatter

Mili ly B doub

I mi ever cond Light fo m

must Army but, nothi

an A

throu

Part of with a T a ments

these must l Office Quarr

Captai and di The (Lieute

and dr Captai of a C Th

tof

for Grace.--When the Regiments were compleated, the final Orders were given, and Captain Conyers attended his Duty.

HE certainly observed a profound Silence on the Military Operations, for I only found some Orderly Books, written in his own Hand, which, un-

doubtedly, every Officer ought to do.

appi-Tured

their

Vir-

ed in

rictly

Cious

and

e and

and d to

in.

ife,

und.

er.

stab-

cted

pub-

ders,

their

l for

pre-

ders.

vinder

)oc-

For the Marches and Encampments of the Army, I must refer to the Gazettes of the Time .-- As I ever consult the Ease of my Reader, he will not condemn my Silence, when he confiders I have no Lights to guide either Him or myself into Affairs h much above our Knowledge .-- However I must follow the Glimmerings I have, and pursue him through his Variety of Marches and forraging Parties, till I find him encamp'd near Maestricht. must attend him in crossing the Maese with the Army, and encamping in the Vicinity of the French, but, even to the Night before the last Battle, I have nothing particular to mention . -- This Night, indeed, an Affair happened, which makes so material a Part of this History, that compels a Recital, tho' with my usual Brevity.

of a Command!

THE Foraging being over, they return'd to Maestricht,

m

Fa

fel

M

T

an

T

'alv

1 2 (

ter

ton r

the C

Thon

Peac

Capt

brou

Capto

conv

nour.

bef

faid i

affror

VOI

Saf

Thon

· Du

YOU

tion De

'Ih

feq

rep

ten

and

s mult

T

Maestricht, where the Captain found an Order. from the Adjutant-General, to join the Army as speedily as possible, after the Men and Horses were refresh'd. He communicated this Order to the Officers of the Party, and directed them to join at the Port, precisely at Two 'Clock in the Morning. These Orders were given to the Men, and he invited the Officers to sup with him at the Helmet, and Lieutenant Thornton was of the Party. Gentleman was younger than Captain Conyers, but in his Size, and many other Respects, extreamly resembled him. He had a very good Character in the Army, but was too apt to imagine an Affront, where none was intended. As he was well lik'd for many good Qualities, this Fault was imputed to his Youth, and Want of Experience.

LIEUTENANT Thomas was likewise of the Company. He was an elderly, rough Sort of a Man, who, from a low Station, had, by Accident, arriv'd to this Rank. He was educated, and took his Degrees, in a Stable, and, forgetful of the Title he was honour'd with by his Majesty's Commission, swore and talk'd as if still a Dragoon. This Gentleman began the Affair of the Forage, and feem'd to think that Lieutenant Thornton, had been injur'd .-- ' By the L--d, said he, if any Man had ferv'd me so, I'd have shewn him the Difference. Sir, reply'd Mr. Thornton, I know as well any Man, when I am ill used, and shall take a proper Time to explain myself.' Sir, faid the Captain, who began to be warm, I don't know the Meaning of all this; but should you imagine any ill Treatment, I beg you will shew the Manner, and you shall find me vastly ready to give you every Satisfaction in my Power.'-

Spoke, cry'd Thomas, like a Gentleman, and

Man of Honour.' Sir, Said Thornton, fince

der,

as as

vere

the

n at

ing.

nvi-

and

This

but

re-

r in

ont,

ed to

the

of a dent,

took

f the

On...

, and

had Man

Diffe-

know Thall

Sir,

don't

you

thew

ready

er.'-

ince

mult

must speak, I must tell you, I am a Gentleman of Family and Fortune, perhaps, superior to yourself ! You insulted me at Venlo; you stopt my Men in their Duty, in a rude and uncivil Manner. This, Sir, may injure my Character and Honour, and calls for immediate Satisfaction. That's right, faid Thomas, the present Time is always the best, therefore, my Advice is, to take a cool Turn on the Parade, and decide the Matter like Friends and Men of Honour. Thornton rose up as did Captain Conyers. The rest of the Company interpos'd, and contrary to all Mr. Thomas's Arguments, oblig'd them to six down in Peace.

THE young Lieutenant was on fire, and the Captain almost as hot; but a little Reslection brought him to his Reason. Gentlemen, said the Captain, I am forry for this Affair, and believe I can convince Mr. Thornton of a mistaken Point of Honour. - ' By the L-d, said Thomas, your only best Way, is, by the Point of the Sword.'- Sir! faid the Captain, with a strong Emphasis, Did I affront you, too?—' No, Sir, faid Thomas not me.' '- Then, Sir, reply'd the other, let me advise you, as you regard your Commission, or your Safety, no more to interfere in our Disputes.'-Thomas bit his Lips, but, prudently held his Tongue .-- Convers turn'd to Mr. Thornton, and faid, - 'You have desir'd Satisfaction, Sir, and it is my Duty to give it, but permit me first to say, I think you began at the wrong End. What Satisfaction could my Life have afforded you, or your Death have given me, your Family or Friends? --I hope we have had Time to reflect on the Confequences of too precipitate a Refolution.' -- ' Sir, reply'd Thornton, the Honour of an Officer is a tender Point.' -- 'I confess it, said the Captain, and therefore ought to be tenderly used .-- No Satisfaction

at i

and

(m

def

me

Con

Cha

cuec

ther

wer

whe

Han

Men

gies

tenan

unequ

valier

effect

Thorn

Group

his H

His H

Body

creas'

to an

magir

ome S

te carr ted alo

Gentle

was tal

were fe THI

was the

ment of

ners, co ited the

tisfaction, Sir, can equal a Conviction of being in an Error .- Here, Sir, are the Orders I received, and submit to the Gentlemen present, if I ex. ceeded them, or shew'd the least Partiality.' -- The Company agreed, that he could not avoid acting as he did; and he proceeded :- ' As to your Family and Fortune, they are in this Case, quite out of the Question. I own, Sir, I was in an Hurry to prevent a Dispute; but if any Expressions of

Rudeness or Incivility escap'd from me, I am for-

' ry for it, and before these Gentlemen, most heartilyask your Pardon. This, Sir, I hope, is the rational and just Satisfaction one Gentleman

ought to ask of another; if more is requir'd, I

' must comply, tho' with Reluctance.

ALL the Company, except Lieutenant Thomas, who was asleep, cry'd out, -- No Gentleman can defire more, and greatly prais'd Captain Convers Mr. Thornton confess'd his Error, excused himfelf for his Rashness, and begg'd that no more might be said about it .-- The Captain, affectionately embracing him, wish'd for an Opportunity of shewing his Regard and Friendship .-- What Pity it is, faid he, that trivial and infignificant Words should raise our Anger, to the Destruction of our Peace and Happiness, and that Incendiaries are not more severely punish'd .- Had not this good Company been more prudent than Two of us, and honester than a Third, One might, by this Time, have flept with his Fathers, and perhaps both .-- But, come Gentlemen, let us prepare for Duty where real Honour Calls. Let us fight with the common Enemy, but never amongst ourselves .- One Bottle more and then'-And then, faid Mr. Thornton, have at the French. -- They finish'd two Bottles with great Harmony, and often drank Success to the DUKE, and precisely

JACK CONNOR, new CONYERS. 311 athe Time appointed, march'd out of Maestricht,

and foon arrived at the Camp.

eing

ceiv-

ex-

The

ng as

mily

ut of

ry to

as of

for-

near-

s the

'd, I

mas,

him-

more

ately

hewit is,

Vords

on of

iaries

t this

wo of

t, by

d per-

s pre-

Let us

er a-

nen'-ench.'

nony,

ecifely

This proved a very busy Day, and made the small Village of LAWFELD Famous .-- Those who defire an Account of the Battle, must not apply to me, for my whole Attention is taken up with Capt. Convers ... When our Dragoons were order'd to Charge, the Captain did singular Service. He resmed his Major, and a Lieutenant-Colonel of anoher Regiment .-- He stopp'd several Parties who were driving to their Ruin, and directed them where to turn their Swords .-- His Head and his Hands were at Work, and in short, as the French Memoir Writers phrase it, He perform'd Prodigies of Valour .-- In the Midst of this, he saw Lieutenant Thornton, with the greatest Bravery, waging mequal War, for he was surrounded by three Cavaliers. -- In an Instant, he flew to his Relief, and effectually took Care of one. By this Time Mr. Thornton was wounded in many Places, and on the Ground. The Captain received a violent Blow on his Head, and two Wounds on his left Shoulder. His Horse was shot, but he manfully defended the. Body of his Friend on Foot. Finding the Foe entreas'd, he desir'd Quarters, and resign'd his Sword to an Officer who had just come up. - At first he magin'd Mr. Thornton was kill'd; but observing ome Signs of Life, he persuaded some of the French carry him to a Place of Safety, and was conduced along with him by the Officer, who was a Gentleman of great Humanity. All possible Care was taken of both; and, the Action over, they were fent to the Tongres with other Prisoners.

THE Gentleman to whom he had surrender'd, was the Marquis de Brissac, Colonel of a Reginent of Dragoons. His Politeness and good Manners, corresponded with his Quality. He daily villed the Captain, and procur'd him and Mr. Thorn-

fewerely treated, having no less than seven Wounds in the Head, Shoulders, and Body. Two of them were dangerous, but his Youth and good Constitution surmounted the Difficulty. In three Weeks the Surgeons declar'd him in a fair Way of Recovery; but it would require great Time.

THE Marquis was extreamly pleas'd, and express'd himself very genteely on the Occasion. He assur'd him, that assisting two such valiant Gentlemen was the highest Proof of his good Fortune.—

Tho' I was not, faid he, a Witness of your Bravery, I am sure it must have been great, but the

Courage of the Captain in defending you, is what I shall ever esteem and admire him for. To his

Valour you really owe your Life, more than to

my endeavours to fave it.'

As our two Prisoners recover'd their Strength, the Marquis introduced them to the Duke D' Ayen, with other Officers of Family and Distinction, and every Politeness and Respect was paid them.—
They had now their own Servants and Necessaries, and a Credit for Money. In two Months Capt. Conyers was in good Health, but his Left Arm was useless. He got Permission, on his Parole, to go to his Regiment, but promis'd his Friend to return soon, and, if possible, go with him to Aix-la-Chapelle, which was necessary for both.

Joy by his Corps, and highly honour'd by his Superiors. He spoke of Mr. Thornton in so nobles Manner, that the Duke gave him a Troop of Dragoons, and Permission to both, to go to Aix, or where they thought proper, to establish their Health. Capt. Thornton was extreamly sensible of the Bunty and Goodness of his Royal Highness, and effectionately embracing Conyers, called him his Father,

Brother,

Br

Fri

and

to p

the

Bri

test

Civi

of g

Duk

war

grac

Carr

Roge

Irela

of A

and u

Math choo

him '

Occa

Capt.

had in

The his U

Conyer

Conyer

magin

Chapel

Englar chang?

CA

C

TACK CONNOR, now CONYERS. 313

Brother, and Preferver, and vow'd a perpetual Friendship. Capt. Convers, was not behind Hand, and promis'd to attend him, and, if possible, never

to part.

inds

nem

itu.

eks

eco-

ex-

He

atle-

e.-

Bra-

t the

what

o his

in to

ngth,

Ayen.

and

aries.

Capt.

a was

to go

return

ix-la-

reatell

s Su-

oble

f Dra-

fix, of

lealth.

Bouneffec-

ather, other,

As foon as Capt. Thornton was able to travel, the Friends took their Leave of the Marquis de Briffac, the Duke d' Ayen, and others, in the politest Terms, and testify'd their Gratitude for all the Civilities receiv'd. Capt. Thornton could not think of going to Aix till he had paid his Duty to the Duke, and kiss'd that Hand which had so nobly rewarded his little Services. He met with a most gracious Reception, and in a few Days left the

Camp.

CAPT. Thornton was the Second Son of Sir Roger Thornton, a Gentleman of large Fortune in Ireland and in Effex, and a Member of the House of Commons. He was about Twenty-four Years of Age, spoke French and Italian perfectly well. and understood Drawing and those Branches of the Mathematicks, so necessary to every Officer who chooses to distinguish himself. Sir Roger allow'd him Three Hundred Pounds a Year, but on this Occasion he very liberally supply'd him. He wrote Capt. Convers a most obliging Letter, for his Son had inform'd him of the obligations he lay under. The young Captain received many Letters from his Uncle the Earl of Mountworth, in which Mr. Conyers was always honourably mention'd.

CAPT. Thernton recover'd very flowly, and Capt. Conyers's Arm prov'd much worse than was at first imagin'd. They stay'd a long Time at Aix-la-Chapelle and Spa, and were determin'd to go to England; but the Peace being just fign'd, they chang'd their Resolution, and set out for France.

O

CHAP. XV.

Of all the Virtues, Justice is the best; Valour, without it, is a common Pest: Pyrates and Thieves, too oft with Courage grac'd. Shew us how ill That Virtue may be plac'd: Tis our Complexion makes us chafte or brave; Justice from Reason, and from Heav'n we have: All other Virtues dwell but in the Blood; That in the Soul, and gives the Name of Good.

WALLER.

N their Arrival at Paris, they hir'd very grand Apartments in the best Hotel. In a few Days they were prepar'd to visit the Marquis de Briffac and the Duke d' Ayen, who received them with Marks of the greatest Respect and They were visited in Return, and foon made acquainted with the Families of the First Distinction. The Marquis recommended the ablest Surgeon, and they went on very successfully under his Care.

THEY had been about a Month at Paris, when one Day Capt. Convers took it into his Head to dress himself as formerly, and dine at the old Ordinary. The People of the House immediately recollected him, and were much rejoic'd at his Return.—It feems Paris had greatly miss'd the English Guineas that so plentifully roll'd about before the War, and now promis'd themselves that my Lord Anglais would foon pay the Expence of all their Fireworks and Illuminations. ——He found none of his former Acquaintances at Table; but after Dinner he begg'd the good Woman would accept of a Pot of Coffee, and enquired after them.

' Monsieur Maquereau, said she, had very

16 · V (W 1 0 f th

16 16

6 b tt! P

ar ' fo V · M

'In Y ' hir and

f pe

be the T

the C in a at the rest t

drefs' Marg were ted it

lantry in his ufual (

after, went

CA next t of me

6 bad

bad Fortune at Play, and was fo reduc'd, that for fome Time he liv'd on the Women of the Town. but at last he got Religion into his Head, and went into La Trappe -- The Chevalier Fanfaron was very unlucky, for about a Year ago he died of his Wounds.'- ' I suppose, faid Conyers, that the Chevalier had an Affair of Honour, and fell by it.' -- ' All I know, faid the Landlady, is, the Chevalier kill'd a Gentleman one Night on Pont-Neuf, and was so unfortunate as to be taken and broke Alive on the Wheel, at the Greve.'-' fo much for the Chevalier, faid the Captain, but 'you don't tell me a Word of my good Friend 'Monsieur Penso. I hope no Accident has hap-' pen'd to him.' .. ' Ah poor Gentleman ! faid she. 'Indeed he is greatly to be pity'd. 'Tisnow just two Years fince the Archers got into his Lodgings, took 'him out of Bed, feiz'd all his Papers and Effects, and carry'd him to the Baltile. God knows if he be dead or alive. Some body faid he was a Spy for the English, and so the poor good Man was ruin'd."

THE Captain enquir'd for no more, but finish'd the Coffee, thank'd the good Woman, and went in a Hurry to his Lodgings. He was vaftly mov'd at the Fate of Pense, and determin'd to try his Interest to save him, if it was not too late. ——He soon dress'd, and follow'd Captain Thornton to the Marquis's, where he had din'd. The Company were inform'd of the Morning dishabile, and imputed it, and his long Stay, to some Affair of Gallantry, on which he was heartily rally'd. Herally'd. in his Turn, and the Conversation fell into the usual Channel. The Duke d'Ayen came in soon after, and in a little Time the whole Company

went to the Opera.

CAPTAIN Convers took Care to place himfelf next to the Duke, and at last found an Opportunity of mentioning the Case of Pense. He concluded

d,

ER.

rand few is de ived

and and the

d the fully

when ad to ordire-

Rethe be-

s that e of found

; but vould

after

very 6 bad with affuring his Lordship, that he held the Office of a Spy in the utmost Contempt: 'But, said he, this unhappy Man has formerly render'd me more Services than I can ever repay, therefore I hope your Lordship will consider the Gratitude I owe, and grant a Favour to me, and not to him.'

'I protest, said the Duke, I never heard of this Man, but all in my Power you may command. I shall speak to my Father, (Marshal Noilles) and Interest myself to the utmost. Should I succeed, you shall soon hear of it, but my Silence will convince you of the Impossibility.

ver

anf

ner

· F

n

the

Ori

rec

tha

Fo

but

fca

fm:

ten

the

bis

W

and

ted

tio

Sce

ref

Lil

per

feE

gav

Mr

to

Ho

his

brio

fer

ly i

CONVERS pass'd four Days in great Anxiety, but the fifth he had a Visit from the Duke, who, after some Conversation, told him, his Friend was alive. -- ' Then my Lord, faid the Captain, so This is a great Point gain'd, but I hope ' more remains.' Yes, reply'd the Duke, I will not keep you longer in Suspence. The Marshal with some Difficulty, undertook the ' Cause, and I have brought you an Order to the Governour, to deliver Mr. Pense and all his Effects into your Hands, but with this Injunction, that he quits Paris in twenty-four Hours, and France in a Week.'-The Captain took the Order and most heartily thank'd the Duke .- ' I know not, said this Nobleman, how Pense escap'd, for he has been a most notorious Offender, but his Art was great, and by little Discoveries protracted his Time fo long, that I believe, at last, they were asham'd to hang him.—But I see you are impatient to be the Messenger of good News, and shall only add, that I expect you To-mor-" row at Dinner.'-He was in the highest Delight and immediately drove to the Baftile, accompany'd by Captain Thornton.

THE proper Compliments being paid to the Go-

vernour, the Captain mention'd Mr. Pense, but was answer'd civilly, tho' in a cold unsatisfactory Manner.- ' Sir, faid the Captain, I believe I have a Paper in my Hand, that will convince you I am not here to alk impertinent Questions.'-When the Governour had read and carefully examin'd the Order, he behav'd quite in another Manner, and directed a Servant to call Mr. Pense to him.—He spoke much of the poor Man, but seem'd to hint, that all Things consider'd, he had surprising good Fortune. - Pense was conducted into the Chamber, but his Countenance was fo chang'd, that his Friend scarcely knew him. -- He bow'd and trembled. --- A small Silence interven'd, but, fixing his Eyes intently on Captain Conyers, and, at last, crediting their Evidence, he cry'd out-- It is he, and flew to his Arms. He hung on his Neck. He had not Words to testify his Amazement. He class dhim, and was in an Agony of Joy, till Tears moderated the Excess. He sobb'd, and ask'd broken Questions, every Moment embracing his Friend .--- The Scene was very moving, nor could the Captains refrain the manly honest Tribute of a Tear.

The Governour told Mr. Pensè that he was at Liberty to go with the Gentlemen. That his Papers were sealed up, as was the Value of his Effects in a Box, which he might take with him, but gave him the Orders about quitting the Kingdom.--Mr. Pensè made many Compliments, but seem'd to wish he was out of the Walls, which half an Hour saw done, and the Captain conducted him to

his Lodgings.

As his Time was to be short in Paris, they a-bridg'd a thousand Questions to each other, and referv'd them for a more favourable Opportunity, only the Captain mention'd the Situation he was in, as

0 3

-

Go-

ffice

he,

me

re I

de I

im.'

d of

om-

rshat

ould

my fibi-

ety,

, af-

was , fo

ope

ke, I The

the

Ef-

tion,

and

Or-

won

for

t his

prolaft,

you

ews,

101-

ight,

ny'd

to Rank and Fortune, which gave the old Man a most sensible Pleasure.—They now examin'd his Finances, and sound he had a Remainder of Six hundred Pounds Sterling. They debated on the Application of the Money, but found that the mere Interest would by no means afford him a decent Maintenance.—'My dear Friend, said Pense, let me set the this Affair.—Take the Money and allow me what you think proper, by way of Pension, during my Life.'—Be it so, reply'd the Captain, and immediately drew up a little Instrument, and gave him a Letter to his Banker in London, to honour his Bills for Twenty Five Pounds every three Months.—Poor Pense once more shed Tears, and could only add——You are too good, and I am too happy.

MANY Towns were proposed for his Residence, for to England he could not safely go, and the Captain fix'd on Brussells as a cheap and agreeable Place. Matters being thus adjusted, they pass'd the Remainder of the Day to their mutual Satisfaction, and next Morning Pens' bid Adieu to his faithful Friend, and took the Coach to Liste, but not before the Captain had obliged him to accept of

Forty Pieces.

PERHAPS I ought to extol the Good-nature of Capt. Convers: -- To paint his Friendship in the brightest Colours, and shew the Amiableness and Self-Satisfaction of a grateful Heart. -- By so doing, should I not deprive my Reader of the Pleasure of doing it himself? -- When I consult my own Ease, it is only with a View of indulging his Judgment.

CHAP.

And

frec

rec

Ti

Du

par

him

wa:

terr

fit 1

h:

th

P

10

c h

· fe

1 (

e n

· h

Suc

MO

CHAP. XVI.

Ian a

d his hun-

ppli-

nte-

lain-

v me

dur-

and

gave

nour

ths.

bluc

too

ice,

the

ble

s'd

ac-

his

but

of

of

he

nd

g,

of

è,

- His curdling Blood forgot to glide; Confusion on his fainting Vitals hung, And fault'ring Accents flutter'd on his Tongue. GARTH.

MAPT. Thornton was not yet quite cured; for his Wounds, by some little Irregularities, had frequently open'd. Capt, Convers was perfectly recover'd; and as his Regiment had been for some Time in England, he began to consider that his Duty requir'd his Presence. Whilst he was preparing to attend it, he received a Letter that gave him Pain and Pleasure. In short, the Regiment was broke. He was now his own Master, and determin'd to stay with his Friend till he was quite fit to travel.

'SINCE, said he, I am now at full liberty and have an easy Fortune, ought I not to think on those Friends to whom I owe my very Being? Perhaps that dear good Man Mr. Kindly, or some of his Family may want my affiltance. - Per-' haps I may be useful to the worthy Lord Truegood or his charming Sous. Heavens! what a Joy must I not feel at contributing to their Satisfaction! What pleasure will they not receive at feeing their little Jack compleatly happy! ---Ought I not to think on my Mother? ought I not to feek her out and relieve her distresses? and have I not neglected these Duties too long?"-Such thoughts made him glow with alternate Shame and Pleasure, and determin'd him to Visit Ireland as foon as possible.

THE Captains pass'd their Time in Paris in the most agreeable Manner, and were much respected ve ther, that is, ray to Re by the haller's Side

by the Ladies. I find a few Hints that persuade me, they were not without Amusements of a delicate Nature; but as the Papers are silent as to the

Particulars, fo must I.

IT happen'd that Capt. Magragh of Lord Clare's Regiment, had lately taken Apartments in the fame This Gentleman thought it his Duty to pay his Respects to the two English Officers, and made them a very civil Visit. They received him in a polite Manner, and in an Hour's Conversation found out his Rank and his Character. He was of a lively Soldier-like Disposition, and very communicative. His Father had quitted Ireland, and follow'd the Fortune of King James the Second. He was born in France, but spoke English with a prodigious Irish Accent, the' he had never been in that Kingdom. He told them of the vast Estate his Father lost in Ireland, and how near he was, the other Day of recovering it. He spoke of the War in Germany and in Flanders, and gave them a History of his own Exploits. He mention'd the Valour of the Irish, and without considering the French Policy, seem'd to glory in their being sent foremost on the most desperate Attacks.—His Conversation, and the Oddity of his Language, was agreeable enough, and made our Friends desire a further Acquaintance.

Supper, with two other Officers of the Irish Brigade. The Chat turn'd on War, and Capt. Magragh spoke very eloquently on Sieges and Battles, for he could really speak on little else.—One of the Officers, in a laughing Way, mention'd something of an unfortunate Expedition into Spain, which oblig'd the Captain to enlarge upon it.—

a Mer.

a fa

· A

'a

· Ir

" th

h:

6 bi

" th

' at

R

h

· N

10

fi fi

' ir

6. U

1.0

C V

6. b

" (

" to

· a

. 0

6

1. (

11

1 1

6. 1

4

1

6.

Gentlemen, faid he, I must tell you my fatal Story.—You must know, that my Father's Brother, that is, my Uncle by the Father's Side, was

JACK CONNOR, now CONYERS. 321

a Merchant at Cadiz. He was as rich as a thoufand Jews, and always promis'd to make me his Son and Heir, but—the Devil fire all Priests!— About seventeen or eighteen Years ago, a Son of 'a Whore, one Father Kelly, came over from ' Ireland, and brought his Sister with him. She was the Widow of one Squire Connor, and young and handsome enough. - What will you have of it, but my foolish Uncle got acquainted with this Father Kelly and his Sister, and by my own Sowle he married her. To be fure I wrote to my Uncle, ' and towld him what a Fool he was, and what a Rogue he was to cheat a Gentleman like me, and his own Flesh and Blood. The old Fellow was ' very faucy, and by my own Sowle I had a great ' Mind to go to Spain and beat his Coat .- Well, Gentlemen, about two Years agon I got a Letter ' from a Friend at Cadiz, that my Uncle was grow-'ing fickly; fo I took Post, thinking to make it up with him, but by my Sowle I was late, for the 'old Teef hid himself under Ground .- Now, will 'you believe it? The Devil take me, and I swear by him that made me, if the old Rogue left me a 'Grey Groat.- I spoke to Madam my Aunt, and ' towld her of my Journey, and my great Expences, ' and of the Wrong she did me, and the like, and 'only begg'd her to let us fairly divide the Money betwixt us. The Lady began to laugh, but faid ' she had some Commiseration on me, and made ' fome fine Speeches, but the Devil a Farthing would he give but four hundred Pistoles. I took the Mo-' ney, and giving her a hearty Curfe, wish'd her 'and her thirty thousand Pound at Hell,'-' You had hard Fortune, indeed, faid Capt. Thornton, but perhaps she may make you Amends some 'Time or other.'- Sir, reply'd Magragh, I shall never trouble her no more. I am now a Captain

uade delio the

fame fame y to and him

ition is of mufol-

He prothat

Fathe War Hif-

Vanch nost

on, able Ac-

teel Bri-

atone n'd

in,

rovas

er.

in the first best Regiment in Europe; I have the Gross of St. Lewis, which the King gave me, because I would'nt be kill'd at Phillipsbourg, and I have a Royal Donation of Three Hundred Livres a Year, so, my Dear, what do I want?—I love my Friends, and my good Friends love me; and I vow to God, I am as happy as the King himfelf, God bless him.—I love my Countrymen, the Irish, and I love the English well enough, but, Faith and Sowle, they are too hard upon us.

. 0

4 C

1 al

I

his

ber'

ftan

the

Fac

had

fpol

able

and,

fell

Hea

The

Ref

on a

Mr.

the 1

port

who

" re

' m

gl.

te.

m

' Sa

(W

1 he

' ne

tie

V

CAPTAIN Thornton observed a peculiar Gravity in the Countenance of his Friend, and thought, by changing the Current of Convertation, to remove it. He try'd many Ways, but Conyers seem'd lost in Thought. His Silence gave a serious Turn to the Company, and they broke up much sooner than was intended.

NEXT Morning Captain Thornton had a very early Visit from Mr. Conyers, for he had not slept. - My dear Thornton, faid he, you must wonder at my Behaviour, but I insist on your Friendship, and beg you will not require an Explanation of the only Thing I cannot divulge.'—Thornton imagin'd a Quarrel, and rose in a Hurry to stop his going out of the Room.—His Friend could not forbear laughing at his ferious Figure, but affuring him, on his Honour, that a Quarrel was the least in his Thoughts, the other was pacify'd, and return'd to his Bed .- ' I am, faid Conyers, in the oddest Situation, perhaps, ever Man was in. I am far from unhappy; but some Doubts and Anxieties so much torment me, that I cannot be at Peace till they are satisfy'd.'- Dear Conyers, faid the other, I hope you will indulge me with my Share of what gives you Uneafiness; I think 'I have a just Claim to it.' I believe, reply'd Conyers,

* Convers, your Friendship is sincere; but my • Case is of such a Nature, that, as you cannot • assist me, I must only desire your Patience.

the

be-

nd I

res

ove

and

im-

len,

igh,

pon

vity

ht,

ove

loft

to

nan

ery

pt. der

ip,

of

rn-

top

not

ing

east re-

the

nd

be

rs,

ith

nk

rd

rs,

He revolv'd a thousand Projects to bring about his Affair in the properest Manner. He remember'd Father Kelly, and call'd back every Circumstance of his Childhood so clearly, that he had not the least Doubt but Mrs. Magragh was his Mother. —He reflected on her Features, and brought her Face familiar to his Imagination.—He own'd she had not been the tenderest of Parents, but Nature poke, and threw her Faults into the most favourable Light.-He ardently wish'd to embrace her, and, as his filial Affection arose, the tender Tear fell down his Cheeks.-The good, the humane Heart, will not call this an unmanly Weakness. The Sensations of his Soul were natural, and the Refult of an honest Mind.—At last he determin'd on a Journey to Cadiz; and went immediately to Mr. Waters, his Banker, for proper Letters.

WHILST he was speaking to this Gentleman on the necessary Credit he might want, he took an Opportunity of asking him if he knew Mr. Magragh, who had been a Merchant at Cadiz .- 'Yes, Sir, ' reply'd Mr. Waters, extreamly well, for he was 'my Correspondent many Years.'- I hear, faid the Captain, he has left a Widow, and should be glad to know if the be alive.'- She was fo, very lately, answer'd the Banker, for I have had Letters from her about some Effects remaining in my Hands.—I affure you, the is a very notable Woman, and vaftly rich.'- As for her Riches. faid Convers. I have nothing to fay; but you would much oblige me, by recommending me to her Notice and good Offices, in a friendly Manner; and likewise for another Letter, wherein you will please to mention me as her near Relation. This last I shall only make Use of, in case I find

I find her really fo.'-Mr. Waters very readily comply'd, and promis'd to be very fecret in the Affair.

CAPTAIN Convers was now much easier in his Mind, and the Alteration in his Conduct, gave a very fensible Pleasure to his Friend, but it was of short Duration, for he inform'd him, that he was oblig'd to fet out immediately for Madrid, where his Stay should be as short as possible. — Captain Thornton was oblig'd to acquiesce, and Preparations were made for his Journey. The Marquis de Briffac was surpriz'd at the Project of Mr. Con. yers, but got him Recommendatory Letters to the French Minister, and advis'd his travelling with the King's Messenger, especially as he seem'd in Haste. -A Messenger was dispatch'd the Week following, who had Orders to take particular Care of the Capcain.—He took a Servant with him, and, with some Reluctance, bid adieu to his Friends.

stery, his Backer, for process CHAP. XVII.

Now, by my Soul, and by thefe hoary Hairs, I'm so o'erwhelm'd with Pleasure, that I feel A later Spring within my wither'd Limbs, That shoots me out again, and account

DRYDEN'S Don. Seb.

A N Account of a Journey, Post, must be very unsatisfactory to a Reader, and tire and fatigue him as much as the Traveller. I shall, therefore, avoid the dry, insipid Relation, and beg of him to suppose, that no Accident happen'd on the Road, and that our Captain got fafe to Madrid in the usual Time. I shall omit the Civilities shew'd him by the French Minister, who advis'd him, in the best Manner, for his further Journey to Cadiz. He was impatient to be there, and fo am I.

01

the

Ge

ner

his

ma

tion

tolo

to a

Vif

So

Mo

ter

fol

falu

his

wa

ter

Re

tha

dea an

eve

tha

St

T

10 Be

hir

ter

M

W

m

te

tle

he

W

adily

n the

n his

ave a

as of

vhere

ptain

para-

Con-

o the

h the

laste.

ving,

Cap-

fome

el

eb.

very

d fa-

here-

eg of

n the

id in

ew'd

n, in

adiz.

OF

On his Arrival, he waited on Mr. Fitzgerald, the Merchant, on whom he had a Credit. This Gentleman received him in the most courteous Manner, and infifted on his accepting an Apartment in his House. In a Day or two, Captain Convers made an Enquiry about Mrs. Magragh, and mention'd a Letter he had for her. The Merchant told him, she was an intimate Friend, and offering to accompany him, they immediately paid her a Visit .- Judge, gentle Reader, the Emotions of his Soul, when Mr. Fitzgerald prefented him to his Mother, for fuch the really was .- Tho' he was determin'd in his Conduct, and had put on every Refolution, yet he trembled and grew pale when he faluted her; but recovering himfelf, he attributed his Tremor to the Fatigue of his Journey, which was easily credited. Mrs. Magragh read the Letter, and with great Politeness, affur'd him of her Respects, and Readiness to serve him. They din'd that Day at Mr. Fitzgerald's, and the Captain endeavour'd to make himself as agreeale as possible, and few Men could be more for He observed, that every-body paid Mrs. Magragh a particular Respect; that the was vaftly improved, and spoke with great Strength of Reason and Sense, tho' in her former Tone of Voice. Time had added a few Wrinkles to her Brow, but had taken away very little of the Beauty of her Complexion.-He frequently caught himself too earnestly looking at her, and very often met her Eyes.

NEXT Day the Company din'd at her House. Mirth and Good-humour abounded, and each strove who should add most. Mrs. Magragh shew'd a more than common Civility to the Captain, and often repeated, that he had much of the Air of a Gentleman who had been a very dear Friend to her and her Family. In a Word, she became familiar, which still made her many agreeable.

which still made her more agreeable.

MR.

MR. FITZGERALD alk'd, when they got Home, What he had done to the Widow? 'For, faid he, " she told me in Spanish, that you had such a Face, and fuch a Voice, the could scarce keep her Eves off of you. Faith, Captain, continued he, 'twould be very unkind to fnap up one of our greatest For. tunes at so short a Warning, when she has held out half-a-dozen regular Sieges .---- Mrs. Fitzgerald a little rallied him, But I affure you, ' Said she, without a Jest, I never saw Mrs. Mag. ragh so free, and so pleas'd with a Gentleman ' in all my Life.'-The Captain laugh'd in his

6

(n

e fi

(t

· I

n

· la

6 C

t t

· fe

n

· F

· I

. (

re re

trea

Wi

· a

16

S

fhe

had

d

clas

fon

bra

a lo

the

his

him

Loz

Turn, and each had fomewhat to fay.

He thought Matters were pretty ripe for an Ex. planation, and as Mrs. Magragh had given him a general Invitation, he determin'd on a Visit, and, if possible, to open the Scene. Next Morning he went to Breakfast with her, and was very kindly received. When the ordinary Chat was over, and her Maid had retir'd, he began to put his Scheme in Practice, but not without many Hesitations .-Madam, faid he, I never thought to be so much beholden to my Friend Mr. Waters, as I find I am, by being introduc'd to a Lady of your Merit, who has certainly afforded me more Joy, than ever I expected to receive. --- This other Letter Madam, will a little help me in what I am to fay.'-She took the Letter, and very attentively read it, and her Eyes feem'd to examine him as carefully.- This Letter, Sir, faid she, informs me, that you are my Relation. I cannot fay the Contrary, but I protest I am at a Loss how it can be. I own I have a very particular Regard for you on account of my Friend's hearty Recommendation. - I confess my Esteem for your Perfon and Behaviour, and as you appear a Gentleman, I should be forry to change my Conduct, vol.25 fill made her more recession.

me,

he,

ace,

yes

puld

For-

neld

itz-

lag-

man

his

Ex-

ge-

d, if

he

dly

and

me

uch

d I

Me-

han

et-

ely

as

ms

the

it

ard

m-

er-

le-

ict,

by

'Is it possible Madam, said he, that twenty ' Years can have worn out all Remembrance of my Face?—Can you forget our wretched Situation on the Common in Ireland?—Can my poor Blind Father - 'Stop Sir, cry'd she, for ' Heaven's Sake! -- I know not what to think! Good God! - Pray have Patience, and let-me recover my Breath.'--Her Agony was extream, and he was oblig'd to support her to the Window for Air. -- Gracious Heaven, said she ' at last, I dare not hope for such a Blessing, but ' let me beseech you, Sir, to pull down your Right ' Stocking.'---He instantly obey'd, and when she discover'd a large Mole on his Leg, (which he had never observ'd) Yes! cry'd she, 'It is my ' dearest, my ill-us'd Son.' Oh Jack! and clasping him in her Arms in Transport, was, for some Moments depriv'd of every Sense. He embrac'd her with the sincerest Affection, and, for a long While, neither could utter a Syllable.

ONCE more I must indulge the Imagination of the kind Reader, and permit him to supply, from his own natural Stock, what mine is defective in.

Let him call forth every tender Idea. Let him think on the Affection of a Parent; on the Love of a Child, and, if he can, let him conceive

the

e ti

1 V

' >

to]

pris

her

to c

fuit

to l

gra

WOL

cun

ever

fo fi

a C

him

loor

mer

infif

Mea

veni

tical

bitte

Joy

f tradict

the mighty Joy at recovering our long lost darling Hopes. Let him do this, and it is possible he may have some faint Idea of what this poor Woman selt. But to paint convulsive Motions, to mark the alternate Complexion, and to set down every dropping passionate Word, is not in the Power of Mr. Le Sage, Crebillon, Fielding, or the Chinese Philosopher.—When the good-natur'd Reader has sinish'd his private Reslections, I beg he will go one Step farther, and bring back the Mother and Son to their wonted Sense and Understanding.

' My dearest Jack, Said she, I have treated you barbarously. Indeed I have, but I shall try to attone for all my Sins. God has been bountiful to you, and most merciful to me!-I have not merited his Goodness, but shall endeavour to deserve his Favour.-I hope I shall. - But my dear Jack, give me some Account of Tell me of all your Accidents; how vourself. ' you arriv'd to the honourable Station I fee you in, and why your Name is Convers. - Tell me all, my dear Child, and I shall most faithfully recount, tho' I blush for it, every Part of my Life fince we parted.—Oh my Son! Gould you have known the Trouble, my Usage to you, has given me, you would pity an unhappy Woman.—But, tell me, my dear Jack, can you forgive me?--I fear it is impossible.' - 'My Conduct, faid he, shall convince my dearest Mother, that I have forgot all Things, but my Duty and my Love.'-' Then, said she, I am happy, and my Love shall reward you. - But no more now. - You must change vour Quarters, and live with me .- Does Mr. Wafers know you are my Son?'- No Madam, faid the Captain, he knows no more than what 'I desir'd him to mention in his Letter.'- That's well, said she, neither is it necessary he should. I must not own you for my Son, as it would con-

JACK CONNOR, now CONYERS. 329

tradict what I have always reported, but you must be my Nephew, the Son of my Sister, which will sufficiently warrant my Affection for

' you.'

ling

may felt.

al-

rop-

Mr.

Phi-

fi-

one

n to

you

Mall Seen

!-

hall.

nt of

won

you

all,

re-Life

have iven

But,

? ---

faid

have

.'--

Ire-

ange

Wa-

am,

what

jat's

uld.

con-

dict

This Matter being settled, they went together to Mr. Fitzgerald's. The Family were greatly surpris'd and pleas'd when Mrs. Magragh presented her Nephew. She told them the Method he took to discover himself, and all Compliments were made suitable to the Occasion. That Night he return'd to her House, and the whole Town visited and congratulated them.

CHAP. XVIII.

An unfeen Hand makes all our Moves: And fome are Great, and fome are Small; Some climb to Good, fome from good Fortune fall; Some Wise Men, and some Fools we call; Figures, alas! of Speech, for Destiny plays us all. Gowley.

hear the Story of her Son, and begg'd he would begin, and not omit the minutest Circumcumstances. He obey'd, and carried her through every Scene of his Life, except a few Parts not so sit for her to hear, and concluded, by his being a Captain of Dragoons; the Accident that brought him to the Knowledge of her being alive, and how soon he determin'd to pay his Duty.—He did not mention his being on Half-Pay, lest she should have insisted on his staying at Cadiz, which he by no Means intended to do.—He recited all his Adventures in a full and clear Manner, and so pathetically worded his Sufferings, that she wept most bitterly, but, his good Fortune succeeding, a visible Joy spread over her Countenance.—She embrac-

ed him a thousand Times, and blest God for restor. ing to her a Son, and a Son of such Prudence and so many Virtues.

Now, Said She, my dear Fack, it is but Just to recount my own History, and inform you of some

Things that you are a Stranger to.

SHE then began from her being a Servant at Sir Roger Thornton's. -- In this Family, Said she, 'I liv'd very happily. I was young, and tolerably handsome, and it pleased Sir Roger to think me more so than perhaps I really was. He made " me Presents, seem'd very fond of me, was a ' mighty fine comely Gentleman, and in short, overcame my foolish Weakness. I prov'd with ' Child, and he married me to Jerry Connor. You ' came into the World with that Name, but my dear Jack, your real Father was Sir Roger "Thornton.' -- "More Wonders! cry'd her Son, Is it possible!' - She seem'd surpris'd at his Exclamations, but he inform'd her of his Intimacy with Captain Thornton, and of the Accident that brought on their great Friendship. She was vastly delighted with this Incident, and charm'd to find Sir Roger was still alive.

This obliged her to begin a little more particularly, and the continued her Account to the Death of Jerry Connor, and the Parting with her Son.——As I have placed all these Facts in the first Pages of this History, where I imagin'd they naturally came in, I must refer my Reader to them,

and take up her Story where I dropt it.

THUS, faid she, Father Kelly and I cohabited ' in a scandalous Manner; and the Proofs against us were fo ftrong and fo many, that he could not live in the Country. His Uncle the Bishop gave him a good Sum of Money, and a Letter to a Prior of a rich Convent in this City. He per-

baded over bar Council de s

T ' C to

' fu

to

' Se

W ce ce W

' ril ve m

to ha T 6

faf for 201 de

Be Br

wh tur bit ag

cei

. but my me

Pu Ma anc Ho

wa exp I

eftor.

e and

uff to

fome

at Sir

flee,

rably k me made was a

hort, with You it my

Roger

Son, s'd at Inticident

e was a'd to parti-

the her in the they

abited gainst d not

to a per-

aded

fluaded me to go with him, (and I had no Business to stay behind) but he would by no Means confent to my taking you. I was in the utmost Trouble, and could not think of parting with my Child for ever. At last he proposed sending you to his Brother's in the County of Galway, who would take Care of your Education, and at a certain Age, send you to Cadiz.—The barbarous Wretch laid the Scheme, and exposed you to perish on the Road. He was so cruel, that he never would give me the least Satisfaction, or let me know what he had done with you. I was too much depending on him to quarrel, and had no other Consolation but my frequent Tears.

We embark'd at Cork in a Ship loaded with Beef, Tallow, and Worsted Stuffs, and arrived safe at this Place. It was agreed I should pass for his Sister, and the Widow of one Mr. Connor of Clonmell. He went to the Convent, and deliver'd his Letter to Father Purcell the Prior, where I believe he was well received, for he return'd vastly pleas'd. He was soon in the Habit of his Order, and provided me a Lodging in a good Family, and made me dress in a very decent Manner.'

I know not how he managed with the Prior, but he gave me to understand, that I must call him my Uncle, and be extreamly civil when he visited me, and next Day I had that Honour. Father Purcell, or rather my Uncle, was a comely, grave Man, of about Sixty, vastly polite and courteous, and, seemingly of a most Religious Deportment. However, my pious Brother soon hinted, that I was to be more than merely civil to him, if I expected to be maintain'd.—What could I do?—I was compell'd to forseit my Honour, that I

332 The HISTORY of

might fave my Reputation. In short, I comply'd, and my Brother and Uncle constantly visited

in in

" 1

" te

16 V

" y

" ti

re!

"F

" H

" .C

" P

' as

an

" is

" lil

" fin

" H

tin

ar

M

hav

66

10

fin

en

yo

tio

for

ros

" (h

" ir

e me, and were mighty tender and affectionate Re.

· lations.

You see my dearest Jack, I hide not from you, even my own Shame.—How are the best Insti.

tutions perverted! but let us not condemn the Whole, for the Wickedness of a Few. — Thus

I liv'd for about four or five Months, and was vi-

fited by the best Families, and paid them in Return. I own I was not a fit Companion for

People of Fortune; but as I could not converte

in their Manner, I behav'd with great Modesty
and Silence. This procur'd me a general good

Character, and made me pass for what I did not

merit.

I HAD a Mind to try the Temper of Father

Purcell, and one Day very gravely hinted an Apprehension of my being with Child. The

old Man star'd, and was in a strange Dilemma, for

he had no Notion but Father Kelly was my real

Brother. - He walk'd about the Room in a very pensive Manner, but at last, - "Well, faid he

"if my dear Widow be with Child, I must finda" Father for it.—Shall I get you a Husband?—'I

"have no Objection, faid I, provided he be a good one.'— "Leave it to me, reply'd the Prior;

but it must be done in a Hurry, and shall instantly

"fet about it, so put on your best Airs for a Vill
"To-morrow Evening."— I took his Advice.

but could not forbear laughing at the Odding

of my Scheme, and wonder'd where it would end.

FATHER PURCELL kept his Word, and in troduc'd Mr. Magragh. He seem'd a plain good

Sort of a Man, of about Fifty-five. He was very ceremonious and complainant, but spoke in

tle. In half an Hour the Prior open'd a more interesting

ply'd.

visited

e Re-

n you,

Insti-

on the

Thus

as vi-

n Re-

on for

nverle

lodesty

good

id not

Father

ed an

a, for

y real

a very

aid he.

finda

?- 1

a good

Prior;

Mantly

a Vill

dvice

Odding

would

ind in-

n. good

e wa

oke lit

mon erestin

The

333 interesting Conversation .- " My dear Nice, said " he, my good Friend Mr. Magragh has often " feen you, and has communicated his Sentiments " to me. No Doubt you are of Age to chuse for " yourself; but as I know his Integrity and " Worth, I think it my Duty, as a Parent, to ad-" vise you to receive his honourable Addresses as " you ought .- It will be much better than re-"turning to Ireland."- 'I blush'd, and only. 'reply'd, That I should always be guided by him. " MADAM, faid Mr. Magragh, I am a Man " in Trade, of a good Character, and an easy "Fortune. His Reverence has told you my. "Heart, which, if you will be pleased to ac-" cept, you shall command every Thing in my "Power." 'Sir, faid I, I doubt not your Merit, 'as my Uncle is your Friend, I am fure he means an Happiness to us both, and shall submit myself to his Determination.'-" This, faid the Prior, " is making Love like People of Sense, and, not " like giddy Children. Come, my Dear Niece, " since you leave it to me, give me your Hand. "Here, my good Friend, I bestow you that ines-" timable Treasure a good Wife. - Take her, " and I pray God to bless you both."- ' Mr. Magragh embraced me very tenderly, and I behav'd as I ought.

"WELL, Madam, Said the poor Man, when " shall I be happy? - When shall I call you my "own?"- ' Lord, Sir, faid I, you are so pres-" fing-I believe a Month or two will be Time "enough.—A Month, cry'd the Prior; nay, now "you spoil all. I hop'd you would have men-"tion'd To-morrow." -- " And I, faid Mr. " Magragh, was thinking on the present Minute; for my Maxim is, Never to put off till To-morrow, what I can do To-day.". "Tis a most ex-" cellent

334 The HISTORY of

1.6

1.II

1-e

I

1 6

L

6 ti

(U

· le

ne

M

clo

gi

an

all

yo

hir

liv

tw

pe

aff

and

fen

fou

his

Per

the Ye

in t

No

and

ban

we

beli

"cellent Rule, reply'd the Prior, and let us put it
"in Practice. What say you, my dear Niece?—
"Shall I perform the Holy Office?—'I blush'd,
"but made no Answer.'—'Silence, said he, is
"a Consent, therefore let us go to Mr. Magragh's,
"fend for a few Friends, and finish the Business."
—"His Reverence, said my Lover, has been
"always my Friend."—With some Intreaties, I
suffer'd myself to be conducted to his House,
where, in the Presence of my Brother and two
more, my good Uncle perform'd his Priestly
Duty, and made me Mistress of this Habitation.

MR. MAGRAGH was really a goodnatur'dinoffensive Man, and very affectionately lov'd me.
I kept very good Company, I read a good deal,
and wrote and affisted him very much in his Business. By Degrees I grew very expert, and began to think and talk in a quite different Manner.
My poor Husband was extreamly delighted with
my Diligence and Capacity, and only wanted a
Child to compleat his Happiness; but none
came, notwithstanding the frequent and fervent Prayers of the holy Prior and my pious Brother.

ther.
Thus I liv'd, for about five Years, with great feeming Happiness; but your Image, and Father Kelly's Person, were too often present to make me really so. I dreaded his more than Brotherly Love, for he sometimes visited at very improper Seasons. I knew his Temper, and, as he began to be suspected on many Accounts, particularly for some Intrigues with Spanish Ladies, I was in continual Apprehensions of some satal Accident. Nay, I much fear'd the Jealousy of the Prior, for he gave me some Hints. At last I miss'd the Visits of my Brother, and enquir'd

after him from my Uncle. He shook his Head,

put it

ce?—

ash'd,

be, is

igh's,

ess."

been

ies, I

two

riestly

'din-

me. deal,

Busi-

ner.--

with nted a

none fer-

Bro.

great

Fa-

make

Bro-

v im-

d, as

adies,

fatal

Sy of

At last

quir'd

Head,

6 but

but no satisfactory Answer came. I cry'd for my Brother, but I never saw him since.—He was either murder'd or carry'd to the Inquisition, and I violently suspected the Prior.—I was really sorry for his Missortune, but not displeas'd at the Loss of his Company. I was much more satisfy'd, when, in three Months after, my holy Uncle Father Purcell departed this Life, and selft me to enjoy it with Peace and real Happiness.

'THESE Impediments to the Tranquillity of my 'Mind, being remov'd, I apply'd myself more closely to the Study of every Thing that might give my Husband Pleasure. I still improved, and arrived to such Persection, that he consided all to my Care and Management; and I aver to you, my dearest Jack, that I never deceived him in any Shape, after the Death of the Prior.

'His Fortune increas'd very largely, and we liv'd with great Harmony and Content. The last two Years, his Infirmities made him extreamly peevish; but I bore all with Patience, and affisted and attended him with the Tenderness and Duty of a good Wife.—The poor Man was sensible of my Regard, and, when he died, I found his Will had made me absolute Mistress of his whole Fortune.

People who call'd themselves Lovers. I knew the World too well to imagine a Woman of my Years had all the Charms they pretended to find in me. I fancy I guess'd right, that my thirty Thousand Pounds was my principal Beauty.—
Now, my dear Jack, forget the Injury I did you, and forget my Faults, and you shall be my Husband, nor will I ever have another.—Tho we are, unhappily, of different Religions, yet, believe me, I am not so bigotted to mine,

336 The HISTORY of

11

ARC

of.

the

par

pre

to .

adv

and

4 fb

4 in

6 ha

is'

in

f tai

6 16

Wi

yo

ag

pu

an

E.

· Co

be 'be

go

Auc

'exp

rat

De

at '

fore

e ner

fon,

H

as to defire a Change in your's. I have learnt by Experience, that the true End and Use of Re. · ligion is to make us good, virtuous, and charitable. - Since your Religion has taught you the Practice of those great Duties, Why should I wish you to alter? No my dear Jack, keep frictly to, and be faithful in it. --- My Religion did not make we wicked; it was my Weakness and my Ignorance. Thank God, I am now wifer .- I find my dear Child, that your Duty will foon call you from me; but to convince you of the Sincerity of my Love, half my Fortune is this Moment your's. When all my Affairs are fettled, I will follow you to England, and you fhall command the Remainder, allowing me Four hundred Pounds a Year during my Life; which will be more than. I shall have Occasion for - I hope my dearest Jack is now convinc'd, that I make every Satisfaction in my Power, and that I at last prove myself a tender and affectionate Mother. THE Captain most ardently embrac'd her, and

THE Captain most ardently embrac'd her, and return'd every Acknowledgment that so much Goodness deserv'd. She set about her Promise immediately, and, in a short Time, gave him Bills

on London for Fifteen Thousand Pounds.

Whilst these Matters were transacting, he received a Letter from his Friend Thornton, declaring his Unhappiness without him, and pressing his Return. He likewise received Letters from Colonel Manly, and Doctor Grace. These gave him great Concern, for they informed him of the Death of his old Matter, good Mr. Sampson. He had requested his Wife to set le the Fortune on Captain Convers, at her Death, and she had most generously executed the proper Deeds, reserving Two Thousand Pounds to dispose of as the thought proper.

HE acquainted his Mother with these Matters, and how necessary his Presence was, to take Care of his Estate, and his Military Post. She confess'd the Reasonableness of his Desires, and promising to part with him, with as little Regret as possible, he prepared to set out, the first Opportunity, by Sea,

to Marfeilles.

arnt

Re-

ari-

ld I

keep

gion

kne/s.

wif-

ou of ne is

s are

you me

ite;

alion

nc'd,

r, and

ectio-

and

much

omile

Bills

ne re-

eclar-

ng his

a Co.

e him

f the

ne on

1 molt

erving

ought

H

He

SHE gave him many useful Instructions, and advis'd him to Secrecy with regard to his Family, and the Obscurity of his Birth. — Tho', said she, you are in Fact more Praise worthy by having made your Fortune with a fair Gharacter, than had it descended from your Father, yet the World is made of such envious Stuff, they take Pleasure in lessening the Virtues of others; yet it is certain, he rises the Higher with the sensible Part of

the World, the Lower he sprung from.

Your Fortune, my dear Son, continued she, will be now very confiderable, but let me beg of you to believe, that no Fortune can stand long, against bad Management. Be an Oeconomist, and put your Affairs in fo regular a Channel, that, in an Instant, you may know your Income and your Expences. Without Regularity, all will be in Confusion. Let your Accounts and your Watch be wound up punctually to a Time, or both will go wrong.—Avoid a Number of idle and fuperfluous Servants, that eat out an Estate; keep from expensive Schemes and Projects; and trouble, or rather please, the Lawyers as little as possible. -Determine to be happy, for you know the Means. One Word more, and I have done. - I guess at your Constitution by your Complexion, therefore I advise you to marry, but submit the Man-'ner to your own Prudence.'

HE was often aftonish'd how she came to reafon, speak, and write so correctly, and could not

P

avoid asking her the Question. -- It is not, faid he, so difficult a Matter as you imagine, though we must have some Assistance from Nature,— I very severely felt the Want of these Accomplishments, and refolv'd, if possible, to acquire them .--- I told you I read much. I got good Authors, and apply'd closely to them. They gave me Sentiments I was a Stranger to. I improv'd confiderably by the Help of Company, but my own Project vastly shorten'd my Labour. Iset ' myself a Task every Day, and carefully wrote out two or three Pages of the Spectator, Guardian, and other sensible Works, so that in a short Time. I became Mistress of their Stile and Manner, had always fomething to fay in Conversation, and spelt well, without the Affistance of a Grammar. Befides, the Accounts I kept, and the Numbers of Letters I wrote, made these Matters familiar to me.—This may ferve to shew you, That a little Pains and Industry in the Beginning, prevents a " vast Deal of Trouble and Labour in the End."

Ir Captain Conyers was pleas'd at finding his Mother, he was prodigiously more so at discovering in her all the Marks of good Sense and Prudence.—He remitted his Money to his Correspondent in London, but at the same Time acquainted Colonel Manly of it, and added a Codicil to his Will. He wrote to all his Friends, and promis'd to join them

as foon as possible.

A GOOD Ship being now ready to sail, he paid his Respects to all his Acquaintances at Cadiz, and made some genteel Presents, particularly to the Family of Mr. Fitzgerald.—All were concern'd at losing so polite a Companion, and he was loaded with Praises and Caresses. His Mother could not hear it with that Resignation she at first thought, but however, she rais'd her Spirits, and with many Blessings, saw him set sail.

THE

Ma

for

Caj

The

Gb

My

And

Tba

Dod

Nob

Rev

Ther

Mon

aln

to '

Lo

· Hi

my

you

the

for

of

at !

an

'my

' Jus

' faid

my

JACK CONNOR, now Convers. 339.

THE Voyage was prosperous, and he arrived at Marseilles, safe and in good Health. He took Post for Paris, and once more embrac'd his dear Friend Capt. Thornton, after an Absence of eight Months.

Said

ough

comquire

Augave

rov'd

t my

Ifet

Wrote

dian,

ime,

had

fpelt Be-

ers of

ar to

little

ets a

d.

t his

ering

ce.-

nt in

lonel

He

them

paid

and

'd at

aded

d not

ught,

nany

THE

CHAP. XIX.

Thou Brother of my Choice: A Band more Sacred
Than Nature's brittle Tie. By holy Friendship,
Glory and Fame stood still for thy Arrival;
My Soul seem'd wanting of its better Half,
And languish'd for thy Absence; like a Prophet

That waits the Inspiration of his God.

Rowe's Tamerline.

LIE found Paris extreamly crouded with Eng-II lift, and began to think, that the Scheme of Doctor Grace for a Duty on the Exportation of our Nobility and Gentry, would yield a much larger Revenue than could be well imagin'd. - Capt. Thernton was quite recover'd, and had waited a Month extraordinary. I affure you, faid he, I 'almost despair'd of you, and was just preparing 'to fet out with my Coufin Lord Truegood.'-'Lord Truegood ! cry'd Captain Conyers in a Hurry .- Yes, reply'd the other, Lord Truegood, 'my Uncle the Earl of Mountworth's Son. - Do you know him ? --- No, answer'd Conyers, but the Similitude of a Name I have a great Respect for, certainly gave me a Flutter.' .- Now I think of it, said Thornton, you could not know him, at least by his Title, for his Father was created an Earl but fince the Rebellion .-- I promife you my Cousin is well worth your Acquaintance.'---Just then Lord Truegood enter'd.' --- My Lord, faid Thornton, give me Leave to present to you my dearest and most worthy. Friend Captain Conyers, and I infift on your loving him as well as I do.--- It always affords me, faid my Lord, the highest Satisfaction to be known to Gentlemen

of your distinguish'd Worth and Merit, and wish

I may deserve the Honour of your Friendship.'—
If it be an Honour, faid Conyers, what must mine
be, should your Lordship grant me your favou.

rable Opinion and Countenance ?'--- A Truce with your Compliments; cry'd Thornton, let us

be a Triumvirate, and make the World flare

at our Friendship.

By Degrees, they dropp'd into the familiar Stile, and each feem'd happy in the other two.---Conyers very attentively examin'd the Features of my Lord, and call'd to his Remembrance, his much beloved Master Harry.---His Heart felt an unusual Pleafure; for sparkled in his Eyes, and added such Charms to his Conversation, that his Friend protested, he believ'd the Gravity of the Spaniards had only serv'd to give him more Spirits.--- Perhaps, said my Lord, they were so consin'd, when there, that now they rush out with greater Force; but be it as it will, I am vastly pleas'd to find Wit and good Sense so agreeably blended.'—Conyers made the proper Reply, but retir'd pretty soon, for he wanted Repose.

Next Day they visited their Friends, and a Week was very chearfully employ'd. In this Time, Mr. Conyers receiv'd a Letter from his Correspondent in London, 'That he had credited him with the Money remitted from Cadiz: That he had paid three Bills drawn on him by Mr. Pense, of Brussels, amounting to Seventy-five Pounds, and that his Correspondent of that City, had advis'd him of the Death of the said Mr. Pense.'---Captain Canyers was much concern'd for the poor Man, but his superior Joy soon got the better. He

did

did

dete

pole

cac

tha

in l

dift

wit

and

He

Eye

wit

his

mo

eve

reg

the

Cap

len

Co

Ma

Th

Rea

Thi

fool

liar

1

TACK CONNOR, now CONYERS. 341

did not think on his Death, as fo much gain'd, but determin'd to employ Pense's Money to other Pur-

poses than his own.

as I

, the

emen

wish

p.'-

mine

vou-

Truce

let us

Stare

Stile,

nyers

ord.

loved

Pleafuch

pro-

iards

Per-

when

orce;

find Cony.

oon,

nd a

ime, ponwith had , of and vis'd Cap-

1000

LORD TRUEGOOD had the all Softness and Delicacy of Behaviour; that Tenderness to Mankind; that Ease, and, at the same Time, that Dignity in his Deportment, that diftinguishes, or ought to distinguish, the Nobleman. He was Generous without Profuseness, Mild without Childishness, and Courteous to all; but supported his Station. He had feen the different States, with critical Eyes, and observ'd the Faults and Perfections, with a View to the Good of his Country, and his own Honour. This Gentleman conceiv'd a most particular Esteem for Captain Conyers, and every Day improv'd it. To be applauded and regarded by Men of Sense and Knowledge, is the highest Honour a Man can receive. The Captain had this from Lord Truegood, and was sensible of it.

A LITTLE more Time was spent in Paris, in Compliments on taking Leave, particularly of the Marquis de Brissac, and the Duke d'Ayen.

Those paid to Ladies, I am as ignorant of as the Reader. — Every thing being prepar'd, the Three Friends took Post for Calais. The Packet soon landed them at Dover, and each had a pecu-

liar Satisfaction at arriving at London.

al thuco entry one while could be

to Real and her Manners the fishers to

He seel and the Affairs worker Relayiour could not the object and es of Admirer. Perhaps the we did

CHAP. XX.

The grateful Mind a Pleasure feels
Beyond what Vice and Passion yields;
The grateful Heart a Bliss bestows
Beyond what Vulgar-Cunning knows.
This noble Virtue in the Breast,
Of ev'ry Virtue he's possess'd.

Anonimous.

too qui

Fo

ten

effe

tud

M

as

the

cha

He ftol

tain

mu

and

paf

yet

Mo

Aff

beg

of

Co

the

the

W

to 1

Pen

proi

his

San

four

Was

ceiv

be

I

I T is not to be express'd, the hearty and affectionate Manner Sir Roger, Thornton and Lord Mountworth received Captain Convers, neither is it possible to describe the Joys he felt, when he embraced the Author of his Life, and the Founder of bis Happiness. Each insisted on his living with them, and contended strongly about it, but Captain Conyers ended the kind Dispute, by assuring them, he had many Reasons for being in private Lodgings, but hop'd they would indulge him the Honour of vifiting with Freedom.—He was presented to each Family, who could not enough admire the many excellent Qualifications they foon found he posses'd. His generous Valour was the Subject of each Day, particularly with the Ladies. — It is just, they should peculiarly admire the Brave, when they only are capable of rewarding them.

LADY MOUNTWORTH still preserv'd a large Residue of Beauty. The accustom'd Sweetness of her Temper, and her good Sense, remain'd; but all her Charms seem'd transplanted, and to blow afresh in her Daughter, Lady Harriot. She was now about Twenty-four Years of Age; her Beauty was exquisite, and none could be insensible of it; but the Restitude of her Manners, the Integrity of her Soul, and the Affability of her Behaviour, could not fail of Numbers of Admirers. Perhaps she was

too

JACK CONNOR, now CONYERS. too delicate in the Choice of a Husband, and requir'd more Perfections in a Man, than a large Fortune and high Titles. She was fo whimfical and fingular in her Notions, that she thought a rational, tender, and faithful Companion, was infinitely more effential to a Scheme of Happiness, than a Multitude of Servants, and the most brilliant Retinue. My Lord and Lady often rallied this Temper; but as they knew her Understanding and Judgment, they always left her Free.

CAPT. Conyers admir'd her Virtues. charm'd at the easy Elegance of her Conversation. He gaz'd on her Beauties, and his Heart infenfibly ftole from him, and became her Property. --- Certain it is, Lady Harriot began to have Sentiments much in his Favour, and fome delicate Expressions, and the Conduct of the Eyes, foon discover'd what

pass'd in their Souls.

THO' Lady Harriot posses'd his Imagination, yet his private Affairs were attended to. Lord Mountworth was an excellent Adviser in Money Affairs, as well as other Matters. He therefore begg'd his Lordship's Affistance in the Management of Twenty Thousand Pounds, which brought on a Conversation that discover'd the Circumstances of the Captain.—His Money was foon dispos'd of in the Funds, and he prepar'd to set out for his Estate. Whilst this was doing, he remember'd his Promise to himself, and sent Five bundred Pounds of Mr. Pense's to the Correspondent Society in London, for promoting English Protestant Schools in Ireland, but his Name was not mention'd.

HE likewise remember'd his old Friend Mr. Sangfroid the Surgeon, and after much Enquiry, found him in very obscure Lodgings. The Captain was dress'd in his Regimentals, and Sangfroid received him with very great Respect. Sir, said be, I am forry for your Accident. A flight Touch

OUS. Fecti-

Lord is it emer of

with ptain hem, ings,

ur of to the

d he of fo t is

uhen Reof

but Na-

Was uty it;

of uld

Was 00

"T

· I

·R

· pe

e er

· fi

Pro

Pol

haj

bul

He

wh

G

fie

Pe

M

liv

C

·fy

in

In

to

fi

n

1

h

H

I prefume, but my Care and Diligence, will foon make Matters easy to you. I am extreamly oblig'd to the Gentleman that recommended me to you, but you may depend on being quite fafe in my Hands.'—He was going on in the usual Style; but the Captain with an hearty Laugh, cry'd out, Bless me, Mr. Sangfroid!—Have you really forgot me?'- Sangfroid look'd up, and staring at him for some Time, cry'd, - Forgot you !-Eh !-- Oons !--- I believe 'tis honest Conyers---Oh God !--- Come to my Arms my dear Friend, faid the Captain, and use me as such. --- They embrac'd, and the Surgeon was quite confounded at his Appearance, and teffify'd his Surprise.---We fhall, faid Conyers, have Time enough to talk of that, but at prefent let us think on your Affairs, for you do not feem so happy as I could wish. You have been my kind Benefactor, now try my Gratitude, and honeftly tell me your Wants, for I fear

" you have fome."

POOR Sangfroid began a most melancholy Story. He told the Variety of Misfortunes he had met with ;-he plac'd them all to the Account of his Folly and Extravagance, and concluded by his being in a poor, wretched Condition .-- His Story was extreamly moving, but it convinc'd the Captain of the Misery That Man draws on himself, chuses to be directed by Passions and Appetites, rather than Prudence and Oeconomy .--- However, he was determin'd to ferve him, and put Forty Guineas into his Hands .-- ' Now, faid be, this is only for the Present; when you find a Surgeoncy to be bought, command my Purse most freely .-- ' Heavens! faid Sangfroid, how ill they argue, that call this a bad World.'---You are in it !--- Ten fuch Men, attene for the Faults of Millions!--

My dear Friend, continued be, with Tears in his Eyes, I believe some Relations would advance Two

JACK CONNOR, now CONYERS. 345

Two Hundred Pounds, if I had the Remainder

Regiment of Guards. But it impossible to exa pect so much Goodness. Expect, said Converse every Thing from me. Go about it, my Friend, immediately, and in three Days I shall call and sinish the Affair. The Captain performed his Promise, and with the Affistance of Six Hundred Pounds, Mr. Sangfroid was made compleatly

happy.—— Hangfroid was made compleat

His next Enquiry was for Doctor St. Amour; but he had been lately made a Bishop in Ireland. He visited his good Widow Landlady in Surry, whom he made vaftly happy, by a Present of Fifty Guineas. He found out that his old Mafter Monfeur Champignon had been sometime dead; and that Miss Tenton having the Guardianship of her own Person, had wisely disposed of it to a Life-Guard Man Sir Peter Shallow was fill alive, and of the fame weak Importance, --- SIR JOHN Curious was at Reft, but his Lady was very bufy with a fecond Husband, whom she married in her Weeds .--- Poor Mrs. CANNON had fail'd in some of her Annuities, and was oblig'd to retire to Yorksbire for cheapness .--- The Bismor had long fince been translated, and his Works were retail'd by Pastry-Cooks, Grocers, and Tobacconists.— As to many others, whom he knew, he judg'd it not so proper to renew his Acquaintance, or even enquire after.

CAPT. Thernton had been so long absent from his Regiment, that he was oblig'd to take Leave of his Friend, and join his Post in Scotland, and his Father Sir Roger had been some Time in Berkshire on Business. This increased the Intimacy of Capt. Conyers with Lord Mountworth's Family, particularly with Lord Truegood.—He sound out, by Degrees, the Situation of Affairs, and that the young Lord's Bro-

P 5

ther

his ice wo

foon

amly

d me

afe in

tyle;

out.

for-

ng at

S---

end,

em-

d at

We

k of

airs,

You

ira-

fear

ry.

net

his

be-

was

of of

rho

ra-

he

ui-

nly

be

ea-

nat

en

ther Master William had taken a Fancy to the Sea-Service, and had distinguished himself on many late Occasions as a Gaptain of a Man of War, and was then at his Station.

WHATEVER good Opinion the Family conceiv'd of Capt. Convers, an Affair happen'd that did not leffen it. It feems Mr. Sangfroid had been at the Captain's Lodgings, and was inform'd of his being at Lord Mountworth's. He follow'd, and tho' the Captain was not there, yet the Servant conducted him into the Chamber where fat my Lord and Lady with Lady Harriot. My Lord, with his usual Politeness, order'd a Chair, and told him he expected the Captain every Moment. A little Chat arose, which, at last, fell on his Friend.——Sang. froid was filent as to former Times, but mention'd his having been in good Circumstances, and had render'd some Services to Mr. Convers. He then painted out the last Action of his Friend, and his real Worth and Honour in fuch lively Colours, that drew from my Lord and Lady the highest Encomiums on the Captain. Lady Harriot was filent, but Pleasure blush'd in her Face. ___ Sangfroid waited for some Time, but at last took his Leave.

of Gratitude and true Generosity.— These, said she, are the masterly Touches of a simish'd Piece, and no Character can be compleat without them.—

They argue every humane Sentiment, and are an Abstract of all Virtues. Your Servant, Lady Harriet, said my Lord, and bow'd,—I pro-

test you would make an excellent Painter. But tell me, my dearest Harriot, Which would you chuse to trace, the Person, or the Mind of the

Gaptain?—She blush'd, but answer'd—You know, my Lord, I always speak Truth, and can

ill disguise my Heart.—I hope I shall not be thought Criminal, when I assure your Lordship,

" I would

C

tl

L

fo

b

1

to

H

C

fa

m

ye

ri

'I would chuse both his Person and his Mind.'—
'And if I can, said my Lord, you shall have your
'Choice.'—He then most tenderly embrac'd her, and Lady Mountworth almost wept with Joy.

Sea-

v late

Was

con-

that

been

f his

and

con-

Sord

a bis

n he

Chat

ing-

on'd

had

hen

his

hat

CO-

nt,

oid

ve.

ms

be,

nd

re

ıt,

)-

u e

u

n

THE Captain was much press'd to return to the Country, particularly by Colonel Manly, who mention'd something of the Borough. It happen'd that the Colonel and Lord Mountworth were intimate Friends, so he was easily persuaded to let his Son Lord Truegood accompany the Captain, but not before he had acquainted him with the Sentiments of his Sifter, and his own Inclinations to fuch a Match. The poor Captain scarcely knew how to bid Adieu to his dear Lady Harriot; but as he had given some Hints to Lord Truegood, his Lordship eas'd him in fo delicate an Affair .- Lady Harriot, faid he, I must beg your Hand to help me to raise my ' Friend, for he is your's and you bis.'-She faluted the Captain, and each attempted to anfwer the other. These are broken Words, faid my Lord, but we shall piece them together on our Return. One Kifs more. Now adieu.

THEY went to my Lord and Lady, who, as soon as acquainted with this Affair, embrac'd Mr. Conyers, and look'd on him as a Son.— Your Lordship, said the Captain, is no Stranger to my Fortune, but this Paper contains an Abstract of it, and I most chearfully submit myself to your Lordship's Determination. — A few Compliments ensued, and Lord Truegood with Capt. Conyers, stepp'd into their Post Chaise, and soon arriv'd to the End of their Journey.

etter valle kor de

is a late of the contract of t

of he specific he six our action to the

CHAP. XXI.

gr

ra

an

W

la

B

ly

hi

.

.

D

ar fa

W

CU

of

fo

Our Grandsire Adam, ere of Eve posses'd,
Alone, and ev'n in Paradise unbless'd,
With mournful Looks the blissful Scenes survey'd,
And wander'd in the solitary Shade:
The Maker saw, took Pity, and bestow'd
Woman, the last, the best Reserve of God.
Popr's Jan. and May.

TEVER was Man received with more Affection, particularly by his Sifter, the Colonel, and Doctor Grace,—It was a Jubilee in the Village. The Remembrance of past, and the Enjoy. ment of present Happiness, occasion'd many Tears. ---- He paid every Duty to Mrs. Sampson, and she regarded him as her Brother and her Son. cited every Circumstance since they parted, and did not forget his Aunt Magragh at Cadiz, and proposed her living with her when she arrived in England Mrs. Sampson was extreamly pleas'd in his good Fortune; but, as the imagin'd the Colonel wish'd an Alliance with him, she hinted, that, perhaps, there was more in Store. - Indeed, faid she, To I think you ought to marry; nor do I know a Woman in the World I would fooner recommend to you than Mils Manly. - She is grown a delightful Creature, and is fo good, I am fure he would make an excellent Wife. You know the Colonel has Fifteen hundred Pounds a Year, and a great deal of ready Money. If you will fet about it, I'll engage it shall be done.'-My dear Sifter, reply'd Conyers, I know not how to thank you as I ought; but this Affair is impossible.—I am no Stranger to Miss Manly's Beauty and Merit; but we are not always Mathe History of his Heart, and spoke so tenderly on the Charms of Lady Harriot, that she entirely a-

greed with him.

ti-

el.

ge.

y.

rs.

he

e-

0.

n-

is iel

r-

e,

2

1-

n

W

r,

-

V

COLONEL MANLY was still hearty, and tolerably well. He was vastly pleas'd at the Figure and Behaviour of Lord Truegood. He spoke with great Pleasure of his Grandfather and the present Earl, and received him with the utmost Affection and Regard. They frequently dined with the Colonel, and Miss did the Honours of the Table in so polite and well bred a Manner, that charm'd all, but particularly Lord Truegood. He was struck with her Beauty, but the Elegance of her Conversation, firmly fix'd every tender Thought .- Conyers perceiv'd his Lordship's Anxiety, and guesting the Cause, hinted his Suspicion .- True, said my Lord, I own my Love, nor am I asham'd of it. An Object ' fo infinitely worthy, must engross my Heart. Dear Convers, let me require your Friendship. Assist " me with the Colonel and his dearest Daughter, as ' I affisted you with Harriot. I am certain of my 'Father's Consent, and I shall be the happiest of 'Men.'-The Captain who was rejoye'd at this Incident affur'd him of his Interest, and the next Day, not only obtain'd the Colonel's Content, but artfully found out from Miss, that my Lord was far from being disagreeable to her. - Lord Truegood was in Raptures, and the Friendship of Conyers curtail'd a long Courtship, which of all People, Men of Sense and Sincerity are the least capable of doing for themselves. 'The Way being now paved, the ' Affair went smoothly on, and only wanted Lord and Lady Mountworth's Approbation.

The Captain resign'd to the Colonel the Promise of his Interest for a Seat in Parliament, and begg'd him to transfer it where, soon, it would be naturally due. When his Family Assairs were settled,

they

they all agreed on a Journey to London, and as the Colonel and Mrs. Sampson were infirm, they were oblig'd to make easy Stages. His Lordship daily made fresh Discoveries of the Understanding and good Nature of Miss Manly, and she found her Pleasure and Satisfaction arise, the more she conversed with him.——In short, it is not in Nature to give more real Joy than what this good Company felt.

On their Arrival in London, Captain Conyers flew to Lady Harriot, and Lord Truegood to his Father. One discover'd his Soul more openly, and the other mention'd what Lord Mountworth and

my Lady were charm'd to hear.

MATTERS were in this Situation, when HONOUR attack'd the Captain with fuch Force, as almost to unhinge his flattering Hopes. This busy Companion feem'd to hint, That he ought in Justice to make himself known to my Lord before the Marriage; that it would heighten his Character, and prevent the Imputation of an Imposture. He own'd the Truth of this, but at the same Time, he look'd on his Perfon, Accomplishments and Fortune, as very far from Counterfeits: His discovering himself, gave him no Uneasiness, but he dreaded, that his Love might be injur'd by it, and, as he could by no Means think of putting it to the Hazard, he determin'd still to be Silent, - I write the Fact, and will neither approve or condemn this Conduct. Truth is, he lov'd, and those who have felt that Passion, perhaps will make Allowances for the Faults it occasions.

Why should I take up the Time of my kind Reader?—He will naturally suppose, that Visits were paid and return'd;—That a Settlement was agreed on;—That the Lawyers were Fee'd and all Necessaries done, to the finishing a Matter of such Consequence, but without my Help he will not

know

k

V

n

i

I

Y

h

n

0

ar

know that Lady Harriot's Fortune was but Ten Thousand Pounds.

as the

were

daily

and

d her

con-

ature

pany

yers

o his

and

and

UR

t to

nion

ake

hat

Im-

of

er-

far

ave

ve

no

r-

ill

he

at

he

d

ts

25

11

h

10

Two People, if not Four, imagin'd the Lawyers were very flow in their Motions, and the Clerks very dilatory in their Business. A few Guineas enliven'd their Pens, and the happy Day, at last came. The Bishop of ——— join'd all their Hands, and establish'd the Love and Affection of their Souls.

LORD MOUNTWORTH would not too foon diflurb the Pleasure of his Sons and Daughters, but, in fix Weeks, he began to think of returning to Ireland, from whence he had been absent three As he found Captain Convers and Lady Harriot greatly inclin'd to go, he advis'd him to keep his Money Matters in such a Readiness, that he might dispose of it the first convenient Opportunity.- Whatever, faid my Lord, some may imagine, let me advise you to Purchase in that Kingdom, but in one of those Counties the least improv'd. A Man of your Turn of Mind, will foon discover the many Advantages. You will build convenient Houses for the poor People, and ' set them a Spinning. You will almost compel them to Industry and Labour. They will thrive under you, and your Fortune Increase in Propor-' tion,'-His Lordship then gave him an Account of his own Management, (as was formerly related) and affur'd him the People were all content, tho' his annual Income was augmented almost One Thousand Pounds.—If, continued he, a Man takes a Pleasure in viewing the Trees he planted, in ' feeing them bloffom, and in tafting their Fruit, what Joy, what a rational Joy must be receive, who beholds a Colony of human Creatures, estab-' lish'd by his Care; flourishing by his Bounty, and Bleffing his Soul, who bleffed them? - Believe ' me, my dear Son, no earthly Happiness can equal this.'-The Captain was too sensible of these Truthis

Truths not to agree with my Lord. - His Spirit was already in Ireland, and his Imagination plann'd out

his future Conduct.

COLONEL MANLY grew impatient to return Home, there, as he faid, to rest for ever. Lady Truegood could not think of quitting her Father, and the young Lord could not part from his dearest Wife, so that the old Gentleman was perfectly happy, when they agreed to accompany him. - He took a most tender Leave of all his Friends, but, embracing Convers with Tears of the truest Affec. tion, call'd him his Friend, his Soldier, but could utter no more than, Heaven blefs and protect you, and retir'd with Eyes full of the tender Pafsion, to which Lady Mountworth and Lady Harriot most liberally subscrib'd.

THE Captain took a good House and Garden at Richmond for Mrs. Sampfon, who promis'd to be most careful of Mrs. Magragh when the arriv'd. He wrote to his Mother of all his Transactions, and gave her full Instructions. Every Thing being adjusted, this chearful and happy Family quitted

London, and fet out for Ireland.

CHAP XXII.

im an Account The Wife new Prudence from the Wife acquire, And one brave Hero fans another's Fire.

Pope's Homer.

THE Journey was made less tedious by their I fprightly and agreeable Conversation.—His Lordship often spoke of Ireland, but in such a Manner as to remove the Prejudices he supposed Mr. Conyers might have to it. - The Face of the Country, faid he, is certainly charming, and the Soil, the Rivers, and the Climate abundantly supply

JACK CONNOR, now CONYERS. every Necessary for Life. It was formerly so " Woody, that the Exhalations of the Earth were confin'd, and the Air wanted a Currency confequently, it was very fatal to Strangers. ' indeed, you will find the other Extream, and a shameful Neglect of Trees; but, as they have promis'd, fo do they mend every Day .- You will be furpris'd at their Herds of Cattle. ' City of Cork alone, flaughters for the West Indies . above Eighty Thousand every Year. No doubt ' it is a profitable Branch, but so much Pasturage, depopulates a Country, and makes the common People extreamly poor and miserable. The In-' habitants seem now to have a Relish and a Taste for Industry, and they feel the Sweets of it. many Things, no People act Wifer, and in others it is the reverse, particularly in Corn. When a Scarcity happens, they all run to the Plow. Next Year, Corn is a Drugg, the Dutch buy it at their own Price, and the poor Farmers are undone. The following Year the Plow is neglected, and Corn again rises to an exorbitant Price, and then the Dutch return them their own. 'I AM furpris'd, faid Conyers, that their Experience has not convinc'd them of the Necessity of Grannaries.'-- They much want them, reply'd my Lord, but it must be an Affair of Government, for private Persons would be ruin'd in their Fortunes or Characters by such a Scheme.'--By what I have heard, faid Conyers, it is a plen-' tiful Country, and very Cheap.'- True, an-' fwer'd Lady Harriot, and yet it is made much Dearer than in England. If Provisions be a 'Third Cheaper, and the Fashion of the Country

obliges the Use of double Quantities, must it not be more Expensive?—— Well, well, suid

Lady Mountworth, suppose it dearer, and that

wa9

tuo

urn

ady

ind

rest

ap-

He

ut,

ec-

out

ect

af-

r-

en

to d.

s,

ng

ed

ir

is

1,-

r.

1-

y

y

they are not so rich as in England, they live well, they are a generous hospitable People, and have Spirits and Chearfulness, not to be purchased by mere Wealth. If they have Faults shew me a Nation without them?'— My Mistress, faid my Lord, is quite an Irish Woman.'— I believe,

' faid she, my Dear means, I am quite unprejudiced; but granting I was otherwise, ought I not

to regard that Kingdom that maintains us? I wish every one did the same, and then their Poverty

and Folly would not be so conspicuous.

WE are told, faid the Captain, that the English Charter Schools are in a very flourishing Condition, and will in Time make it a Protestant Kingdom. Yes, reply'd my Lord, they are greatly and very justly encouraged, but it will take Time to compleat so laudable a Work. Tho' it is the King of all Charities, yet 1 think

my Plan would much shorten it.—Suppose the Legislator vested One Hundred Thousand Pounds

in the Hands of a few Trustees of known Inte-

grity and Judgment, to be apply'd in purchasing Lands in some particular Counties, and letting

those Lands in small Farms to poor Protestant

Swiss or Palatines, naturalized, and to Protestant Husbandmen of our own Kingdoms. These

Farms (hould be Rent Free for three Years; pay

a small Matter for three Years more, and raise it

in such a Proportion as should be judg'd Equitable, till by degrees the Lands paid the full Va-

' lue, but not of the Improv'd Rent. They should

have Fee Farm Leases, but not suffer'd to sell or

alienate the Lands in any Shape, for a certain

Number of Years, without the Consent of the

Truftees.—Such a Scheme, properly executed,

would certainly, in the first Instance, be Expensive to the Government, but it would, as certainly,

foon

foon fill the Country with Industrious and Faithful Subjects, and return to that Government a Tenfold Interest.

well.

nave

l by

ne a

Said

eve,

ju-

not

rish

rty

in-

n-

mt

re

ke

ık

e

ls

.

g

' As ENGLAND, Said the Captain, has purchased that Kingdom by much Blood and Treasure, perhaps they are too fevere in their Conduct towards it. All confess the Policy of France, and their constant Maxim is, to grant more Privileges ' to their conquer'd Provinces and Towns, than they allow the Interior of the Kingdom.'- 'On this, faid my Lord, I shall not argue, but, take Ireland ' in General, and you will find them tolerably hap-If all the proper Use be not made of so large py. a Kingdom, England will at last discover her Error, and rectify it. I must say for the Honour of Ireland, that no Nation ever made in fo short a Time such wonderful Improvements; and I must add, that England has been, in many Instances, extreamly Generous, and they begin already to

feel and perceive the Utility of it.

'As to FRANCE, continued my Lord, I am ' convinc'd that her great Strength lies not in the vast Superiority of her Dominions. We are told that Great Britain and Ireland are to France as 100 to 107. Her chief Power consists in the equal ' Distribution of Benefits to the Whole, and in her ' Schemes for making a formerly, divided People, ' now Think and Act as one Man .- Were we fo 'True to our own Interest; - Were we so Industrious to procure to each other a reciprocal Ad-' vantage; - Did we manage every Inch of Ter-' ritory for the Benefit of the Whole Community, and not Sacrifice the Bounties of Nature to the private Interest of a Few, GREAT BRITAIN, in Reality, would hold the Ballance of Europe.'-Lady Harriot, smil'd and said, 'I cannot but won-

W

fo

E

th

fe:

fr

fo

to

bu

m

b

C

J

P

H

tl

E

Ь

f

f

As

der at the vast Pains my Lord takes about Ireland, when, with all his Consideration, he cannot change the Nature of Things, but must leave them, almost where he found them: If he could persuade the Rulers of the State to think like him, then indeed I should have a Chance of seeing

Ireland planted like a Garden.'

that I apprehend it the indispensible Duty of every faithful Subject, to throw out such Information and Hints to the Government as he judges of general Use. Should he err in his Conjectures, perhaps they may give Birth to somewhat really Beneficial. In any Case, his good Intentions will at least deserve Praise.—I am not such a Wind-Mill Fighter as to pretend to amend the World, yet I hope your Ladyship will indulge an Attempt to amend my little Share of it, and shew others a good Example.—According to my Notions, this is almost as essential a Part of my Duty, as to Fear God and Honour the King, neither can it justly be said I do one or the other without it.

They pleas'd and instructed each other.—They spoke of Things with Freedom, but of Persons with Good-nature.—They had no Conception of the Joys of turning all into Ridicule;—of the Pleasure of Sarcasm, nor of the Delight of finding out Faults, and magnifying them.—No.—They had Souls above the vulgar Topic of Slander.—They lov'd

Mankind, and Mankind lov'd them.

A YATCHT attended for my Lord and Family, and they arrived fafe in Dublin the 16th of April 1750. They stay'd a short Time in that City, and then set out for BOUNTY-HALL. His Lordship's Tenants met him on the Road, and their unseign'd Joy is past Description.

As soon as Conyers perceived the venerable Seat wherein he had experienced so much Humanity and so many Blessings, his Heart swell'd with Gratitude. Every tender Sensation rush'd so violently on him, that he was scarce able to speak. Lady Harriot observ'd his Countenance chang'd, and was dreadfully frighten'd, as were my Lord and Lady. With some Difficulty he got into the House, and begg'd to lye down a few Minutes, and all would be well, but no Persuasion could remove Lady Harriot from his Bed Side. He indulg'd his Tears, and permitted them to flow in Silence, and unperceiv'd by Lady Harriot.—In two Hours he was quite recover'd, and join'd the Family to their inexpressible

Joy.

63

n-

VC.

ıld

n,

ng

d,

ry

on

e-

es,

lly

ill

lill

I

to

a

013

to

A-

-

ey

ith

the

are

lts.

a-

v'd

y,

ril

ind

p's

n'd

As

- Tho' he took Care not to enquire for particular Persons, yet he soon found, that the Good, the Honest Mr. Kindly, had been dead above two Years; that Mr. Cassock had been Minister of the Parish Eleven, and that his Wife was well, and had a fine Family of Children. These he fix'd in his The old Butler and Mrs. Mathews Thoughts. were dead. Madamoiselle Le Meagre was old, but liv'd happily with Mrs. Cassock on a Pension from my Lord. The Good-natur'd Groom was a favourite Coachman, and had a considerable Farm. and was well married: Convers determin'd in himfelf to do him Service.—He view'd the Land with the utmost Pleasure, but it was so chang'd, and the Inhabitants and little Houses so alter'd and so decent. that all feem'd Enchantment. With Difficulty could be perfuade himself, that Eighten Years could make fuch a wonderful Change. - Such is the Power of good Management, and such the Effect of Indultry!

CAPTAIN CONVERS was in such vast Delight, that he fear'd he should discover himself improperly, and determined to watch a convenient Opportunity

fe

ft.

n

W

T

h

Id

m

RC

Hobu

: }

. 6

· t

· k

(n

6 6

· V

" C

4 th

· li

ted,

tion

of opening his Heart to my Lord.—Thus they liv'd for two Months, when an Addition was made to the general Joy. In short, Lady Harriot could no longer hide a Pregnancy which she had taken great Pains to conceal.

My Lord heard of an Estate to be sold in the next County, and that the Proprietor was in Water-ford. He knew the Lands and the Owner, and so much wish'd to have his Son fix'd there, that he propos'd a Journey to Waterford as the shortest and surest Way of coming to an Agreement. No doubt the Ladies were in some Trouble, particularly Lady Harriot, but his Lordship rallied them out of such Whimsies, and in three Days set out on this Expedition.

CHAP. XXIII.

Not He, of Wealth immense possess,

Tasteless who piles his massy Gold,

Among the Number of the Blest,

Should have his glorious Name enroll'd;

He better claims the glorious Name, who knows

With Wisdom to enjoy what Heaven bestows.

FRANCIS'S HORACE.

On their Arrivalat Waterford, they were inform'd, that the Gentleman they wanted was then at Clonmell, and next Morning they pursu'd their Journey to that City. In the Evening, they travell'd leisurely on, and my Lord was diverting him with a merry Story of his Youth, when suddenly Mr. Conyers cry'd out, Great God! and fainted in the Post-Chaise.—His Lordship, in prodigious Trouble, stopp'd the Chaise, and all were employ'd in recovering the Captain. They took him out, and no House being at Hand, carry'd him to the Hut of a Beggar. When his Senses were recall'd,

JACK CONNOR, new CONYERS. 359 call'd, what was his Astonishment at finding himfelf actually placed in his first Habitation!—He utter'd some Words that greatly affected his Lordship, who imagin'd a Lightness in the Brain, and made him most ardently desire to be in a Place where proper Assistance could be had.—In a little Time his Spirits so much reviv'd, that my Lord hurry'd him into the Chaise, and the Beggar had Reason to be thankful for the Accident.

THE CAPTAIN was lost in Thought. The Idea of former Times was so strong, and every childish Circumstance recurr'd so clearly to his Memory, that it might have been fatal to him, had not his Eyes given Vent to the Throbbings of his Heart.— This lasted a considerable Time; but he was quite himself when he arriv'd at Clon-

mell.

v'd

to

no

eat

the

er-

lo

he

ind

ubt

a-

of his

E.

d,

ien

eir

ra-

im

nly

ed

us

m· im

to reMy dear Conyers, said my Lord, you give me vast Pain; I perceive your Disorder is not occasion'd by Sickness, but by somewhat that oppresses your Mind.—Relieve it, I beseech you, and conside in me, not merely as a Father, but as a Friend.—If my Power of Fortune can give you Ease, count it already done. Let me intreat you not to stifle your Cares, if you have any, which must torture your Imagination, and keep me on the Rack.'

'HEAVEN is my Witness, faid Mr. Conyers, I mean not to give your Lordship the least Uneafiness. But, my Lord, I have such a Tale of Wonder to unfold, that overcomes my Reason.

Can you believe, can your Lordship imagine, that the Hovel I was just now in, was my Dwel-

' ling for Years?'—My Lord thought him distracted, and advis'd him to forbear any further Relation, and go to Rest.

I SEE, Said Mr. Conyers, your Lordship thinks

360 The HISTORY of

my Mind is diffurb'd.—'Tis true; but my Reafon is clear.—Oh, my Lord! I am not capable

of injurious Deceits, but that I have deceived you, is certain. My dear Son, reply'd the good

Lord, I know your Honour, and your Virtue, but

I know not of a Deceit.' Yes, my Lord,

answer'd Conyers, you are my Father; your Bounty rais'd me; —your Humanity support.

ed my Infant Weakness; your Virtues form'd my Soul; the Will of the Almighty

has conducted my Steps, and now throws at

your Feet, the Poor, -the Helpless, -the Aban-

D

la

ftr

Ro

6

.

.

.

6,0

don'd JACK CONNOR.

LORD MOUNTWORTH was all Amazement ... He forgot Mr. Convers was on his Knees, but gazing, with Eyes of Aftonishment, at last he rais'd him, and look'd again. When he had fully brought to his Memory the long unthought-of Features of Jack Connor, he flew with Transport to his Arms. - Gracious Heaven! cry'd he, how unfearchable are thy Ways. Oh, my dear . Jack, you have amply, amply rewarded the Kindness I have shewn you. - You are now mine by every Tie.' If your Lordship, faid · Convers, can pardon the only Fallacy I was ever guilty of, you will, a second Time, give me Life and Being.' -- ' My dear fack, reply'd my Lord, you every Moment give me new Pleasure ;--- I think you are now my! Son more than ever:--But, my Child, tell my impatient Ear how this Wonder has happen'd ;-- tell me how it is posfible, when Mr. Johnston was so certain of your being drown'd, that I now find, now hold you in 'my Arms!- 'I shall, answer'd Mr. Conyers, most faithfully inform your Lordship of every Part of my Life, but permit me to ask, What is become of Mr. Johnston's Niece ?' -- ' To the best of my Memory, faidmy Lord, she married

Mr. Lilly the Usher, about the Time you lest the School. Your old Master died Six Years ago. and Mr. Lilly continues the former Plan of Tuition, with great Credit."

ea-

ble

ved

ood

but

ord,

our

ort-

ues

hty

at

an-

...

azs'd

illy ca-

his

WO

ear the

ow aid

ver ife

ord, - I

...

his

101-

our ı in

rs,

ery t is

the

ied Mr.

' Now I am fatisfy'd, faid Conyers; and now give me Leave to recount every Circumstance of my Story, and your Lordship will observe the visible Hand of Providence conducting and leading me to the Fruition of the most perfect Happiness this World can afford .- It has conducted me to the Arms of the dearest and best of Wives, and to the Sight of the noblest and best of Men .--Heaven, I beseech thee, make me most truly thankful.'

HE then began the Narrative of his Life, which, if the Reader has forgot, he has my Permission to read again, for I have not Time to Recapitulate.

EVERY Incident and Change of his Life, gave his Lordship fresh Matter for Wonder; but what struck him the most, was his being the Son of Sir Roger Thornton, who had married his Sister .---

I shall ever, said he, admire your Prudence, in keeping your Affairs so fecret, and I shall always Honour your laudable Ambition and Gratitude .--

When our dear Harriot has bless'd you with a Child, both she and my dear Wife shall partake of the Joy your Story has given me. As for

Sir Roger, he must know nothing of it, for he has a certain Pride in his Nature, that would foon

divulge it to the World, and, perhaps, not in its genuine Colours. For my own Part, my dearest

fack, I am so far from being asham'd of your Alliance, that I glory in it; yet, my Son, I would

not chuse to be the constant Theme of the lenorant .-- Did Mankind love Truth and Honour

more than Falshood and Detraction, the Occur-

362 The HISTORY of, &c.

rences of your Life would strengthen their Re-

folves, and convince ALL, That to be

REALLY HAPPY, they must be TRULY VIR-

" TUOUS."

Gentle Reader.

RIGHT forry is the Compiler of this Work, that his Materials can carry him no further, and he is not permitted to fearch into Futurity. Should our good JACK CONNOR, of CAPTAIN CONYERS, live Thirty or Forty Years longer, perhaps he will furnish Matter for a much abler Historian. The Work thou hast now read, has been little altered from the Original Papers, but some Observations, or rather flight Hints, have been added, and are the Result of not a little Experience of Sixty Years.—If thou findest Errors, reprove with Freedom, but judge of the Intention.——If thou applaudest any one Part of the Moral, thou wilt make the Compiler happy, as he will imagine thou wilt follow the Precept.—— To the well-minded, to the honest Man, he says from Shakespear's Go-RIOLANUS.

I have done, as you have done; That's, what I can:

Induc'd, as you have been; That's, for my Country;

He, that has but effected his Good-will, Hath overta'en mine Act.

PAREWELL,

